

WINDOWS STRUCTURE: BENJAMIN MOORE 2121-30 (PEWTER) / LRV 33



WINDOWS-WESTERN ALUMINUM SATIN ANODIZED



ROUND POSTS BENJAMIN MOORE: 2121-40 / LRV 57.53



CONCRETE WALL: NATUAL FINISH (GREY)



ENTRY DOOR: WESTERN ALUMINUM SATIN ANODIZED



CONCRETE WALL FINISH: BASALT LINER STAINED





GREY

STEP LIGHT: WAC LIGHTING STEP LIGHT 12V / AM AMBER CAST STAILESS STEEL

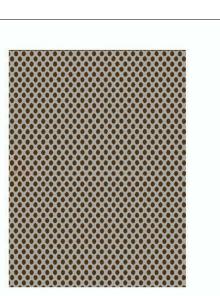


FASCIA:

BRIDGE & ELEVATOR:

BENJAMIN MOORE:

RAILINGS-2X2 POSTS WITH 1/4" RODS AND SQUARE HANDRAIL SS FINISH



ACCENT WALL: PERFORATED METAL (GALVALUME) WITH BACK WALL IN COLOR: BENJAMIN MOORE 2114-20 / LRV: 5.41





Slate Gray 740



2 EXTERIOR WALL NOT TO SCALE EXTERIOR WALL SCONCES SPECS.



decks, balcony areas, walkways and building perimeters. Features an architectural design. Energy efficient for long-lasting outdoor lighting solutions. Creates an attractive, romantic impression at night.

| Input: 9-15VAC (Transformer is required)
| Power: 2W / 3.1VA |
| CRI: 90 |
| Mounting: Fits into 2" × 4" J-Box with minimum inside dimensions of 3"L × 2"W × 2"H Includes bracket for J-Box mount. Rated Life: 60,000 hours

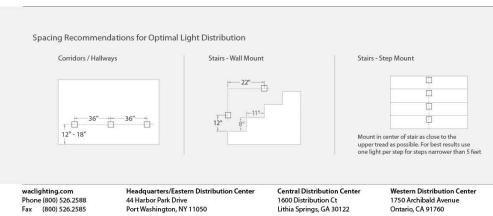
 Solid diecast brass, corrosion resistant aluminum alloy, or cast stainless steel IP66 rated, Protected against high-pressure water jets Conveniently adapts into existing 12V system Maintains constant lumen output against voltage drop



RECTANGLE STEP LIGHTS 12V LANDSCAPE LIGHTING

TED MAGNETIC LOW VOLTAGE(MLV) DIMMERS								
Luminaire	Dimmer							
	Manufacturer	Family	Model	Power Rating	Range*	Note		
		Diva	DVLV-600	600W	23% - 100%			
4011	Lutron	Skylark	SLV-600P	600W	17% - 100%	Best performance		
		Skylark	S-10P	1000W		Not recommended		

 $\hbox{*Low end of this range is determined by output current which may not directly translate to the perceived light output}$ been tested with our products. The recommended list below is based upon testing conducted in a lab, and the results can vary in certain field applications due to a number of factors. Exclusion from the list does not imply incompatibility, just that it has not been tested by WAC Lighting. Please reference the dimmer manufacturer's instructions for installation, or contact a WAC lighting professional at 800-526-2588.



Central Distribution Center 1600 Distribution Ct Lithia Springs, GA 30122

3 EXTERIOR STEP LIGHT SPECS. NOT TO SCALE

3D VIEWS / **MATERIAL** BOARD / LIGHTING SPECS.

PATRICK J. FLANDERS FLANDERS BAY COMPANY

BEKOM DESGIN, INC. E-MAIL: INFO@BEKOMDESIGN.COM PH: 408.203.4686 / 408.726.0017

Description

12.22.2020

Checker '

PLANNING SUBMITTAL

ISSUANCES

Checked By:

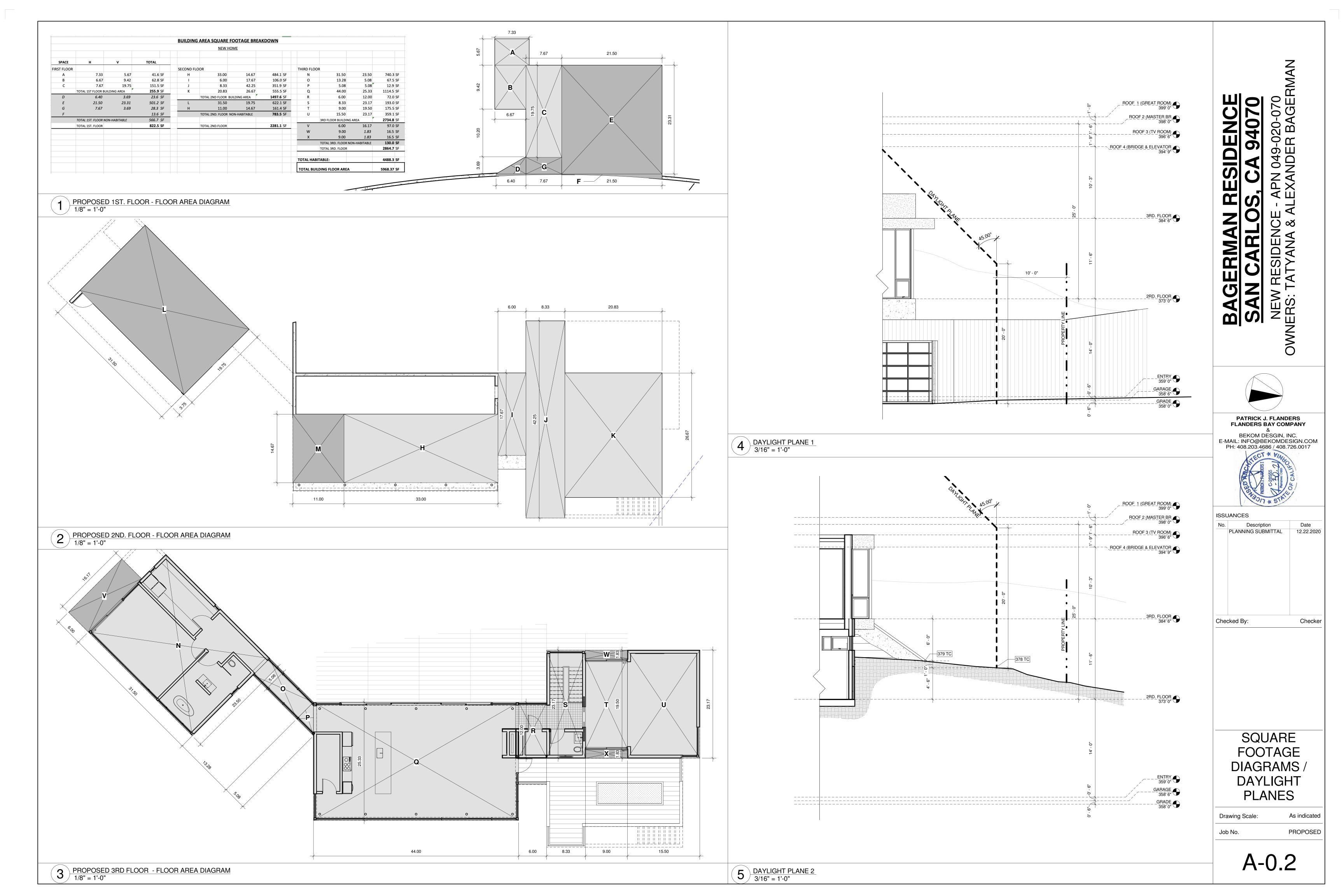
As indicated Drawing Scale: PROPOSED Job No.

A-0.1

BAGERMAN RESIDENCE - EXTERIOR MATERIAL BOARD

GARAGE DOOR: MARTIN ATHENA

FINISH: ALUMINUM ANODIZED / FROSTED GLASS



Location of proposed new house, protected trees and their Tree Protection Zones

The part of the crown composed of leaves and small twigs. (2)

A classification of plants showing similar characteristics.

A Classification that identifies a particular plant.

(1) Matheny, N.P., and Clark, J.P. Evaluation of Hazard Trees in Urban Areas.

(2) Harris, R.W., Matheny, N.P. and Clark, J.R.. Arboriculture: Integrated

(4) Extracted from a copy of Tree Protection guidelines. Anon

(6) D Dockter, Tree Technical Manual. City of Palo Alto, June, 2001

Management of Landscape Trees, Shrubs and Vines. Prentice Hall, 1999.

(3) Carlson, Russell E. Paulownia on The Green: An Assessment of Tree Health

(5) T. D. Sydnor, Arboricultural Glossary. School of Natural Resources, 2000

Root plate The point at which the trunk flares out at the base of the tree to become the root

An open wound, characterized by the presence of extensive decay and

Process of degradation of woody tissues by fungi and bacteria through the

The width of the crown as measured by the lateral extent of the foliage. (1)

Height at which the girth of the tree is measured. Typically 4 1/2 feet above

Chesham Ave., San Carlos

December 17, 2020

PATRICK J. FLANDERS FLANDERS BAY COMPANY

BEKOM DESGIN, INC. E-MAIL: INFO@BEKOMDESIGN.COM PH: 408.203.4686 / 408.726.0017

ISSUANCES Description PLANNING SUBMITTAL 12.22.2020

Checked By:

Checker

ARBORIST REPORT

1/32" = 1'-0"

PROPOSED

Drawing Scale: Job No.

3 | Page

Tree Survey

Tree# Species

Coast live oak

Buckeye

Buckeye

Summary:

Quercus agrifolia

Quercus agrifolia

Quercus agrifolia

Quercus agrifolia

Quercus agrifolia

Aesculus californica

Aesculus californica

Coast live oak

Quercus agrifolia

health that cannot be rectified.

construction.

4 | Page

condition due to many years of neglect.

Advanced Tree Care

965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

239 Manor Dr San Carlos, CA 94070

Alex and Tatyana Bagerman

Site: Chesham Ave., San Carlos

Dear Alex and Tatyana,

At your request I visited the above site for the purpose of inspecting and commenting on the regulated trees around the property. A new home is planned, prompting the need for this tree protection report.

Method:

San Mateo County regulates Significant Trees whereby a "SIGNIFICANT TREE" shall mean any live woody plant rising above the ground with a single stem or trunk of a circumference of 38" (Diameter 12.1") or more measured at 4 1/2' vertically above the ground or immediately below the lowest branch, whichever is lower, and having the inherent capacity of naturally producing one main axis continuing to grow more vigorously than the lateral axes.

The location of the Significant trees on this site can be found on the plan provided by you. Each tree is given an identification number. The trees are measured at 54 inches above ground level (DBH or Diameter at Breast Height). A condition rating of 1 to 100 is assigned to each tree representing form and vitality on the following scale:

> Very Poor 1 to 29 30 to 49 Poor 50 to 69 Fair Good 70 to 89 90 to 100 Excellent

The height and spread of each tree is estimated. A Comments section is provided for any significant observations affecting the condition rating of the tree.

A Summary and Tree Protection Plan are at the end of the survey providing recommendations for maintaining the health and condition of the trees during and after construction.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to call

Sincerely

Robert Weatherill

Certified Arborist WE 1936A

1 | Page

Advanced Tree Care Chesham Ave., San Carlos 965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos December 17, 2020

Tree#	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
1	Coast live oak	13.9/11.0/16.0"	30/20	60	Fair health and condition, codominar
	Quercus agrifolia	13.3/11.0/10.0	30/20		at grade, Significant
2	Buckeye Aesculus califonica	6.5"	20/10	50	Fair health and condition Not Significant
3	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	11.2"	10/15	20	Poor health and condition, almost de suppressed and leaning, Not Signific
4	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	10.5"	20/15	30	Poor health and condition, suppresse leaning, Not Significant
5	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	14.2"	30/20	55	Fair health and condition, thin canop decay at base, Significant
6	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.4"	40/30	55	Fair health and condition, suppressed by adjacent, Significant
7	California bay Umbellularia californica	7.2"	30/10	60	Good health and condition, Not Significant
3	Buckeye Aesculus californica	8.3"	15/20	40	Poor health and condition, leaning Not Significant
)	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	26.1"	40/40	60	Fair health and condition, codominat at 4', Significant
10	Buckeye Aesculus californica	6.4"	20/10	50	Fair health and condition Not Significant
11	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	21.0"	20/30	60	Fair health and condition, leaning Significant
12	Buckeye Aesculus californica	5.1/5.0"	15/10	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, Not Significant
13	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.4"	40/25	60	Fair health and condition, slight lean Significant
14	California bay Umbellularia californica	9.5/16.0"	35/20	50	Fair health and condition, codominar at 3', Significant
.5	California bay Umbellularia californica	10.0/6.7"	40/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, codominant at grade Significant
16	California bay Umbellularia californica	9.3"	40/10	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Not Significant
.7	California bay Umbellularia californica	12.6"	40/20	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Significant
8	Buckeye Aesculus californica	6.3"	15/10	40	Poor health and condition Not Significant

Chesham Ave., San Carlos December 17, 2020

Tree#	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
19	Buckeye Aesculus californica	7.8"	15/15	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Not Significant
20	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	24.2"	40/40	40	Poor health and condition, phytophthora on trunk, Significant
21	California bay 15. Umbellularia californica	0/17.1/14.3/15.1/6.0"	60/30	70	Good health and condition Significant
22	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	12.9"	20/20	0	Dead Significant
23	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	24"est	25/20	0	Dead Significant
24	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	12.5/18.5"	25/20	50	Fair health and condition, thin canopy, Significant
25	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	15.4/14.0/11.6"	25/20	50	Fair health and condition, codomin at grade, Significant
26	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	13.0"	20/10	45	Poor health and condition, cavity at 3', Significant
27	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	18.7"	20/25	50	Fair health and condition, decay at leaning, Significant
28	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	17.9"	25/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, Significant
29	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.5/7.0"	20/20	50	Fair health and condition, decay at codominant at grade, Significant
30	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	10.5"	15/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay throughout, Not Significant
31	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	13.9"	15/20	40	Poor health and condition Significant
32	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	17.3/18.5"	35/20	55	Fair health and condition, codominated 2', Significant
33	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	15.7/18.3/18.5"	35/30	55	Fair health and condition, codomin at 3', Significant
34	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	10.2"	12/8	55	Fair health and condition, suppresse by #9, Not Significant
35	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.2"	20/15	60	Fair health and condition Significant
36	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	19.6/9.5/19.1"	30/35	60	Fair health and condition, codominate grade, Significant

Tree Protection Plan

1. The Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) should be defined with protective fencing. This should be cyclone or chain link fencing on $1^{1/2}$ " or 2" posts driven at least 2 feet in to the ground standing at least 6 feet tall. Normally a TPZ is defined by the dripline of the tree. I recommend the TPZ's as follows:-

Tree #s 1, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 14, 41, 42 and 44 are along the east side of the driveway up to the proposed house. The TPZ fencing should follow the edge of the driveway and extend out to 10 feet from the trunk of the tree where possible.

Tree #s 35, 36, 38, 39 and 40 are along the west side of the driveway up to the proposed house. The TPZ fencing should follow the edge of the driveway and extend out to 10 feet from the trunk of the tree where possible.

Tree # 17: TPZ should be at 8 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6).

Tree # 21: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6)

Tree # 32: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6)

Tree # 33: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6).





under the canopy dripline or TPZ of the tree(s) to be saved throughout the life of the project, or until final improvement work within the area is required, typically near the end of the project (see Images 2.15-1 and 2.15-2). Parking Areas: If the fencing must be located on paving or sidewalk that will not be demolished, the posts may be supported by an appropriate grade level concrete base.

The fences shall enclose the entire area

• Type I Tree Protection

2. Any pruning and maintenance of the tree shall be carried out before construction begins. This should allow for any clearance requirements for both the new structure and any construction machinery particularly along the driveway. This will eliminate the possibility of damage during construction. The pruning should be carried out by an arborist, not by construction

3. Any excavation in ground where there is a potential to damage roots of 1" or more in diameter

4. If roots are broken, every effort should be made to remove the damaged area and cut it back to its closest lateral root. A clean cut should be made with a saw or pruners. This will prevent any infection from damaged roots spreading throughout the root system and into the tree. (2)

- b. Store materials, stockpile soil, park or drive vehicles within the TPZ of the tree.
- c. Cut, break, skin or bruise roots, branches or trunk without first obtaining permission from the
- d. Allow fires under any adjacent trees.
- e. Discharge exhaust into foliage.
- g. Apply soil sterilants under pavement near existing trees.
- 6. Where roots are exposed, they should be kept covered with the native soil or four layers of
- 7. Route pipes into alternate locations to avoid conflict with roots. (4)
- 8. Where it is not possible to reroute pipes or trenches, the contractor is to bore beneath the dripline of the tree. The boring shall take place no less than 3 feet below the surface of the soil in order to avoid encountering "feeder" roots. (4)
- 9. Compaction of the soil within the dripline shall be kept to a minimum. (2) If access is required to go through the TPZ of a protected tree, the area within the TPZ should be protected from compaction either with steel plates or with 4" of wood chip overlaid with plywood.
- 10. Any damage due to construction activities shall be reported to the project arborist or city arborist within 6 hours so that remedial action can be taken.
- 11. Ensure upon completion of the project that the original ground level is restored

6 | Page

Advanced Tree Care 965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Chesham Ave., San Carlos December 17, 2020

7 | Page

Glossary

Cavities

References

8 | Page

Advanced Tree Care

resulting in a hollow. (1)

ground level

International Society of Arboriculture, 1994.

and Structural Condition. Tree Tech Consulting, 1998.

decomposition of cellulose and lignin⁽¹⁾

965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

personnel. No limbs greater than 4" in diameter shall be removed.

should be carefully hand dug. Where possible, roots should be dug around rather than cut. (2)

5. **Do Not**:. (4)

5 | Page

Chesham Ave., San Carlos

Comments

Not Significant

Significant

Significant

Significant

Not Significant

at 8 feet **Significant**

Ht/Sp Con Rating

30/15

16.3"@2'

12.1/11.5/11.1/6.0/8.1" 25/25

14.1/8.6" 25/20

18.1" 25/20

7.8/7.8" 20/10

4.1/2.0" 15/10

The property is a previously undeveloped lot. Many of the trees are in only fair health and

There are 30 Significant trees on the property. Tree #s 1, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23,

Tree #s 15, 20, 22, 23, 26, 28 and 31 are all in poor health and condition and should be removed.

Tree #s 24, 25, 27 and 29 will be removed as they stand within the foot print of the proposed new buildings. All these trees are only in fair condition (50%) and have issues with decay or and

Tree #s 1, 11, 13, 17, 21, 32, 33, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 and 44 should be protected during

The trees on the site are a variety of natives in varying health and condition.

24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40 41, 42 and 44.

Tree # 14 is in an area that will be graded and will have to be removed.

The Not Significant trees on this property can be removed if desired.

Tree #s 5, 6 and 9 are in the proposed driveway and will have to be removed

21.8"/11.8" 35/20

December 17, 2020

Poor health and condition

Fair health and condition

at grade, **Significant**

at grade, Significant

Fair health and condition,

Fair health and condition,

Fair health and condition, codominant

Fair health and condition, codominant

Fair health and condition, broken branch

Good health and condition, included bark

- a. Allow run off or spillage of damaging materials into the area below any tree canopy.
- city arborist.
- f. Secure cable, chain or rope to trees or shrubs.
- wetted, untreated burlap. Roots will dry out and die if left exposed to the air for too long. (4)

ARBORIST REPORT 1/32" = 1'-0"

2 | Page

Certification of Performance⁽³⁾

I, Robert Weatherill certify:

- * That I have personally inspected the tree(s) and/or the property referred to in this report, and have stated my findings accurately. The extent of the evaluation and appraisal is stated in the attached report and the Terms and Conditions;
- * That I have no current or prospective interest in the vegetation or the property that is the subject of this report, and I have no personal interest or bias with respect to the parties involved;
- * That the analysis, opinions and conclusions stated herein are my own, and are based on current scientific procedures and facts;
- * That my compensation is not contingent upon the reporting of a predetermined conclusion that favors the cause of the client or any other party, nor upon the results of the assessment, the attainment of stipulated results, or the occurrence of any subsequent
- * That my analysis, opinions, and conclusions were developed and this report has been prepared according to commonly accepted Arboricultural practices;
- * That no one provided significant professional assistance to the consultant, except as indicated within the report.

I further certify that I am a member of the International Society of Arboriculture and a Certified Arborist. I have been involved in the practice of arboriculture and the care and study of trees for over 20 years.

Signed

Robert Weatherill Certified Arborist WE 1936a Date: 12/17/20

9 | Page

Advanced Tree Care 965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Chesham Ave., San Carlos December 17, 2020

Terms and Conditions(3)

The following terms and conditions apply to all oral and written reports and correspondence pertaining to

consultations, inspections and activities of Advanced Tree Care: 1. All property lines and ownership of property, trees, and landscape plants and fixtures are assumed to be accurate and reliable as presented and described to the consultant, either verbally or in writing. The consultant assumes no responsibility for verification of ownership or locations of property lines, or for

results of any actions or recommendations based on inaccurate information. 2. It is assumed that any property referred to in any report or in conjunction with any services performed by Advanced Tree Care, is not in violation of any applicable codes, ordinances, statutes, or other governmental regulations, and that any titles and ownership to any property are assumed to be good and

marketable. Any existing liens and encumbrances have been disregarded. All reports and other correspondence are confidential, and are the property of Advanced Tree Care and it's named clients and their assignees or agents. Possession of this report or a copy thereof does not imply any right of publication or use for any purpose, without the express permission of the consultant and the client to whom the report was issued. Loss, removal or alteration of any part of a report invalidates the entire appraisal/evaluation.

4. The scope of any report or other correspondence is limited to the trees and conditions specifically mentioned in those reports and correspondence. Advanced Tree Care and the consultant assume no liability for the failure of trees or parts of trees, either inspected or otherwise. The consultant assumes no responsibility to report on the condition of any tree or landscape feature not specifically requested by the named client.

5. All inspections are limited to visual examination of accessible parts, without dissection, excavation, probing, boring or other invasive procedures, unless otherwise noted in the report. No warrantee or guarantee is made, expressed or implied, that problems or deficiencies of the plants or the property will not occur in the future, from any cause. The consultant shall not be responsible for damages caused by any tree defects, and assumes no responsibility for the correction of defects or tree related problems.

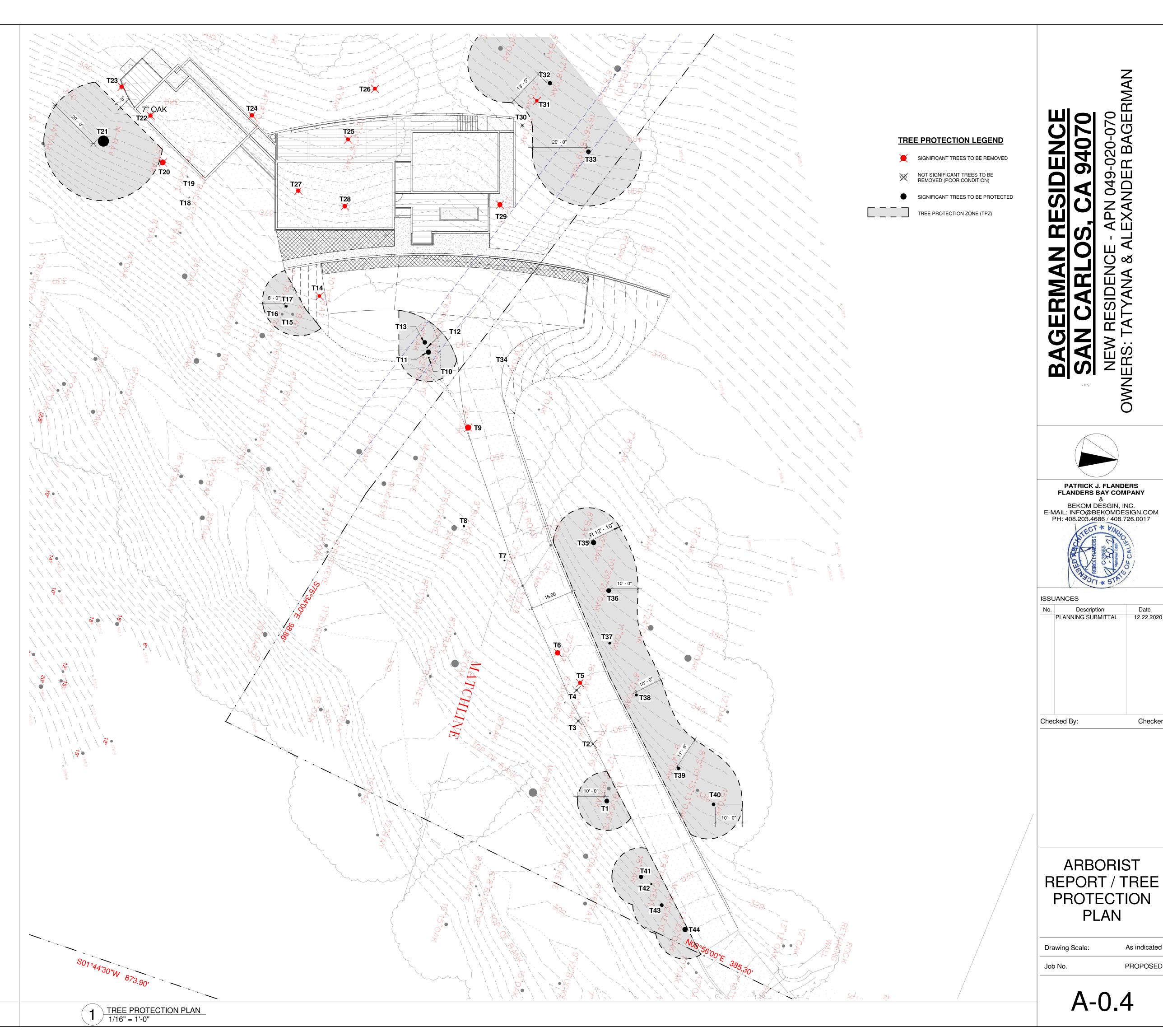
6. The consultant shall not be required to provide further documentation, give testimony, be deposed, or attend court by reason of this appraisal/report unless subsequent contractual arrangements are made, including payment of additional fees for such services as described by the consultant or in the fee schedules

Advanced Tree Care has no warrantee, either expressed or implied, as to the suitability of the information contained in the reports for any purpose. It remains the responsibility of the client to determine applicability to his/her particular case.

8. Any report and the values, observations, and recommendations expressed therein represent the professional opinion of the consultants, and the fee for services is in no manner contingent upon the reporting of a specified value nor upon any particular finding to be reported.

9. Any photographs, diagrams, graphs, sketches, or other graphic material included in any report, being intended solely as visual aids, are not necessarily to scale and should not be construed as engineering reports or surveys, unless otherwise noted in the report. Any reproductions of graphs material or the work product of any other persons is intended solely for the purpose of clarification and ease of reference. Inclusion of said information does not constitute a representation by Advanced Tree Care or the consultant as to the sufficiency or accuracy of that information.

10 | Page



12.22.2020

Checker

PLAN

As indicated

PROPOSED

ALL WORK DESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL COMPLY WITH THE LATEST BUILDING CONSTRUCTION CODES AS ADOPTED OR AMENDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA AND THE TOWN OF WOODSIDE - 2019 CRC, CBC, CMC, CPC, CEC AND 2019 ENERGY REGULATIONS

EXISTING CONDITIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR FOR COMPATIBILITY WITH THE NEW CONSTRUCTION SHOWN HEREIN ALL NOTES AND DIMENSIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE

DRAWINGS ARE NOT TO BE SCALED FOR DIMENSIONS. WRITTEN DIMENSIONS SHALL BE PREFERRED

GENERAL CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

IN CASE OF DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE DRAWINGS AND THE FIELD CONDITIONS, THE DESIGNER SHALL BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR / OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR AL WORK REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM WITH THE CURRENT UNIFORM BUILDING CODE

EXISTING GRADE ELEVATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED PROVIDE A 2% MIN SLOPE AWAY FROM BUILDING AT ALL LANDINGS ALL NEW SEWER LINES TO HAVE ATMOSPHERIC AND LISTED ACCESSIBLE BACKFLOW PREVENTION WATER VALVES INSTALLED, AND SHALL HAVE AN ATMOSPHERIC RELIEF VALVE INSTALLED UPSTREAM OF THE BACKFLOW VALVE AND A CLEANOUT DOWNSTREM OF THE BACKFLOW VALVE OUTSIDE THE BUILDING IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE **FOUNDATION**

STATE ARCHITECT CERTIFIED EARTHQUAKE - ACTUATED GAS SHUT OFF 5 VALVES AT ALL NEW GAS UTILITY METERS

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE TO FINISHED FACE OF WALLS, FLOORS AND **CEILINGS: UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED** BEDROOMS THAT DO NOT HAVE EGRESS DOORS, SHALL HAVE ONE

WINDOW THAT MEETS EGRESS REQUIREMENTS MIN. 20" CLEAR WIDTH. MIN. 24" CLEAR HEIGHT WHEN OPEN: MIN. 5.7 SQ. FT. OF CLEAR OPEN AREA / 5 SQ. FT. FOR GRADE LEVEL ROOMS

MAX. HEIGHT OF 44" FROM FINISHED FLOOR TO BOTTOM OF **CLEAR OPENING** GLAZING INSTALLED SHALL BE TEMPERED WHEN INSTALLED IN THE

FOLLOWING LOCATIONS ADJACENT TO AND WITHIN 24" OF A DOOR

SHOWER/TUB ENCLOSURES WHERE THE BOTTOM EXPOSED EDGE OF THE GLAZING IS < 60" ABOVE THE FINISHED FLOOR GLAZING IN A WALL ENCLOSING A STAIRWAY LANDING OR

WITHIN 5' OF THE BOTTOM AND TOP OF THE STAIRWAY, WHERE THE BOTTOM EDGE OF THE GLAZING IS <60" ABOVE THE FLOOR FINISHED FLOOR ANY GLAZING MEETING ALL THE FOLLOWING EXPOSED AREA OF AN INDIVIDUAL PANE IS > 9 SQ. FT.

EXPOSED BOTTOM EDGE IS < 18" ABOVE FINISHED EXPOSED TOP EDGE IS >36" ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR

WITH IN A 36" HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF A WALKING SURFACE NEW 110V SMOKE DETECTORS WITH BATTERY BACKUP, WHICH ARE

AUDIBLE IN ALL SLEEPING AREAS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN THE FOLLOWING LOCATION- BEDROOMS, HALLWAYS LEADING TO BEDROOMS, ABOVE TOPS OF STAIRS, ANY AREA WHERE CEILING HEIGHT IS OVER 24" ABOVE A HALLWAY CEILING LEADING TO BEDROOMS AND MIN. ONE ON EVERY LEVEL

CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER CODE REQUIREMENTS

NEW TOILETS SHALL BE 1.28 GALLON PER FLUSH NEW TOILETS SHALL KEEP THE FOLLOWING CLEARANCE: MIN 15" CLEAR FROM CENTER OF TOILET TO ADJACENT WALL OR ANY OTHER BUILT OBSTACLE. 24" CLEARANCE SHALL BE KEPT IN FRONT OF THE

PROVIDE MIN. 22"X30" ATTIC ACCESS, SEE PLAN FOR LOCATION. ATTIC ACCESS TO HAVE A PULL DOWN CEILING PANEL WITH FOLDING LADDER UNIT SHALL BE SELF CONTAINED WITH ITS OWN FRAME AND REQUIRE NO HEADROOM OR ATTIC CLEARANCE. WHERE OCCURS

PROVIDE 18"X24" CRAWL SPACE ACCESS. CRC SEC. R408.4 , WHERE PROVIDE AND INSTALL 1/2" GYPSUM BOARD AT COMMON WALLS AND 5/8" TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BOARD AT CEILING SEPARATING THE GARAGE

AND THE LIVING SPACE. AT WALLS THE INSTALLATION SHALL BE FROM THE FOUNDATION TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE ROOF. SEAL JOINTS WITH FIRE TAPE. 2016 CRC SEC. R302.6 DOOR SEPARATING THE GARAGE AND THE LIVING SPACE SHALL HAVE A 20 MINUTE FIRE PROTECTION RATING BE SELF CLOSING AND

LATCHING, TIGHT FITTING SOLID, WOOD DOOR 1-3/8" THICKNESS ('FIRE DOOR') SEE CRC SEC. R302.5.1 PROVIDE A MINIMUM 36" DEEP LANDING OUTSIDE ALL EXTERIOR DOORS THE TOP OF THE EXTERIOR LANDING SHALL NOT BE MORE THAN 7 3/4"

LOWER THAN THE EXTERIOR LANDING FOR IN-SWINGING DOORS. AND NOT MORE THAN 1 1/2" LOWER FOR OUT SWINGING DOORS CRC SEC. GUARDRAILS SHALL BE 42" HIGH ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR. GUARDRAIL CONNECTION SHALL BE CAPABLE OF RESISTING A CONCENTRATED

LOAD OF 200 POUNDS APPLIED AT ANY POINT ALONG THE TOP RAILING AND 25 PSF HORIZONTAL LOAD PERPENDICULAR TO THE BALUSTERS. WATER HEATERS SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A PLATFORM OR WALL MINIMUM 18" ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR, MEASURED TO THE FLAME. TYPICAL INSULATION:(A.) R-30 FOR ATTIC / CEILING/ ROOF; (B.)R-19 FOR

EXTERIOR WALLS;(C.) R-21 FOR FLOORS OVER UNHEATED SPACES; (D.) R-8 FOR HEATING AND COOLING DUCTS. STRUCTURAL WELDING: STRUCTURAL WELDING WILL BE COMPLETED

AND INSPECTED IN AN APPROVED FABRICATION SHOP. UNDER FLOOR DUCTS, IF ANY, SHALL HAVE CLEARANCES TO EARTH AND NOT PASS THROUGH MINIMUM REQUIRED CRAWL SPACE ACCESS

FINISHED ROOFING MATERIAL SHALL BE INSTALLED AND COMPLETED

PRIOR TO FRAME INSPECTION Fireblocking shall be provided to cut off all concealed draft openings (both vertical and horizontal) in the following locations as per 2019 CRC R302.11: In concealed spaces of stud walls and partitions, including furred spaces and parallel rows of studs or staggered studs, as follows:

Vertically at the ceiling and floor levels. Horizontally at intervals not exceeding 10 feet (3048 mm).

At all interconnections between concealed vertical and horizontal spaces such as occur at soffits, drop ceilings and cove ceilings.

At openings around vents, pipes, ducts, cables and wires at ceiling and floor level, with an approved material to resist the free passage of flame and products of combustion. The material filling this annular space shall not be required to meet the ASTM E 136 requirements.

The geotechnical aspects of the construction, including the basement excavation, pier drilling, grade beam void form installation, retaining wall backfill, preparation of subgrade and baserock compaction beneath flatwork, and installation of surface drainage should be performed in accordance with the geotechnical report prepared by Wayne Ting & Associates, Inc. Wayne Ting & Associates, Inc. should be provided at least 48 hours advance notification of any geotechnical aspects of the construction and should be present to observe the grading, foundation, and drainage installation phases of the project.

FIRE DEPARTMENT NOTES: SMOKE DETECTORS AND CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS SHALL BE

INNER CONNECTED SMOKE DETECTORS SHALL BE DUAL SENSORS - IONAZATION/PHOTO ELECTRIC. IF SMOKE DETECTOR IS LOCATED WITHIN 20 FEET OF KITCHEN OR FIREPLACE, PHOTO ELECTRIC SMOKE DETECTOR SHALL BE INSTALLED

A DUAL SENSOR SMOKE ALARM SHALL BE INSTALLED IN EVERY ROOM. A DUAL SENSOR SMOKE ALARM SHALL BE INSTALLED OUTSIDE SLEEPING AREAS.

A CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR SHALL BE INSTALLED OUTSIDE

REMISE IDENTIFICATION: BUILDING ADDRESS NUMBERS SHALL BE LOCATED ON FRONT / STREE FACING EXTERIOR WALL, NUMBERS SHALL BE METAL. CONTRASTING AGAINST HOUSE COLOR AND SHALL BE MINIMUM 4" HIGH WITH A MIN. STROKE WIDTH OF .5" CFC SECTION

EXCAVATION AND SHORING NOTES (SEE ENGINEER DRAWINGS)

AT TIME OF BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION, PLANS AND ENGINEERING WILL BE SUBMITTED FOR SHORING, AS REQUIRED BY 2019 CBC, CHAPTER 31, REGARDING THE PROTECTION OF ADJACENT PROPERTIES AND AS REQUIRED BY OSHA.

THE WALLS OF THE PROPOSED BASEMENT SHALL BE PROPERLY SHORED, PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. THIS EXCAVATION MAY REQUIRE TEMPORARY SHORING. A COMPETENT CONTRACTOR SHALL BE CONSULTED FOR RECOMMENDATIONS AND DESIGN SHORING SCHEME FOR EXCAVATION. THE RECOMMENDED DESIGN TYPE OF SHORING SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD AND BY THE SOILS ENGINEER, PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION

ALL APPROPRIATE GUIDELINES OF OSHA SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SHORING DESIGN BY CONTRACTOR AND / OR ENGINEER. WHERE SPACE PERMIT, TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SLOPES MAY BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF SHORING PER SOILS ENGINEER RECOMMENDATION

IF SHORING IS REQUIRED, BEGINNER SHALL SPECIFY ON PLANS 10. WHOSE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY IT IS TO DESIGN AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE SHORING, BRACING, FORMWORK, ETC. AS REQUIRED FOR THE PROTECTION OF LIFE AND PROPERTY DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE BUILDING.

SHORING AND BRACING SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL FLOORS, ROOF AND WALL SHEATHING HAVE BEEN ENTIRELY CONSTRUCTED.

SHORING PLANS SHALL BE WET STAMPED AND SIGNED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD AND SUBMITTED TO THE CITY FOR REVIEW PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IF APPLICABLE, INCLUDE SURCHARGE LOADS FROM ADJACENT STRUCTURES THAT ARE WITHIN THE ZONE OF INFLUENCE (45 DEGREE WEDGE UP THE SLOPE FROM THE BASE OF THE RETAINING WALL) AND / OR DRIVEWAY SURCHARGE LOADS.

PUBLIC WORKS ENGINEERING NOTES

SEWER BACKWATER PROTECTION CERTIFICATION SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR THE INSTALLATION OF ANY NEW SEWER FIXTURE PER ORDINANCE NO. 1710. THE SEWER BACKWATER PROTECTION CERTIFICATE IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF BUILDING PERMIT

IF PRESENT. THE SANITARY SEWER LATERAL (BUILDING SEWER) SHALL BE TESTED PER ORDINANCE CODE CHAPTER 15.12.A SEWER LATERAL ENCROACHMENT PERMIT IS REQUIRED

ALL WATER LINES CONNECTIONS TO CITY WATER MAINS FOR SERVICES OR FIRE LINE PROTECTION ARE TO BE INSTALLED PER CITY STANDARD PROCEDURES AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS. CONTACT THE CITY WATER DEPARTMENT FOR CONNECTION FEES. IF REQUIRED, ALL FIRE SERVICES AND SERVICES 2" AND OVER WILL BE INSTALLED BY BUILDER.

2019 CAL GREEN NOTES:

SITE AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGMEN REQUIREMENTS: 4.106.1 In order to manage storm water drainage during construction, one or more of the following shall be implemented: Retention basins of sufficient size shall be utilitzed to

retain storm water on the site. Where storm water is conveyed to a public drainage system, collection point, gutter or similar disposal method, water shall be filtered by use of a barrier system, wattle or other method approved by the enforcing agency. Compliance with a lawfully enacted storm water

management ordinance IRRIGATION: All irrigation system controllers for landscaping shall comply with the following (Calgreen Section 4.304.1): Controllers shall be weather or soils moisture-based controllers

that automatically adjust irrigation in response to changes in plants' needs as weather conditions change. Weather-based controllers without integral rain sensors or communication systems that account for local rainfall, shall have a separate wired or wireless rain sensor which connects or communicates with the controller(s). Soil moisture-based controllers are not required to have rain sensor input.

All annular spaces around pipes, electric cables, conduits or other openings in plates at exterior walls shall be protected against the passage of rodents by closing such openings with cement mortar, concrete masonry or a similar method acceptable to the enforcing agency per Calgreen Section 4.406.1.

Contractor shall provide a copy of the operation and maintenance manual to the building occupant or owner addressing the following items (1 through 10 in Calgreen Section 4.410.1.) also, a copy of the Operation and maintenance manual shall be placed at the building at final inspection: A. Directions to the owner or occupant that the manual shall remain with the building throughout the life cycle of the structure.

Operation and maintenance instructions for the following: Equipment and appliances, including water-saving devices and systems, HVAC systems, water-heating systems and other major appliances and equipment.

Roof and yard drainage, including gutters and Space conditioning systems, including condensers and air filters.

Landscape irrigation systems. Water reuse systems. Information from local utility, water and waste recovery providers on methods to further reduce resource consumption, including

Public transportation and/or carpool options available in the area. Educational material on the positive impacts of an interior relative humidity between 30–60 percent and what methods an occupant

may use to maintain the relative humidity level in that range. Information about water-conserving landscape and irrigation design and controllers which conserve water.

Instructions for maintaining gutters and downspouts and the importance of diverting water at least 5 feet away from the Information on required routine maintenance measures, including,

but not limited to, caulking, painting, grading around the building, Information about state solar energy and incentive programs

A copy of all special inspection verifications required by the enforcing agency or this code.

Provide a schedule of all JA8-2016 lamps. (Energy Code Contractor shall install Pollutant Control as followed (Calgreen Section

Cover duct openings and other related air distribution component openings during construction (Cal Green 4.504.1) Aerosol paints and coatings shall be compliant with product weighted MIR limits for ROC and other toxic compounds (Cal

Carpet and carpet systems shall be compliant with VOC limits (Cal Green 4.504.3)

Green 4.504.2.3) Verification of compliance shall be provided by

Minimum 80 % of floor area receiving resilient flooring shall comply with (Cal Green4.504.4) Contractor shall install Interior Moisture Control as followed (Cal Green Section 4.505):

Install capillary break and vapor retarder at slab on grade foundations (2016 Cal Green 4.505.2). see structural drawings contractor shall check moisture content of building materials used in wall and floor framing before enclosure and dand have results

verified by inspector. (Cal Green sec. 4.505.3)

Contractor to verify each bathroom shall be mechanically vented, and controlled by humidity control; except for fans functioning as a component of a whole house ventilation system (Calgreen Section 4.506). Composite Wood: New non-structural hardwood plywood, particle board, and medium density fiberboard composite wood products used in the interior or exterior of the building shall meet California Air Resources Board formaldehyde limits ("CARB Phase 2"). See Table A4.504.1. (CalGreen

PLUMBING FIXTURES SHALL COMPLY WITH THE

4.303.1.1 All toilets are 1.28 gpf or dual-flush. 4.303.1.3.1 Showerheads have max flow rate of 1.8 gpm at 80 psi. Showerheads shall be certified to the performance criteria of the U.S.EPA WaterSense

4.303.1.2.3 When a shower is served by more than one showerhead, the combined flow rate of all showerheads and/or other shower outlets controlled by a single valve shall not exceed 1.8 gpm at 80 psi, or the shower shall be designed to allow only one shower outlet to be in operation at a time. 4.303.1.4.2 Max flow rate for all lavy faucets is 1.2

gpm at 60 psi. Minimum flow rate shall not be less than 0.8 gpm at 20 psi. 4.303.1.4.4 Kitchen Faucets: max. 1.8 gpm at 60

psi; may temporarily increase to 2.2 gpm but shall default to max 1.8 gpm 4.303.2 Plumbing fixtures shall comply with CA

Plumbing Code.

Environmental Comfort (Calgreen Section 4.507): Contractor shall provide Insulated louvers/covers (min R-4.2) which close when the fan is off for the whole house exhaust fans (4.507.1) HVAC Sizing: Heating and air-conditioning systems

shall be sized, designed, and have their equipment selected using the following methods: heat loss and heat gain is established according to ANSI/ACCA 2 Manual J-2011 (Residential Load Calculation), ASHRAE handbooks or other equivalent design

software or methods; duct systems are sized according to ANSI/ACCA 1 Manual D-2014 (Residential Duct Systems), ASHRAE handbooks or other equivalent design software or

select heating and cooling equipment

according to ANSI/ACCA 3 Manual S-2014 (Residential Equipment Selection) or other equivalent design software or methods. If air conditioning is installed, Manual S calculations must be provided showing the selected equipment total cooling capacity is not more than 115% of total calculated cooling load (or next available size above

100%, or the smallest available size - 1.5 tons). If no AC is installed, Manual S calculations must be provided showing the selected equipment total heating capacity is not more than 140% of total calculated heating load (or smallest available size 40 kbuth).

General Contractor to provide copy of ACCA Manual J, D, and S calculations. HVAC Designer and Installer to sign Accountability Form attesting to compliance with these

requirements. (CalGreen 4.507.2) HVAC system installers must be trained and certified and special inspectors employed by the enforcing agency must be qualified.

16.14/4.408.1 Nonhazardous construction and demolition debris generated at the site is diverted to recycle or salvage facilities. Eighty percent (80%) construction waste reduction is required for all residential projects.

4.408.03 Utilize a waste management company, approved by the enforcing agency, which can provide verifiable documentation that the percentage of construction and demolition waste material diverted from the landfill complies with Section 4.408.1. 4.410.1 Operation and Maintenance Manual shall be prepared.

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY:

4.503.1 Fireplace must be direct-vent, sealedcombustion.

4.504.1 At the time of rough installation, during storage on the construction site and until final startup of the heating, cooling, and ventilation equipment, all duct and other related air distribution component openings shall be covered with tape, plastsic, sheetmetal, etc. to reduce the amount of water, dust and debris, which may enter the system.

4.504.2 Finish materials shall comply with this section. 5.504.2.1 Adhesives, adhesive bonding primers, adhesive primers, sealants, sealant primers, and caulks shall comply with Table 4.504.1 and/or Table 4.504.2. 4.504.2.2 All paints and coatings shall comply with

Table 4.504.3. 4.505.3 Wall and floor framing shall not be enclosed when the framing members exceed 19% moisture content. Moisture readings shall be taken 2-4 feet from the grade stamped end of each piece to be verified. At least 3 random moisture readings shall be performed

on wall and floor framing. 4.506.1 Each bathroom shall be mechanically ventilated and shall comply with the following: 1) Fans shall be EnergyStar compliant and be ducted to terminate outside the building. 2) Unless functioning as a component of a whole house vent system, fans must be controlled by a humidity control. Humidity controls shall be capable of adjustment between a relative humidity range of 50-80%. A humidity control may utilize manual or automatic means of adjustment. A humidity control may be a separate component to the exhaust fan and is not required to be integral (built-in).

4.507.2 Heating and air-conditioning systems shall be sized, designed, and have their equipment selected using the following ACCA Manuals J, D, and S.

<u> Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area comliance - construction notes (2019):</u> Section R337 Materials and Construction Methods for Exterior Wildfire Exposure

R337.1.4 Inspection and Certification - Building permit applications and final completion approvals for buildings within the scope and application of this chapter shall

comply with the following: Building permit issuance. The local building official shall, prior to construction, provide the owner or applicant a certification that the building as proposed to be built complies with all applicable state and local building standards, including those for materials and construction methods for wildfire exposure as described in this chapter. Issuance of a building permit by the local building official for the proposed building shall be considered as complying with this section.

Building permit final. The local building official shall, upon completion of construction, provide the owner or applicant with a copy of the final inspection report that demonstrates the building was constructed in compliance with all applicable state and local building standards, including those for materials and construction methods for wildfire exposure as described in this chapter. Issuance of a certificate of occupancy by the local building official for the proposed building shall be considered as complying with this section.

R337.1.5 Vegetation Management Compliance -Prior to building permit final approval, the property shall be in a compliance with the vegetation management requirements prescribed in California Fire Code section 4906, including California Public Resources Code 4291 or California Government Code Section 51182. Acceptable methods of compliance inspection and documentation shall be determined by the enforcing agency and shall be permitted to include any of the following: Local, state, or federal fire authority or designee authorized to enforce vegetation

management requirements. Enforcing agency. Third party inspection and certification authorized to enforce vegetation

management requirements. Property owner certification authorized by the enforcing agency.

R337.3.5 Weathering and Surface Treatment Protection R337.3.5.2 Weathering - Fire-retardant-treated wood and fire-retardant-treated wood shingles and shakes shall meet the fire test performance requirements of

this chapter after being subjected to the weathering conditions contained in the following standards, as applicable to the materials and the conditions of use. R337.3.5.2.1 Fire-Retardant - Treated Wood - Fire-retardant-treated wood shall be tested in accordance with ASTM D2898 (Method A), and the requirements of Section 2303.2 of the California Building Code R337.3.5.2.2 Fire-Retardant - Treated Wood Shingles and Shakes - Fire-

retardant-treated wood shingles and shakes shall be approved and listed by the State Fire Marshal in accordance with Section 208(c), Title 19 California Code of R337.3.5.3 Surface Treatment Protection - The use of paints, coatings, stains, or other surface treatments are not an approved method of protection as required

Section R337.5 Roofing

in this section.

R337.5.1 General - Roofs shall comply with the requirements of Sections R337 And R902. Roofs shall have a roofing assembly installed in accordance with its

listing and the manufacturesr's installtion instructions. R337.5.2 Roof Coverings - Where the roof profile allows a space between the roof covering and roof decking, the spaces shall be constructed to resist the intrusion of flames and embers, be firestopped with approved materials or have one layer of minimum 72 pound (32.4 kg) mineral-surfaced nonperforated cap

sheet complying with ASTM D3909 installed over the combustible decking. R337.5.3 Roof Valleys - Where valley flashing is installed, the flashing shall be not less than 0.019-inch (0.48 mm) No. 26 gage galvanized sheet corrosionresistant metal installed over not less than one layer of minimum 72- pound (32.4 kg) mineral-surfaced nonperforated cap sheet complying with ASTM D3909, at least 36-inch-wide (914 mm) running the full length of the valley. R337.5.4 Roof Gutters - Roof gutters shall be provided with the means to

prevent the accumulation of leaves and debris in the gutter. Section R337.6 Vents - Where provided, ventilation openings for enclosed attics, enclosed eave soffit spaces, enclosed rafter spaces formed where ceilings are applied directly to the underside of roof rafters, and underfloor ventilation shall be in accordance with Section 1203 of the California Building Code and Sections R337.6.1 through R337.6.3 of this section to resist building ignition from the intrusion of burning embers and flame through the ventilation

R337.6.2 Requirements - Ventilation openings for enclosed attics, enclosed eave soffit spaces, enclosed rafter spaces formed where ceilings are applied directly to the underside of roof rafters, and under floor ventilation openings shall 5 be fully covered with metal wire mesh, vents, other materials or other devices

that meet the following requirements: Vents shall be listed to ASTM E2886 and comply with all of the

> There shall be no flaming ignition of the cotton material during the Ember Intrusion Test. There shall be no flaming ignition during the Integrity Test portion of the Flame Intrusion Test. The maximum temperature of the unexposed side of the vent

shall not exceed 662°F (350°C). The dimensions of the openings shall be a minimum of 1/16th inch and shall not exceed 1/8th inch.

Vents shall comply with all the following: 2.1. The dimensions of the openings therein shall be a minimum of $\frac{1}{16}$ inch (1.6 mm) and shall not exceed $\frac{1}{8}$ inch (3.2 2.2. The materials used shall be noncombustible.

Exception: Vents located under the roof covering,

along the ridge of roofs, with the exposed surface of the vent covered by noncombustible wire mesh, may be of combustible materials. 2.3. The materials used shall be corrosion resistant. R337.6.3 Ventilation Openings on the Underside of Eaves and Cornices -

Vent shall not be installed on the underside of eaves and cornices. A. Exceptions: Vents listed to ASTM E2886 and complying with all of the There shall be no flaming ignition of the cotton material during

the Ember Intrusion Test.

There shall be no flaming ignition during the Integrity Test portion of the Flame Intrusion Test. The maximum temperature of the unexposed side of the vent

shall not exceed 662°F (350°C). The HYPERLINK "https://up.codes/viewer/los_angeles/cacode-2016/chapter/2/definitions#enforcing_agency"enforcing agency shall be permitted to accept or approve special eave

and cornice vents that resist the intrusion of flame and burning Vents complying with the requirements of Section R337.6.2 shall be permitted to be installed on the underside of eaves and cornices in accordance with either one of the following

The attic space being ventilated is fully protected by an automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1 of the California Building Code or, The exterior wall covering and exposed underside of the eave are of noncombustible material, or ignitionresistant materials, as determined in accordance with SFM Standard 12-7A-5 Ignition-Resistant Material the requirements of Section R337.4.3, and the vent is located more than 12 feet (3.66 m) from the ground or walking surface of a deck, porch, patio, or similar

Section R337.7 Exterior Covering R337.7.2 General - The following exterior covering materials and/or assemblies

shall comply with this section: Exterior wall covering material. Exterior wall assembly. Exterior exposed underside of roof eave overhangs. Exterior exposed underside of roof eave soffits.

Exposed underside of exterior porch ceilings. Exterior exposed underside of floor projections. Exterior wall architectural trim, embellishments, fascias and

Roof assembly projections over gable end walls. Solid wood rafter tails and solid wood blocking installed between rafters having minimum dimension 2 inch (50.8 mm) Deck walking surfaces shall comply with Section R337.9 only.

Roof or wall top cornice projections and similar assemblies.

R337.7.3 Exterior Walls - The exterior wall covering or wall assembly shall comply with one of the following requirements:

Noncombustible material Ignition-resistant material.

Heavy timber exterior wall assembly Log wall construction assembly.

Wall assemblies that have been tested in accordance with the test procedures for a 10-minute direct flame contact exposure test set forth in ASTM E2707 with the conditions of acceptance shown in Section

R337.7.3.1. Wall assemblies that meet the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures for a 10-minute direct flame contact exposure test set forth in SFM Standard 12-7A-1. Exterior underfloor areas. Exterior wall coverings shall extend from the top of the foundation to the roof, and terminate at 2 inch nominal solid wood blocking between rafters at all roof overhangs, or in the case of enclosed eaves, terminate at the enclosure per CRC

Exception: Any of the following shall be deemed to meet the assembly performance criteria and intent of this section: One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind

> the exterior covering or cladding on the exterior side of the The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly designed for exterior fire exposure including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the

Gypsum Association Fire Resistance Design Manual. R337.7.3.2 Extent of Exterior Wall Covering - Exterior wall coverings shall extend from the top of the foundation to the roof, and terminate at 2 inch (50.8 mm) nominal solid wood blocking between rafters at all roof overhangs, or in the case of enclosed eaves, terminate at the enclosure.

R337.7.4 Open Roof Eaves - The exposed roof deck on the underside of enclosed roof eaves shall consist of one of the following: Noncombustible material.

Ignition-resistant material. On layer of 5/8" Type 'X' gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior

covering on the underside exterior of the roof deck. The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied to the underside of the roof deck designed for exterior fire exposure including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products

listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistant Design Manual. Exceptions: The following materials do not require protection: Solid wood rafter tails on the exposed underside of open roof eaves having a minimum nominal dimension of 2 inch (50.8 mm).

Solid wood blocking installed between rafter tails on the exposed underside of open roof eaves having a minimum nominal dimension of 2 inch (50.8 mm) Gable end overhangs and roof assembly projections beyond an

exterior wall other than at the lower end of the rafter tails. Fascia and other architectural trim boards. R337.7.5 Enclosed Roof Eaves and Roof Eave Soffits - The exposed underside of enclosed roof eaves having either a boxed-in roof eave soffit with a horizontal underside, or sloping rafter tails with an exterior covering applied to the underside of the rafter tails, shall be protected by one of the following:

Noncombustible material. Ignition-resistant material. One layer of 5/8" Type 'X' gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior

covering on the underside of the rafter tails or soffit. The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied to the underside of the rafter tails or soffit including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association

Fire Resistant Design Manual. Boxed-in roof eave soffit assemblies with a horizontal underside that meet the performance criteria in Section R337.7.10 when tested in accordance with the test procedures set forth in ASTM E2957. The exposed underside of a cantilevered floor projection where a floor assembly extends over an exterior wall shall be protected by one of the following per CRC R327.7.7:

Boxed-in roof eave soffit assemblies with a horizontal underside that meet the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in SFM Standard 12-7A-3. **Exceptions:** The following materials do not require protection: Gable end overhangs and roof assembly projections beyond an

exterior wall other than at the lower end of the rafter tails. Fascia and other architectural trim boards. R337.7.6 Exterior Porch Ceilings - The exposed underside of exterior porch ceilings shall be protected by one of the following:

Noncombustible material.

One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind the exterior covering on the underside of the ceiling. The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied

to the underside of the ceiling assembly including assemblies using the

gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistance Design Manual. Porch ceiling assemblies with a horizontal underside that meet the performance criteria in Section R337.7.10 when tested in accordance with the test procedures set forth in ASTM E2957.

Porch ceiling assemblies with a horizontal underside that meet the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in SFM Standard 12-7A-3. **Exception:** Architectural trim boards.

R337.7.7 Floor Projections - The exposed underside of a cantilevered floor projection where a floor assembly extends over an exterior wall shall be protected by one of the following: Noncombustible material.

Ignition-resistant material One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior covering on the underside of the floor projection The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied

to the underside of the floor projection including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistance Design Manual. The underside of a floor projection assembly that meet the performance criteria in Section R337.7.10 when tested in accordance with the test

procedures set forth in ASTM E2957. The underside of a floor projection assembly that meet the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in SFM Standard

Exception: Architectural trim boards. **R337.7.8 Underfloor Protection -** The underfloor area of elevated or overhanging buildings shall be enclosed to grade in accordance with the requirements of this chapter or the underside of the exposed underfloor shall consist of one of the

Noncombustible material. Ignition-resistant material. One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior covering on the underside of the floor projection.

and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistance The underside of a floor assembly that meets the performance criteria in Section R337.7.10 when tested in accordance with the test procedures set

The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied

to the underside of the floor including assemblies using the gypsum panel

The underside of a floor assembly that meets the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in SFM Standard 12-7A-3. **Exception:** Heavy-timber structural columns and beams do not require R337.7.9 Underside of Appendages - When required by the enforcing agency the underside of overhanging appendages shall be enclosed to grade in accordance

with the requirements of this chapter or the underside of the exposed underfloor

shall consist of one of the following: Noncombustible material. Ignition-resistant material.

One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior covering on the underside of the floor projection The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied to the underside of the floor including assemblies using the gypsum panel

Design Manual. The underside of a floor assembly that meets the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in either of the following:

and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistance

5.1. SFM Standard 12-7A-3; or 5.2. ASTM E2957

Exception: Heavy-timber structural columns and beams do not require

Section R337.8 Exterior Windows, Skylights and Doors -R337.8.2 Exterior Glazing - The following exterior glazing materials and/or

Exterior structural glass veneer.

assemblies shall comply with this section:

Exterior windows. Exterior glazed doors. Glazed openings within exterior doors. Glazed openings within exterior garage doors.

R337.8.2.1 Exterior Windows, Skylights and Exterior Glazed Door Assembly **Requirements -** Exterior windows, skylights and exterior glazed door assemblies

shall comply with one of the following requirements: Be constructed of multipane glazing with a minimum of one tempered pane meeting the requirements of Section R308 Safety Glazing, or

Be constructed of glass block units, or Have a fire-resistance rating of not less than 20 minutes when tested according to NFPA 257, or

R337.8.2.2 Structural Glass Veneer - The wall assembly behind structural glass veneer shall comply with Section R337.7.3. R337.8.3 Exterior Doors - Exterior doors shall comply with one of the following:

Be tested to meet the performance requirements of SFM Standard 12-7A-

The exterior surface or cladding shall be of noncombustible or ignitionresistant material. The exterior surface or cladding shall be of ignitionresistant material, or

Shall be constructed of solid core wood that comply with the following requirements Stiles and rails shall not be less than 1 3/8 inches thick. Raised panels shall not be less than 1 1/4 inches thick, except for

the exterior perimeter of the raised panel that may taper to a tongue not less than 3/8 inch thick. The exterior door assembly shall have a fire-resistance rating of not less than 20 minutes when tested according to NFPA 252.

The exterior surface or cladding shall be tested to meet the performance requirements of Section R337.7.3.1 when tested in accordance with ASTM

The exterior surface or cladding shall be tested to meet the performance requirements of SFM Standard 12-7A-1. R337.8.3.1 Exterior Door Glazing - Glazing in exterior doors shall comply with

Section R337.8.2.1. R337.8.4 Weather Stripping - Exterior garage doors shall be provided with weather stripping to resist the intrusion of embers from entering through gaps between doors and door openings when visible gabs exceed 1/8-inch (3.2 mm). Exterior garage door perimeter gaps

shall be limited to 1/8" by one of the methods listed below: Provide weather-stripping product meeting specific ASTM standards in accordance with CBC 708A.4(1)

Door overlaps onto jambs and headers Garage door jambs and headers covered with metal flashing.

Section R337.9 Decking R337.9.2 Where Required - The walking surface material of decks, porches, balconies and stairs shall comply with the requirements of this section when any portion of such surface is within 10 feet (3048 mm) of the building.

Standard 12-7A-4 and SFM Standard 12-7A-5.

Exterior fire retardant treated wood.

R337.9.3 Decking Surfaces - The walking surface material of decks, porches balconies and stairs shall be constructed with one of the following materials: Material that complies with the performance requirements of Section R337.9.4 when tested in accordance with both ASTM E2632 and ASTM

Ignition-resistant material that complies with the performance requirements of Section R337.4.3 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723. Material that complies with the performance requirements of both SFM

Noncombustible material. Any material that complies with the performance requirements of SFM Standard 12-7A-4A when attached exterior wall covering is also composed of noncombustible or ignition-resistant material. **1. Exception:** Wall material may be of any material that otherwise

complies with this chapter when the decking surface material complies with the performance requirements ASTM E84 with a Class B flame spread rating. Any material that complies with the performance requirements of Section R337.9.5 when tested in accordance with ASTM E2632 and when attached

exterior wall covering is also composed of only noncombustible or ignition-

resistant materials. **Exception:** Wall material shall be permitted to be of any material that otherwise complies with this chapter when the decking surface material complies with the performance requirements ASTM E84 with a Class B flame spread index

R337.9.3, Item 1 - The material shall be tested in accordance with both ASTM E2632

and ASTM E2726 and shall comply with the conditions of acceptance in Sections

R337.9.4.1 and R337.9.4.2. The material shall also be tested in accordance with

ASTM E84 or UL 723 and comply with the performance requirements of Section

Section R337.10 Accessory Structures R337.10.3 Where Required - No requirements shall apply to accessory buildings or miscellaneous structures when located at least 50 feet from an applicable building. Applicable accessory buildings and attached miscellaneous structures, or detached miscellaneous structures that are installed at a distance of less than 3 feet from an applicable building, shall comply with this section. When required by the enforcing agency, detached miscellaneous structures that are installed at a distance of more

R337.9.4 Requirements for Type of Ignition-Resistant Material in Section

than 3 feet but less than 50 feet from an applicable building shall comply with the requirements of this section. R337.10.3.1 Accessory Building Requirements - Applicable accessory buildings that are less than 120 square feet in floor area and are located more than 30 feet but less than 50 feet from an applicable building shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of ignitionresistant materials as described in Section R337.4.2. R337.10.3.2 Attached Miscellaneous Structure Requirements - Applicable

miscellaneous structures that are attached to, or installed at a distance of less than 3

feet from, an applicable building shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of ignition-resistant materials as described in Section R337.4.2. R337.10.3.3 Detached Miscellaneous Structure Requirements - When required by the enforcing agency, applicable detached miscellaneous structures that are installed at a distance of more than 3 feet but less than 50 feet from an applicable building shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of ignitionresistant materials as | Checked By:

described in Section R337.4.3.

Section R338 Electric Vehicle R338.1 Electric Vehicle - An automotive-type vehicle for highway use, such as passenger automobiles, buses, trucks, vans and the like, primarily powered by an electric motor that draws current from a rechargeable storage battery, fuel cell, photovoltaic array or other source of electric current. For the purpose of this chapter, electric motorcycles and similar type vehicles and off-road self-propelled electric vehicles such as industrial trucks, hoists, lifts, transports, golf carts, airline ground support equipment, tractors, boats and the like, are not included. R338.2 Charging - In any building or interior area used for charging electric vehicles,

R338.3 Ventilation - Mechanical exhaust ventilation, when required by the California Electrical Code shall be provided at a rate as required by Article 625 or as required by Section 1203 of the California Building Code whichever is greater. The ventilation system shall include both the supply and exhaust equipment and shall be permanently installed and located to intake supply air from the outdoors, and vent the exhaust directly to, the outdoors without conducting the exhaust air through other

electrical equipment shall be installed in accordance with the California Electrical

spaces within the building: 1. **Exception:** Positive pressure ventilation systems shall only be allowed in buildings or areas that have been designed and approved for that application

R338.4 Electrical Interface - The electrical supply circuit to electrically powered

used to supply the vehicle(s) being charged, and shall remain energized during the entire charging cycle. Electric vehicle recharging equipment shall be marked or labeled in accordance with the California Electrical Code. Exceptions: Exhaust ventilation shall not be required in areas with an approved

engineered ventilation system, which maintains a hydrogen gas

Mechanical exhaust ventilation for hydrogen shall not be required

concentration at less than 25 percent of the lower flammability limit.

mechanical ventilation equipment shall be interlocked with the recharging equipment

where the charging equipment utilized is installed and listed for indoor charging of electric vehicles without ventilation.

Section R340 Pollutant Control R340.1 Finish Material Pollutant Control - Finish materials including adhesives, sealants, caulks, paints and coatings, aerosol paints and coatings, carpet systems, carpet cushion, carpet adhesive, resilient flooring systems and composite wood products shall meet the volatile organic compound (VOC) emission limits in

accordance with the California Green Building Standards Code, Chapter 4, Division

20

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PATRICK J. FLANDERS FLANDERS BAY COMPANY



12.22.2020

Checker

Description

PLANNING SUBMITTAL

NOTES

Job No.

Drawing Scale:

1/4" = 1'-0"

PROPOSED

CONSTRUCTION NOTES NOT TO SCALE

2 WUI NOTES

