

C 2018 AGRICULTURAL CROP REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 2279 and 2272 of California's Food and Agricultural Code, it is my pleasure to present the 2018 Annual Crop Report for San Mateo County. This year's agricultural production is estimated at \$149.2 million, an increase of \$6.5 million from the previous year. This represents the gross value of agricultural commodities produced in San Mateo County and does not account for costs associated with labor, field preparation, planting, harvesting, distribution and other production related activities.

Commodity groups and individual commodities whose value increased this year include **Indoor Floral and Nursery Crops**, which went up by \$5.3M to total \$87.9M. Though production square footage dipped from last year, prices increased slightly as operations continued to transition to higher value products. **Forest Products** increased from \$3.7M to \$5.0M due to more timber harvested, and an increase in per-unit-value. **Fruit and Nut Crops** improved by 11.7% to total \$3.4M. Though acreage for white wine grapes dropped slightly, red wine varietals and miscellaneous fruits and nuts saw modest increases in both acreage and values.

Vegetable Crops increased by \$590K, or about 2% overall. Though planted acreage, yield, and unit price varied depending on the respective commodity, the commodity group value increased on the strength of Brussels sprouts and Miscellaneous Vegetables. For Brussels sprouts, the per-unit-value was down, but greater acreage and increased yields boosted the commodity value. Miscellaneous Vegetables representing a variety of crops, also saw an increase in both planted acreage and overall value.

Animal production in both **Livestock** and **Livestock Products and Apiary** groups was stable, totaling \$3.2M and \$1.3M respectively. **Field Crops** increased about 4.5%, or \$64K from 2017, with all commodities performing relatively consistently. The exception to this was grain, where acres planted and yield were up significantly, but the per unit value was half the previous year.

Outdoor Floral and Nursery Crops was down 5.6% overall, primarily as a result of global competition reducing sales and growers

transitioning land to other commodities such as vegetables. Cut Flower acreage dropped by almost 25% contributing to a commodity value loss of \$1.9M. This decline was somewhat softened by a slight increase in total value for Ornamental Nursery Stock.

In closing, I would like to thank the agricultural producers who provided the information to make this report possible. Tracking crop production is important in assessing the health of our agriculture and food production systems, and grower cooperation is critical in doing so. Also, thank you to department staff, especially Kelly Mayer and Jennifer Gossett, who gathered data, crunched numbers, and compiled statistics to produce an illustrative report.

Respectfully,

Fred Crowder Agricultural Commissioner Sealer of Weights and Measures



DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE/WEIGHTS & MEASURES

Agricultural Commissioner Sealer of Weights and Measures Fred Crowder



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INDOOR GROWN

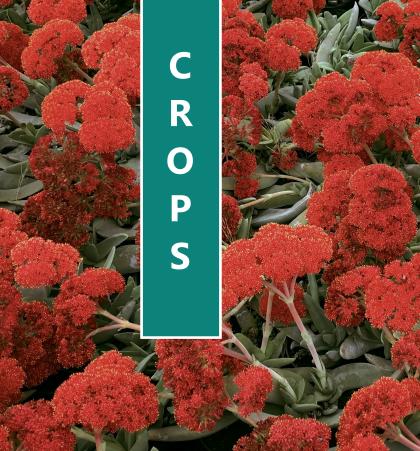
| Сгор | Year | Square Feet | Total Value |
|----------------------------------|------|-------------|--------------|
| Potted Plants ¹ | 2018 | 4,765,000 | \$81,467,000 |
| Flowering & Foliage | 2017 | 5,382,000 | \$76,449,000 |
| Cut Flowers ² | 2018 | 840,000 | 2,508,000 |
| | 2017 | 879,000 | 2,944,000 |
| Bedding Plants, | 2018 | 318,000 | 3,974,000 |
| Cuttings and Liners ³ | 2017 | 315,000 | 3,294,000 |
| TOTAL | 2018 | 5,923,000 | \$87,949,000 |
| | 2017 | 6,576,000 | \$82,687,000 |

1 Includes Campanula, Hydrangeas, Orchids, Succulents, etc. 2 Includes Alstroemeria, Freesia, Lilies, Ranunclus, etc. 3 Includes Herbs, Succulents, Vegetables, etc.



OUTDOOR GROWN

| Сгор | Year | Acres | Total Value | | | |
|--|------|-------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Ornamentals | 2018 | 85 | \$14,228,000 | | | |
| Nursery Stock ¹ | 2017 | 85 | \$13,436,000 | | | |
| Christmas Trees (cut) | 2018 | 151 | 300,000 | | | |
| | 2017 | 162 | 296,000 | | | |
| Cut Flowers ² | 2018 | 199 | 4,431,000 | | | |
| | 2017 | 265 | 6,351,000 | | | |
| TOTAL2018435\$18,959,0002017512\$20,083,000 | | | | | | |
| 1 Includes herbaceous perennials, shrubs and trees. 2 Includes Dahlias, Larkspur, Ranunculus, Stock, etc. | | | | | | |



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VEGETABLE CROPS

| | | | PRODU | CTION | | 1 | ALUE |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|----------|-------|------|----------|--------------|
| Сгор | Year | Acres | Per Acre | Total | Unit | Per Unit | Total |
| • | | | | | | | |
| Artichokes | 2018 | 59 | 2.32 | 137 | Ton | \$1,873 | \$257,000 |
| | 2017 | 63 | 1.34 | 84 | Ton | \$1,719 | \$144,000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Beans, Fava | 2018 | 258 | 3.42 | 882 | Ton | 1,365 | 1,204,000 |
| | 2017 | 318 | 4.07 | 1,294 | Ton | 1,480 | 1,915,000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Beans, Snap | 2018 | 39 | 3.55 | 138 | Ton | 1,658 | 229,000 |
| | 2017 | 49 | 3.36 | 165 | Ton | 1,860 | 307,000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Brussels Sprouts | 2018 | 788 | 12.22 | 9,629 | Ton | 1,479 | 14,241,000 |
| | 2017 | 654 | 10.28 | 6,723 | Ton | 1,998 | 13,433,000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Leeks | 2018 | 90 | 14.05 | 1,265 | Ton | 1,170 | 1,480,000 |
| | 2017 | 96 | 13.19 | 1,266 | Ton | 1,159 | 1,467,000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Peas | 2018 | 142 | 1.45 | 206 | Ton | 2,200 | 453,000 |
| | 2017 | 154 | 1.48 | 228 | Ton | 2,242 | 511,000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Pumpkins | 2018 | 186 | 6.64 | 1,235 | Ton | 1,075 | 1,328,000 |
| | 2017 | 167 | 6.77 | 1,131 | Ton | 1,165 | 1,318,000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous Vegetables | 2018 | 382 | | | | | 8,657,000 |
| Field and Indoor Grown ¹ | 2017 | 369 | | | | | 8,164,000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 2018 | 1,944 | | | | | \$27,849,000 |
| | 2017 | 1,870 | | | | | \$27,259,000 |

1 Includes Chard, Herbs, Kale, Lettuce, Mushrooms, Peppers, Squash, etc.

| FRUIT AND NUT CROPS | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Сгор | Year | Acres | Total Value | | | |
| Wine Grapes | 2018 | 126 | \$1,181,000 | | | |
| Red Varietals | 2017 | 120 | \$915,000 | | | |
| White Varietals | 2018 2017 | 41 44 | 226,000 267,000 | | | |
| Miscellaneous ¹ | 2018 | 120 | 2,035,000 | | | |
| | 2017 | 109 | 1,899,000 | | | |
| TOTAL | 2018 | 287 | \$3,442,000 | | | |
| 2017 273 \$3,081,000 | | | | | | |
| 1 Includes Apples, Be | rries, Chestn | uts, Pears, et | с. | | | |

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LIVESTOCK

| | | Number | |
|--------------------------|------|-----------|-------------|
| Commodity | Year | Head Sold | Total Value |
| | | | |
| Cattle and Calves | 2018 | 1,706 | \$2,461,000 |
| | 2017 | 1,574 | \$2,548,000 |
| | | | |
| Other ¹ | 2018 | 12,302 | 749,000 |
| | 2017 | 9,304 | 642,000 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL | 2018 | 14,008 | \$3,210,000 |
| IUTAL | 2017 | 10,878 | \$3,190,000 |

1 Includes Goats, Lambs, Pigs, Poultry, etc.

LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS AND APIARY

| | | | 7 | /ALUE |
|--------------------|------|------------|----------|-------------|
| Commodity | Year | Production | Per Unit | Total |
| | | | | |
| Honey | 2018 | 36,000 lbs | \$10.94 | \$394,000 |
| - | 2017 | 37,000 lbs | \$12.38 | \$458,000 |
| | | | | |
| Other ¹ | 2018 | | | 889,000 |
| | 2017 | | | 825,000 |
| | | | | |
| TOTAL | 2018 | | | \$1,283,000 |
| TOTAL | 2017 | | | \$1,283,000 |
| | | | | |

1 Includes Beeswax, Eggs, Cheese, Wool, etc.

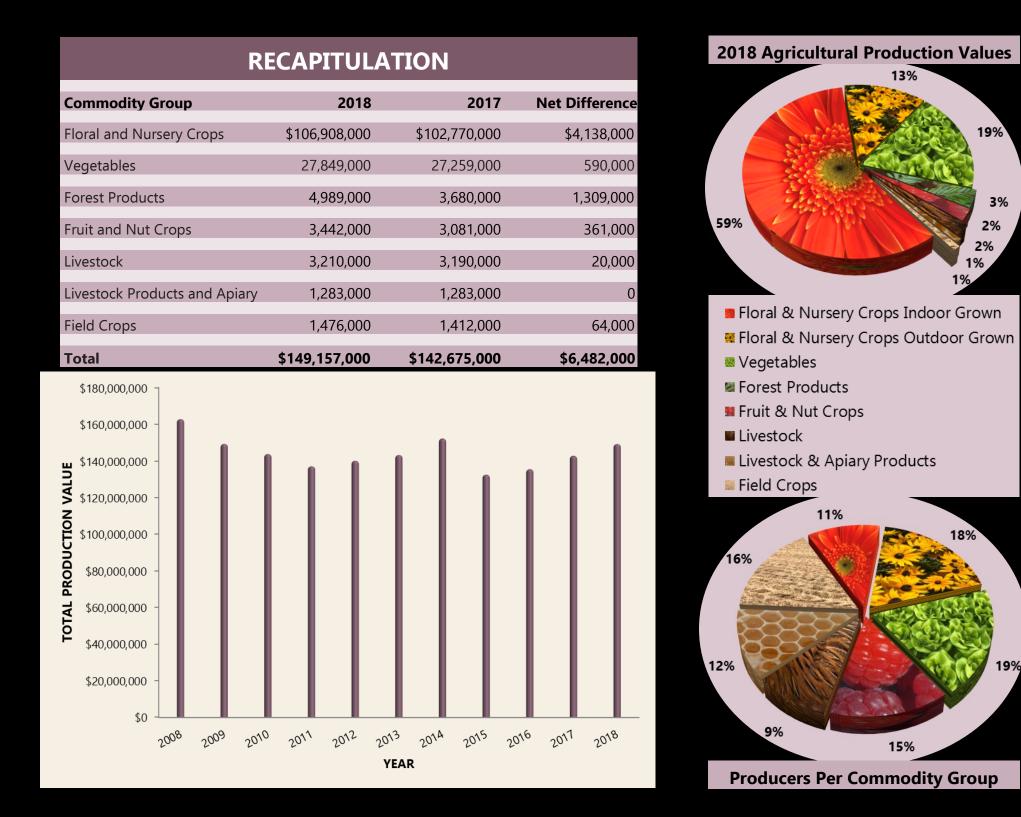


FIELD CROPS

| | | <u>P</u> | RODUCTIC | VALUE | | |
|-------------------------|------|----------|----------|-------------------|----------|-------------|
| Commodity | Year | Acres | Per Acre | Total Unit | Per Unit | Total |
| | | | | | | |
| Beans, Dry ¹ | 2018 | 83 | 0.99 | 82 Ton | \$5,868 | \$481,000 |
| | 2017 | 80 | 0.94 | 75 Ton | \$5,932 | \$445,000 |
| | | | | | | |
| Grain ² | 2018 | 153 | 1.90 | 291 Ton | 858 | 250,000 |
| | 2017 | 105 | 1.20 | 126 Ton | 1,755 | 221,000 |
| | | | | | | |
| Нау | 2018 | 491 | 2.34 | 1,149 Ton | 187 | 215,000 |
| Oat & Rye | 2017 | 452 | 2.53 | 1,144 Ton | 186 | 213,000 |
| | | | | | | |
| Volunteer | 2018 | 138 | 1.85 | 255 Ton | 112 | 29,000 |
| Volunteen | 2017 | 135 | 1.90 | 257 Ton | 87 | 22,000 |
| | | | | | | |
| Pasture | 2018 | 185 | | | 155 | 29,000 |
| Irrigated | 2017 | 185 | | | 155 | 29,000 |
| | | | | | | |
| Other | 2018 | 23,604 | | | 20 | 472,000 |
| otter | 2017 | 24,107 | | | 20 | 482,000 |
| | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 2018 | 24,654 | | | | \$1,476,000 |
| IUTAL | 2017 | 25,064 | | | | \$1,412,000 |

| FOREST PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Year | Board Feet | Total Value | | | | |
| 2018 2017 | 5,661,000 5,176,000 | \$4,989,000 \$3,680,000 | | | | |

1 Includes Cranberry, Fava, Romano, etc. 2 Includes Barley, Oats, Quinoa, Rye and Wheat



| | | CON | IMERCI | AL F | | Н | | |
|---------------------|--------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------|--|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Species | Year | Pounds | Value | | Species | Year | Pounds | Value |
| Crab, Dungeness | 2018 2017 | 801,607 1,644,322 | \$3,730,364 \$6,788,456 | | Rockfish, all | 2018 2017 | 209,067 61,253 | \$136,572 \$53,215 |
| Salmon, Chinook | 2018 2017 | 278,786 67,759 | \$3,323,821 \$696,860 | | Crab, rock unspecified | 2018 2017 | 32,077 29,763 | \$68,853 \$78,798 |
| Squid, Market | 2018 2017 | 2,512,684 3,016,876 | \$1,249,492 \$1,508,438 | . N | Sea Urchin | 2018 2017 | 9,659 22,230 | \$66,942 \$90,446 |
| Halibut, California | 2018 2017 | 46,191 109,146 | \$263,121 \$603,281 | 5 | Lingcod | 2018 2017 | 18,297 10,855 | \$35,799 \$25,493 |
| Prawn, Spot | 2018 2017 | 12,716 46,133 | \$216,815 \$712,692 | | Sanddab | 2018 2017 | 91,461 54,623 | \$32,666 \$27,490 |
| Sole, all | 2018 2017 | 190,722 144,502 | \$174,480 \$137,327 | | Miscellaneous | 2018 2017 | 18,365 15,847 | \$22,528 \$17,699 |
| Anchovy | 2018 2017 | 3,157,224 3,442,583 | \$157,861 \$172,129 | | Flounder, all | 2018 2017 | 3,921 8,422 | \$3,327 \$7,949 |
| Sablefish | 2018 2017 | 45,910 197,600 | \$143,596 \$297,127 | | Tuna, Albacore | 2018 2017 | 1,723 3,466 | \$2,670 \$10,277 |
| | | Grand To | tal 2018 2017 | - | 5,380 lbs \$11,227, | | | |
| | | | | | ame Poundage Value of Lar value not included in Annua | | | |

SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE REPORT

Sustainable Agriculture utilizes farming practices that conserve resources and plant health, and ensures the economic vitality of the farm. Early pest detection and proactive management of invasive pests facilitates these goals to safeguard California's agricultural industry and reduces the need for pesticide use. Our Department's programs promoting sustainable agriculture are summarized as follows. Also included are the Integrated Pest Management methods local farmers use to balance crop protection needs with those of surrounding natural systems.

PEST DETECTION

The Pest Detection staff place and monitor insect traps throughout San Mateo County. In 2018, 4,250 traps were placed in host plants and checked 55,000 times. Our county was fortunate that no pests of agricultural and environmental concern (see target pest list below) were introduced in the County and found on these traps in 2018.

| Asian Citrus Psyllid | Japanese Beetle | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| European Corn Borer | Khapra Beetle | | | | |
| European Grape Vine Moth | Mediterranean Fruit Fly | | | | |
| European Pine Shoot Moth | Melon Fly | | | | |
| Glassy-winged Sharpshooter | Mexican Fruit Fly | | | | |
| Gypsy Moth | Oriental Fruit Fly | | | | |
| Fruit Fly Species of Bactrocera, Dacus, Ceratitis | | | | | |
| and Anastrepha | | | | | |

PEST EXCLUSION

Pest Exclusion inspections of agricultural shipments at entry points prevent the introduction and establishment of damaging pests. Exotic pests are regularly intercepted by Staff Biologists at parcel facilities,

San Francisco International Airport, nurseries and other entry points during daily inspections. Origin certifications are also verified to confirm compliance with plant quarantines, regulations and entry requirements. When an infested or noncompliant shipment is found, it may be destroyed, reconditioned and released, or returned to the shipper

| 5 | ind released, or returned | to the shipper. | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Type of Shipment | Inspections | Rejections | Pests Intercepted |
| Parcel Carriers | 23,987 | 93 | 25 |
| Truck | 1,282 | 14 | 17 |
| Air | 2,528 | 39 | 40 |
| Sea Containers | 34 | 1 | 1 |
| Household Goods (Gypsy Moth) | 33 | 0 | 0 |
| Nursery Stock (GWSS) | 2,013 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | |

EXOTIC PESTS INTERCEPTED

| Pest or Disease | Rating | Number of Interceptions | Pest or Disease | Rating | Number of Interceptions |
|--|--------|----------------------------|--|--------|----------------------------|
| Ceroplastes floridensis Florida wax scale | А | 1 | Zachrysia provisoria Cuban brown snail | А | 2 |
| <i>Ceroplastes stellifer</i> stellate scale | А | 2 | | | |
| <i>Coccus viridis</i> green coffee scale | А | 2 | Ants (5 species) | Q | 5 |
| <i>Ischnaspis longirostris</i> black thread scale | А | 2 | Aphids (various species) | Q | 7 |
| <i>Pinnaspis buxi</i> boxwood scale | А | 5 | Mealybugs (various species) | Q | 11 |
| <i>Pinnaspis strachani</i> lesser snow scale | А | 3 | Moths & Butterflies (4 species) | Q | 4 |
| <i>Planococcus lilacinus</i> coffee mealybug | А | 1 | Scales (various species) | Q | 13 |
| <i>Pseudaulacaspis pentagona</i> white peach scale | А | 2 | Spider mites (Tetranychus sp.) | Q | 4 |
| <i>Radopholus similis</i> burrowing nematode | А | 1 | Thrips (2 species) | Q | 2 |
| <i>Selenaspidus articulatus</i> rufous scale | А | 1 | Whiteflies (2 species) | Q | 2 |
| <i>Thrips setosus</i> Japanese flower thrips | А | 2 | Other | Q | 6 |

"A" rated pests or diseases are of known economic significance requiring containment, eradication and rejection.

"Q" rated pests and diseases are suspected to cause economic significance requiring containment, eradication and rejection.

WEED MANAGEMENT

In 2018, Pest Eradication efforts focused on introduced, regulated weed species. Our Department leads the San Mateo County Weed Management Area (WMA) Group, a collaboration that coordinates, educates and funds invasive weed projects including removal, destruction and monitoring of noxious weeds. Members of the WMA include government, non-profit and private stakeholders, which updated a strategic plan for prioritizing weed species to control. Various projects were underway to preserve sensitive native habitats from cape ivy, Canary Island hypericum, slender false brome, and other invasive weeds endangering endemic species and agricultural lands. Along with hand pulling stinkwort (*Dittrichia graveolens*), the county funded the following projects:



Fertile Capeweed • Arctotheca calendula

A - Rated*

- Perennial rosettes with daisy-like yellow flowers, dark center
- Open or disturbed sites; growing in at least 14 parcels in the county near Bean Hollow and Hwy 1
- Mapped, hand pulled and treated with herbicides



Jubata Grass • Cortaderia jubata

C - Rated***





- Perennial grass, long leaves from base w/ plumed panicles maturing violet to white
- Mostly along coast in bare/sandy soil; found in thousands of acres throughout the County, focused on 257 acres near Pescadero Creek Road, and ongoing control at Pillar Point Bluff.
- Mapped, mechanical methods and treated with herbicides

Purple Loosestrife • Lythrum salicaria

- Perennial clumps up to 3 meters tall w/ spikes of purple flowers
- Wetlands; found in and around Reflection Lake in La Honda
- Mapped and hand pulled

Skeletonweed • Chondrilla juncea

- Perennial or biennial, basal rosettes w/ wiry stems and small yellow flowers
- Disturbed land; San Carlos, near Caltrain tracks, Edgewood Road/Hwy 280 and Edgewood Park
- Mapped, hand pulled and herbicide treatment
- *A Rated pests are highly invasive, considered detrimental to agriculture and the environment, and regulated for eradication.
- **B Rated pests may be detrimental to agriculture and eradication is subject to the discretion of the local Ag Commissioner.
- *****C Rated** pests are controlled at the discretion of the county Agricultural Commissioner.

B - Rated**

- A Rated*
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INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

Integrated Pest Management (IPM) is a systematic approach to managing destructive pests and keeping them below economic thresholds. IPM begins with identification and monitoring of target pests and uses interactive control strategies including: natural enemies, biological controls, sanitation, traps, and pheromones to disrupt reproduction. IPM is not exclusive of chemical use, but when needed, the chemical applied is the least toxic, effective material. IPM methods used by San Mateo County producers include:

| Bee & Bird Netting | Insecticidal Soaps | Refined Oils |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Botanical Extracts | Lacewings | Row Covers |
| Companion Planting | Ladybird Beetles | Sticky Traps |
| Cover Crops | Mowing | Soil Steam Sterilization |
| Crop Rotation | Mulching | Temperature/ Humidity Control |
| Deer Fencing | Owl Boxes | Torching Weeds |
| Diatomaceous Earth | Parasitic Wasps | Weed Covers |
| Field Sanitation | Parasitic Nematodes | Vacuum |
| Hedgerows | Pheromone Disruptors & Traps | Vertebrates as Predators |
| Insect Growth Regulators | Predatory Mites | Vertebrate Traps |

ORGANIC FARMING



Organic growers in San Mateo County contributed 7.1% of the total agricultural commodity production value. In 2018, organic production decreased to 671 from 726 acres, with better production totals across the land. The estimated gross production value of organic commodities for 2018 is \$10,592,000, a 5.7% increase over the previous year.

CERTIFIED FARMERS' MARKETS

What is a Certified Farmers Market (CFM)? Agricultural products are inspected at production sites and a Certified Producer's Certificate is issued. Then our county biologists inspect the markets to verify that products being sold were grown by the producer. Everything sold in a CFM must be grown in California and by the producer selling it. Certified Farmers' Markets benefit both consumers and the agricultural community. Consumers have access to high quality, fresh picked in-season produce. Farmers benefit by being exempt from packing, sizing and labeling requirements



while getting a higher share of each "food dollar" by selling directly to consumers. Our Department recently refreshed the website with a section that not only lists all of the certified farmers' markets throughout the Peninsula, but also includes information on what you need to know to sell at a farmers' market.

| RAIN STATION TOTALS | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | <u>Half Moon Bay</u> | Pescadero | | COASTSIDE RAINFALL TOTALS | |
| Year | inches | inches | 40 | | |
| 2017/2018 | 18.62 | 18.12 | 35 | Λ | |
| 2016/2017 | 37.07 | 37.10 | 30 | | |
| 2015/2016 | 22.93 | 26.18 | ស ²⁵ | | |
| 2014/2015 | 16.45 | 21.38 | s ²⁵ 20 20 | | |
| 2013/2014 | 9.44 | 11.25 | 15 | | |
| 2012/2013 | 18.78 | 20.11 | 10 — | \sim | |
| 2011/2012 | 16.16 | 18.32 | 5 | | |
| 2010/2011 | 27.75 | 29.38 | 0 | | |
| 2009/2010 | 25.34 | 30.28 | 1/2008 | 21200 1201 1201 1201 1201 1201 1201 120 | |
| 2008/2009 | 20.74 | 25.69 | 2001, 50 | 200 201 201 201 201 201 2013 2018 2013 2018 2011 | |
| 2007/2000 | 20.65 | 21.06 | | — Half Moon Bay Pescadero | |

AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS

Biologists from our Department issue phytosanitary certificates for entry of regulated agricultural commodities into other states and countries. Shipments are sent directly from our county's growers as well as products from all over passing through the San Francisco International Airport (SFO), Golden Gate Produce Terminal, and nearby seaports. After agricultural shipments met inspection and certification requirements, our department issued a total of 486 federal phytosanitary certificates to 23 countries, and 927 state phytosanitary certificates to 16 states and U.S. territories in 2018.

PHYTOS BY REGION **COUNTRIES RECEIVING AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES** Europe 0.4% Saudi Arabia Canada Japan Oceania 5.2% China Kuwait Singapore U.S. Territories 5.4% **Dominican Republic** South Korea Lebanon Canada 6.2% France Micronesia Taiwan Middle East 9.2% Hawaii 12.4% Myanmar French Polynesia Thailand Asia 13.3% Hong Kong Netherlands United Arab Emirates Continental U.S. Palau Viet Nam Indonesia 0.0% 20.0% 40.0% Italy Philippines

47.8%

60.0%