



Local Hazard Mitigation Plan

San Mateo County, California

**City of East Palo Alto
Annex**

2026

DRAFT



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This Annex details the hazard mitigation elements specific to the City of East Palo Alto, a participating jurisdiction of the 2026 San Mateo County Local Hazard Mitigation Plan (LHMP or the Plan) update. This Annex is not intended to be a standalone document but supplements the information contained in **Volume 1 (Countywide Planning Elements)**. Therefore, all sections of **Volume 1**, including the planning process, hazard identification and risk assessment, mitigation strategy (includes mitigation goals and objectives), and plan maintenance, apply to and were met by the City of East Palo Alto. This Annex provides additional information specific to the City, with a focus on providing further details on the hazard risk assessment and mitigation strategy (i.e., mitigation actions) for this community.

1. HAZARD MITIGATION LOCAL PLANNING TEAM

The following individuals have been identified as the City of East Palo Alto Local Planning Team for the 2026 LHMP. These individuals participated in all aspects of the planning process and developed a risk and vulnerability assessment, capability assessment, and mitigation strategy (including mitigation actions) specific to the jurisdiction.

Name	Title	Department
Elizabeth Lam	Community Services Officer	Police Department
Denise Garcia	Assistant to the City Manager	City Manager's Office

2. JURISDICTION PROFILE

The City of East Palo Alto is a community in Silicon Valley, situated at the southern tip of San Mateo County, covering about 2.6 square miles. It is mainly located near US Highway 101 and the Dumbarton Bridge and is mostly a residential suburban area. It is bordered by the City of Menlo Park to the north and west, the City of Palo Alto (Santa Clara County) to the south, and San Francisco Bay to the east. Along the San Francisco Bay border is the Ravenswood Open Space Preserve, home to many wetlands and migrating birds.

The City is known for its beautiful, rural-like setting, centralized location, easy access to public transportation, ideal weather, and close proximity to universities and leading tech companies in Silicon Valley. The City of East Palo Alto has a Mediterranean Climate with cool, wet winters and warm, dry summers. The average annual precipitation is around 16 inches.

2.1. Brief History

East Palo Alto was incorporated on July 1, 1983. The area that is now the City of East Palo Alto has supported human settlement for over two (2) millennia. Various tribes of Costanoan Native Americans, also known as the Ohlone, were the first known human inhabitants in the San Francisco Bay Area. The first European settlers in the area were Spanish ranchers, and the Gold Rush enriched land speculators. In 1849, a wharf was built at the foot of Bay Road, then just an unimproved dirt cart road, and the community of "Ravenswood" grew around it. The community was primarily agricultural, but there was also some shipping activity at the wharf, largely related to bricks produced at a local factory. The area remained generally in agricultural use through the rest of the 19th century.



The development of East Palo Alto into primarily a residential suburban community began after World War II. Housing tract developers acquired larger tracts from nearby farms, along with some of the colony lots, and began subdividing them into much smaller, densely populated residential parcels. African American migrants first arrived in East Palo Alto around the end of World War II. Most of these Southern migrants moved in to take advantage of low-cost housing, and because, unlike surrounding peninsula communities, the area had few restrictive housing covenants. By the 1960s, jobs and the possibility for higher education brought a second wave of African American settlers.

As the high-tech industry in Silicon Valley enjoyed an economic boom in the 1980s and 1990s, East Palo Alto was among the most affordable places to live, as property values in nearby communities skyrocketed. The City’s prime location near US Highway 101 and the Dumbarton Bridge, combined with affordable housing rates, attracted a very diverse population to the growing community. Today, Hispanic, African American, and Pacific Islander residents represent the largest ethnic groups in East Palo Alto, making it one of the most multicultural and multilingual communities in the San Francisco Bay Area.

2.2. Governing Body Format

The City of East Palo Alto is a general law city with a Council / Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing City Council, which consists of a Mayor, a Vice Mayor, and three (3) City Council members. As a municipal corporation, the City of East Palo Alto establishes its own zoning and land use regulations. The City is headed by an elected mayor who serves one (1) year terms with no term limits. The City's five (5) member City Council is elected to four (4) year terms.

The Planning Commission will make a recommendation to the City Council to adopt the LHMP and to direct the City Manager to implement the plan.

2.3. Population

In 2024, the City of East Palo Alto had a population of 29,296, a 2.5% decrease from the estimated 2020 population of 30,035. **Table 1** summarizes population distribution between 2010 and 2024, and the percentage of the 2024 population that is under five (5) years old, over 65 years old, and living below the poverty level.¹

Table 1. Population Trends

Population				Underserved Population		
2010	2020	2024	Population Change (2020 – 2024)	Youth (Under 5 years old)	Elderly (Over 65 years old)	Below Poverty Level
28,155	30,035	29,296	-2.5%	5.8%	10.3%	10.3%

¹ United States Census Bureau. (2024). QuickFacts: City of East Palo Alto, California. Retrieved from <https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/eastpaloaltocitycalifornia/PST045224>.



3. CHANGES IN DEVELOPMENT

California Law requires counties and cities to prepare and adopt a General Plan, a comprehensive long-range plan to guide community development. The General Plan must contain seven (7) state-mandated elements – land use, circulation, housing, conservation, open space, noise, and safety – and may contain additional elements as a jurisdiction sees fit. Counties and cities that have identified disadvantaged communities must also address environmental justice in their general plans, including air quality. Additionally, the General Plan must comprise an integrated and internally consistent set of goals, policies, and implementation measures. The City of East Palo Alto adopted its General Plan under this law and has updated it several times over the years, most recently when the City Council adopted the Vista 2035 East Palo Alto General Plan in October 2016. Over the past five (5) years, East Palo Alto experienced a major increase in construction, resulting in a large office building and several apartment complexes. A few new homes were also finished, and several older homes completed renovations. The Fire District relocated its equipment warehouse within the jurisdiction, and a nonprofit organization also completed an event building.

Table 2 summarizes development trends during the performance period since the previous LHMP was developed (i.e., past five (5) years), as well as expected future development trends (i.e., the next five (5) years).

Table 2. Recent and Expected Development Trends

Criteria	Description
<p>Has your jurisdiction annexed any land since the development of the previous Local Hazard Mitigation Plan? <i>If yes, give the estimated area annexed and the estimated number of parcels or structures.</i></p>	No
<p>Is your jurisdiction expected to annex any areas during the performance period of this Plan?</p>	No
<p>Has your jurisdiction had any significant changes in development over the past five (5) years that have occurred in hazard-prone areas? <i>If yes, briefly describe.</i></p>	Improvements were made to the levee and water-storage infrastructure.
<p>Are there any areas targeted for development or major redevelopment in the next five (5) years that will occur in hazard-prone areas? <i>If yes, briefly describe.</i></p>	<p>The following developments are expected over the next five (5) years, all of which are located close to San Francisquito Creek or San Francisco Bay:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Woodland Park Apartment Development on Woodland Avenue and Euclid Avenue • Four Corners Development on University Avenue and Bay Road • Civic Commons City Building on Pulgas Avenue



Criteria	Description
<p>Provide the number of permits for each hazard area or provide a qualitative description of where development has occurred.</p>	<p>Over the past five (5) years, East Palo Alto experienced a major increase in construction, resulting in a large office building and several apartment complexes. A few new homes were also finished, and several older homes completed renovations. The Fire District relocated its equipment warehouse within the jurisdiction, and a non-profit organization also completed an event building.</p>

3.1. Changes in Priority

The City of East Palo Alto's overall hazard mitigation priorities have not changed significantly since the last Plan update. However, the East Palo Alto Sanitary District (EPASD) is increasing its sewer capacity in order to be able to serve the new developments that the City is currently supporting. Additionally, mitigation actions from the previous Plan were updated, and a more concerted effort to achieve equitable outcomes for all communities, including underserved communities and socially vulnerable populations, has been implemented.

4. CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT

Federal regulations require hazard mitigation plans to identify goals for reducing long-term vulnerabilities to the identified hazards in the planning area (Section 201.6(c)(3)(i)). A critical step in developing specific hazard mitigation actions and projects is assessing existing authorities, policies, programs, and resources and capabilities, and using or modifying local tools to reduce losses and vulnerability from profiled hazards.

A capability assessment was conducted for the City of East Palo Alto's authorities, policies, programs, and resources. Goals and mitigation actions were developed using input from this assessment. Information regarding the City's implementation of and continued participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) can be found in Section 5 of this Annex.

The Local Planning Team assessed the City of East Palo Alto's capabilities that can contribute to the reduction of long-term vulnerabilities to hazards. The capabilities include the following categories:

- Planning and Regulatory Capabilities
- Administrative and Technical Capabilities
- Fiscal Capabilities
- Education and Outreach Capabilities

Additionally, ways to expand and improve these existing policies and programs to integrate hazard mitigation into the City's day-to-day activities were considered.



4.1. Planning and Regulatory Capabilities

Table 3 includes local ordinances, policies, and laws to manage growth and development (e.g., land use plans, capital improvement plans, transportation plans, emergency preparedness and response plans, building codes, and zoning ordinances).

Table 3. Planning and Regulatory Capabilities

Capability Category	Yes/No	Authority <i>(local, county, state, federal)</i>	Responsible Department/ Agency	Code Citation and Comments <i>(e.g., Code Chapter, name of plan, explanation of authority, etc.)</i>
Planning Capacity				
Comprehensive Plan / General Plan	Yes	State, Local	Planning Division	2035 General Plan (October 2016)
Capital Improvement Plan	Yes	Local	Public Works Department	Adopted September 2020, updated every two (2) years
Floodplain Management / Basin Plan	Yes	State	Public Works Department	
Stormwater Management Plan	Yes	Local	Public Works Department	Storm Drain Master Plan (2015)
Open Space Plan	Yes	Local	Parks, Open Spaces, and Facilities Department	2035 General Plan, Chapter 8: Parks, Open Space, and Conservation
Stream Corridor Management Plan	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Watershed Management or Protection Plan	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Economic Development Plan	Yes	Local	Community & Economic Development Department	Ravenswood Business District 4/ Corners Specific Plan (2024) 2035 General Plan, Chapter 5: Economic Development
Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Emergency Operations Plan	Yes	Local	Police Department	
Evacuation Plan	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	Yes	State, County	San Mateo County Department of Emergency Management	Emergency Operations Plan, Volume 1; Chapter 4: Recovery
Transportation Plan	Yes	Local	Planning Division	Bicycle Transportation Plan (2016) 2035 General Plan, Chapter 6: Transportation
Strategic Recovery Planning Report	No	n/a	n/a	n/a



Capability Category	Yes/No	Authority (local, county, state, federal)	Responsible Department/ Agency	Code Citation and Comments (e.g., Code Chapter, name of plan, explanation of authority, etc.)
Climate Adaptation Plan	Yes	Local	Planning Division	Climate Action Plan (2014)
Resilience Plan	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Urban Water Management Plan	Yes	State	Mid-Peninsula Water District	
Community Wildfire Protection Plan	Yes	County	Melo Park Fire Department District	Building Code, Chapter 7a: Wildland Urban Interface (2011)
Regulatory Capability				
Building Code	Yes	State, Local	Building Services Division	Title 15 of City Code
Zoning Code	Yes	State, Local	Planning Division	Title 18, Articles 2 and 3 of the City Code
Subdivision Code	Yes	Local	Building Services Division	Title 18, Article 5 of the City Code
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes	Local	Public Works Department	Title 15, Chapter 15.52 of the City Code
Cumulative Substantial Damage Ordinance	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Freeboard	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Growth Management Ordinance	Yes	Local	Planning Division	2035 General Plan (2016)
Site Plan Review	Yes	Local	Planning Division	Title 18, Article 7, Chapter 18.86 of the City Code
Stormwater Management Ordinance	Yes	Local	Public Works Department	Title 13 of the City Code
Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Natural Hazard Ordinance	Yes	Local	Fire Department	Title 8, Chapter 8.16: Fire Code and Prevention of the City Code
Post-Disaster Recovery Ordinance	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
Real Estate Disclosure Requirement	Yes	State	California Department of Real Estate	Section 1102 of the California Civil Code

4.2. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

The administrative and technical capabilities listed in **Table 4** include community (i.e., public and private) staff, their skills, and tools that can be used for mitigation planning and implementation. This capability includes engineers, planners, emergency managers, Geographic Information System (GIS) analysts, building inspectors, grant writers, and floodplain managers. Small communities may rely on other government entities, such as counties or special districts, for resources.



Table 4. Administration and Technical Capabilities

Capability	Yes/No	Comments <i>(e.g., position, department, agency, explanation)</i>
Administrative Capabilities		
Planning Board	Yes	Public Works Department, Planning Division Staff
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	n/a
Environmental Board/Commission	No	n/a
Open Space Board/Committee	No	n/a
Economic Development Commission/Committee	Yes	Community and Economic Development Department
Maintenance programs to reduce risk	No	n/a
Mutual Aid Agreements	No	n/a
Technical/Staffing Capabilities		
Planner(s) or engineer(s) with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Community and Economic Development Department Public Works Department, Engineering and Planning Divisions
Engineer(s) or professional(s) trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Community and Economic Development Department Public Works Department, Engineering Division
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Community and Economic Development Department Public Works Department, Engineering Division
NFIP Floodplain Administrator	Yes	Public Works Department, Engineering Department
Surveyor(s)	Yes	State Licensed Consultants
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS applications	Yes	Staff, Contract IT
A scientist familiar with natural hazards	Yes	United States Geological Survey California Department of Conservation University of California, Berkeley
Warning systems/services	Yes	SMC Alert, in partnership with the San Mateo County Department of Emergency Management
Emergency manager	Yes	Administrative Services Director
Grantwriter(s)	No	n/a
Staff with expertise or training in benefit cost analysis	Yes	Community and Economic Development Department, Management Analyst
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	Yes	Public Works Department



4.3. Fiscal Capabilities

Table 5 lists fiscal capabilities available to the City of East Palo Alto that may be used to implement mitigation activities to reduce risk and enhance resiliency. This capability includes available funding sources from local budgets, state and federal grants, potential cost-sharing arrangements with private entities, existing insurance policies, and the ability to generate additional revenue through mitigation-related fees and bonds.

Table 5. Financial Capabilities

Capability	Accessible or Eligible to Use
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	Yes
Federal Hazard Mitigation Assistance Program <i>(i.e., Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP), HMGP Post Fire, Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) Program)</i>	Yes
Capital improvements project funding	Yes
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas, or electric service	Yes (established fee schedule)
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Yes
Stormwater utility fee	Yes
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	Yes
Incur debt through private activity bonds	Yes
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	Yes
Other federal or state funding programs	Yes
Open space acquisition funding programs	No

4.4. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Table 6 lists the City’s education and public outreach capabilities that can be used to inform residents about potential hazards, educate on mitigation strategies, and encourage proactive actions to reduce the community’s impacts to disasters. These capabilities include fire safety programs, hazard awareness campaigns, public information, and communications offices.

Table 6. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Capability	Yes/No	Comments <i>(e.g., position, department, agency, explanation)</i>
Public Information Officer	Yes	East Palo Alto Police Department City Manager’s Office
Personnel skilled or trained in website development	Yes	Personnel within each city department



Capability	Yes/No	Comments <i>(e.g., position, department, agency, explanation)</i>
Hazard mitigation information is available on the jurisdiction's website	Yes	<i>Know Your Risks in East Palo Alto</i> and <i>Hazard Mitigation Plan</i> sections under Emergency Preparedness
Utilize social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach	Yes	Facebook: facebook.com/CityofEastPaloAlto/ X: x.com/city_epa Instagram: instagram.com/cityofepa/
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation	Yes	Program for Public Information (PPI) Group
Other programs already in place that could be used to communicate hazard-related information	Yes	COAD of South San Mateo County
An established warning system for hazard events	Yes	SMC Alert, in partnership with the San Mateo County Department of Emergency Management

4.5. Community Classifications

The community classification relates to the community’s ability to provide effective services to reduce its vulnerability to the identified hazards. These classifications can be viewed as indicators of the community’s capabilities across all phases of emergency management (i.e., preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation) and are used as underwriting parameters to determine the costs of various forms of insurance. **Table 7** summarizes the classifications of community programs available to the City of East Palo Alto.

Table 7. Community Classifications

Program	Yes/No	Classification <i>(if applicable)</i>	Date Classified <i>(if applicable)</i>
Community Rating System (CRS)	Yes	8	10/8/2020
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	Yes	3	2019
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	Yes	2	2012
NWS StormReady®	Yes	7	1/27/2012
NWS TsunamiReady®	No	n/a	n/a
Firewise USA®	Yes	2	2012

4.6. Needs to Expand/Improve Capabilities

The City of East Palo Alto identified existing authorities, policies, programs, funding, and/or resources that need to be expanded and/or improved to support the implementation of the hazard mitigation initiatives identified in this Plan (e.g., mitigation actions).

- City codes and ordinances (e.g., building, zoning, land use, fire) should be reviewed based on developing trends in identified hazards and mitigation measures that can make them more effective at preventing losses. EPASD’s codes require review and update as well.



- To increase the City's capability to identify and apply for hazard mitigation grants and fund the local match for hazard mitigation grants, the City needs to expand its grant writing capabilities by potentially hiring more grant writers. This includes mitigation projects related to EPASD infrastructure.
- Enhance the City's GIS capabilities to more effectively integrate current hazard data, improve vulnerability mapping accuracy, and better prioritize mitigation projects.

5. NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

The City of East Palo Alto is a member of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and has chosen to participate in the NFIP Community Rating System (CRS) Program. The City is in good standing with the NFIP through adoption and enforcement of floodplain management requirements (e.g., regulating all new and substantially improved construction in Special Hazard Flood Areas), floodplain identification and mapping, and flood insurance outreach to the community. The City's NFIP participation information is listed in **Table 8**.

Table 8. NFIP Participation Information

Community ID	NFIP Participation Date	Current Effective FIRM Date	CRS Entry Date	CRS Current Effective Date	CRS Class
060708	9/19/1984	4/5/2019	10/1/2011	4/1/2022	8

5.1. NFIP Floodplain Administrator

All NFIP participating jurisdictions have a designated Floodplain Administrator who is charged with enforcing floodplain regulations, routinely monitoring the floodplains, and providing community assistance, such as encouraging owners to maintain flood insurance. The City of East Palo Alto Floodplain Administrator information is listed in **Table 9**.

Table 9. Floodplain Administrator

Name	Title	Department	Phone Number
Anwarbeg Mirza	City Engineer	Public Works	(650) 853-3113

5.2. Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss Property

FEMA defines a Repetitive Loss property as an NFIP-insured property meeting at least one (1) of the following paid loss criteria since 1978, regardless of any changes in ownership:

- Four (4) or more separate claims payments greater than \$5,000 each (including building and contents payment).
- Two (2) or more separate flood insurance claims payments (building payments only), where the total of the payments is greater than the property's current value.



Additionally, to receive a designation, at least two (2) of the claim payments must occur within 10 years of one another.²

A Severe Repetitive Loss property is defined by FEMA as any NFIP-insured single-family or multi-family residential building meeting at least one (1) of the following paid loss criteria since 1978 or from a building constructed after 1978, regardless of any changes in ownership:³

- That has incurred flood-related damage for which four (4) or more separate claims payments have been made, with the amount of each claim (including building and contents payments) exceeding \$5,000, and with the cumulative amount of such claims payments exceeding \$20,000.
- For which at least two (2) separate claims payments (building payments only) have been made under such coverage, with the cumulative amount of such claims exceeding the market value of the building.

Table 10 summarizes FEMA Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss properties within the City of East Palo Alto.

Table 10. Repetitive Loss and Severe Repetitive Loss Properties

Repetitive Loss Properties		Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	
Total	Occupancy	Total	Occupancy
0	N/A	0	N/A
<p>Occupancy Type: Single Family = Single family residence • Two (2)-Four (4) Unit Residential Building = Two (2)-four (4) unit residential building • More Than Four (4) Units Residential Building = Residential building with more than four (4) units • Non-Residential Building = Non-residential building • Non-Residential Business = Non-residential business • Single Family Residential Building = Single-family residential building with the exception of a mobile home or a single residential unit within a multi-unit building • Residential (2, 3, or 4 units) Non-Condo Building = Residential non-condo building with two (2), three (3), or four (4) units seeking insurance on all units • Residential (5 or more units) Non-Condo Building = Residential non-condo building with 5 or more units seeking insurance on all units • Residential Mobile/Manufactured Home = Residential mobile/manufactured home • Residential Condo Association = Residential condo association seeking coverage on a building with one (1) or more units • Single Residential Unit = Single residential unit within a multi-unit building • Non-Residential Mobile/manufactured Home = Non-residential mobile/manufactured home • Non-Residential Building = Non-residential building • Non-Residential Unit = Non-residential unit within a multi-unit building</p>			

Table 11 summarizes NFIP active policies and coverage in force data for the City of East Palo Alto.

Table 11. NFIP Policies

NFIP Policies	Insurance in Force	Total Claims Paid	Sum of Claims Paid
354	\$113,925,000	7	\$170,166.91

² Federal Emergency Management Agency, National Flood Insurance Program. (2023). A Policyholder’s Guide to Severe Repetitive Loss. Retrieved from https://agents.floodsmart.gov/sites/default/files/fema_nfip-policyholders-guide-severe-repetitive-loss_brochure_07-2023.pdf.

³ Federal Emergency Management Agency, National Flood Insurance Program. (2021). National Flood Insurance Program: Flood Insurance Manual. Retrieved from https://www.fema.gov/sites/default/files/documents/fema_nfip-all-flood-insurance-manual-apr-2021.pdf.



5.3. Participation Activities

The City of East Palo Alto's NFIP participation over the last five (5) years includes the following:

- Community staff provide the following services – permit reviews, GIS, inspections, and engineering capability.
- The community's Floodplain Administrator is a Certified Floodplain Manager (CFM).
- The community teaches property owners or other stakeholders about the importance of flood insurance through public outreach events, workshops, and/or seminars.
- The community enforces local floodplain regulations and monitors compliance.
- The community's floodplain development regulations meet or exceed Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) or State minimum requirements.
- The community participates in the Community Rating System (CRS) Program.

5.3.1. Substantial Damage

Substantial damage means damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before damaged condition would equal or exceed 50% of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred. (Title 15, Chapter 15.52.040 of the City Code)

5.3.2. Substantial Improvement

Substantial improvement means any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other proposed new development of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure before the start of construction of the improvement. If multiple or phased improvements are involved, total costs shall be cumulative for a five (5) consecutive year period prior to the start of construction. This term includes structures which have incurred substantial damage, regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include either:

- Any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations or state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions.
- Any alteration of a historic structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a state inventory of historic places, provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure. (Title 15, Chapter 15.52.040 of the City Code)

5.3.3. Substantial Damage/Substantial Improvement Determination Process

The City of East Palo Alto's Substantial Damage/Substantial Improvement determination process ensures compliance with the NFIP and the local floodplain management ordinances. To determine whether a structure has sustained Substantial Damage/Substantial Improvement after a flood event, the City will use the FEMA Substantial Damage Estimator tool, along with a collaborative review conducted by the Codes Inspectors, City Engineers, Fire Marshal, and other relevant officials.



6. HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN INTEGRATION

For a community to successfully reduce long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into day-to-day planning mechanisms and initiatives. Plan integration is the process by which communities critically assess the existing planning framework and align efforts to reduce long-term risks and build a more resilient community. It involves a two (2) way exchange of information and incorporation of ideas and concepts between hazard mitigation plans and other community plans. In particular, plan integration involves incorporating hazard mitigation principles and actions into other plans and integrating planning mechanisms into hazard mitigation plans. Plan integration involves community plans, policies, codes, and programs that guide development and define roles and responsibilities for implementing these capabilities. Additionally, plan integration is achieved through the involvement of key staff and community officials in collaborative hazard mitigation planning.

6.1. Existing Plan Integration

A hazard mitigation plan must explain how the jurisdiction incorporated the previous Plan update over the last five (5) years to demonstrate progress in local mitigation efforts. During the performance period since the adoption of the previous LHMP, the City of East Palo Alto has made progress in integrating components of the hazard mitigation strategy (e.g., goals, objectives, and actions) into planning initiatives and mechanisms. **Table 12** highlights the planning mechanisms/initiatives in which the previous Plan was integrated, as well as the information integrated.

Table 12. Existing Plan Integration

Planning Initiative	Current Integration Description
General Plan	Hazard data and mitigation priorities from the LHMP informed Safety Element policies, especially for flood, wildfire, seismic (e.g., earthquake), and climate-related risks. The LHMP served as a crucial tool in shaping policies and actions within the General Plan.
Emergency Operations Plan	The Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) integrates mitigation considerations into its response actions to reduce the community's risk exposure. The LHMP is currently used as an essential tool to update the City EOP.
Capital Improvements Plan	Hazard data and mitigation priorities from the LHMP inform capital project prioritization and align mitigation projects with funding opportunities, including FEMA grant programs. Integration occurs through coordinated review with other agencies and special districts, ensuring that mitigation goals are embedded in both long-range planning and day-to-day operations.
Levee and Water Storage Improvements	The City upgraded its levees and water storage infrastructure, which was intended to mitigate flood impacts in the City.

6.2. Potential Future Integration

A hazard mitigation plan must explain how the jurisdiction intends to incorporate this Plan update into planning mechanisms over the next five (5) years. The capability assessment presented in Section 4 of this Annex identifies codes, plans, and programs that provide opportunities for integration. **Table 13** outlines planning mechanisms/initiatives that do not currently integrate the goals and recommendations of this Plan but provide opportunities to do so in the future.



Table 13. Potential Future Integration

Planning Initiative	Current Integration Description
City Code	Mitigation actions and the hazard risk assessment in the LHMP can inform updates and revisions to the City Code (e.g., building, land use, fire codes). Portions of this Plan will be reviewed to consider any future improvements to the Code, if appropriate.
General Plan	The LHMP will be used to identify new information not available during the previous revision of the City’s General Plan, including hazards (e.g., flooding and sea level rise) and climate adaptation and resilience strategies.
Emergency Operations Plan	The LHMP will remain an essential tool to update the City Emergency Operations Plan (EOP). The latest LHMP hazard descriptions will be included. Mitigation actions that are preparedness and response in nature will be analyzed for applicability and for inclusion in the description of EOP processes and procedures.
Capital Improvement Plan	The City will continue to ensure consistency between this LHMP and future updates of the Capital Improvement Plan. The LHMP may identify new possible funding sources for capital improvement projects, which may result in modifications to proposed projects based on the results of the risk assessment. Integration will occur through coordinated review with other agencies and special districts, ensuring that mitigation goals are embedded in both long-range planning and day-to-day operations.

The City’s Local Planning Team will identify all relevant planning initiatives scheduled for update in the next year and during the annual update process of the LHMP. Additionally, the Local Planning Team will identify opportunities to integrate key elements of the LHMP, specifically relevant strategies, into the planning initiatives. Mitigation actions were identified to promote plan integration in future revisions of this Plan.

7. SIGNIFICANT PAST EVENTS

A complete risk assessment, including past incidents, for each identified hazard of concern, can be found in **Volume 1** of this Plan. A summary of past events is provided under each hazard profile and includes a chronology of events that have affected the County and its municipalities. **Table 14** provides information on significant hazard events that uniquely impacted the City of East Palo Alto.

Table 14. Significant Past Events

Date	Event Type <i>(include Disaster Declaration, if applicable)</i>	Description of Event and Impacts
December 2012	Flood	Flash flooding occurred in 2012 (Resolution 4377), impacting the City. A local emergency declaration was issued.



Date	Event Type <i>(include Disaster Declaration, if applicable)</i>	Description of Event and Impacts
February 1998	Flood	<p>The flood of 1998 was a significant event that affected the community and prompted changes in flood management and community response. The flood was caused by a combination of heavy rainfall and high tides, which led to overflow from San Francisquito Creek. A disaster was declared for the event.</p> <p>The flood affected approximately 1,700 properties in East Palo Alto, Palo Alto, and Menlo Park, with repairs estimated at \$28 million, later revised to \$40 million. The incident highlighted the need for better flood warning systems and community preparedness.</p> <p>The flood also led to the establishment of the San Francisquito Creek Joint Powers Authority, a regional government agency formed to address flooding and environmental issues related to the creek. This initiative aimed to modernize infrastructure and improve flood control measures. The 1998 flood remains a significant event in East Palo Alto's history, and the community continues to work to improve its flood resilience and preparedness for future events.</p>

8. HAZARD VULNERABILITY AND IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Exposure and vulnerability to certain hazards affect the entire County, and others are geographically defined. Although the entire County may be vulnerable to these hazards, their impacts may vary depending on existing community conditions (e.g., underserved populations or those with access and functional needs may be more susceptible under certain conditions).

The Local Planning Team identified **unique vulnerabilities and impacts** to the following natural hazards, based on the hazards profiled in **Volume 1**.

- Drought
- Earthquake
- Flood (*riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding*)
- Sea Level Rise
- Severe Weather (*heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog*)

It was determined that the planning area did not have unique vulnerabilities or impacts from the following natural hazards; rather, its vulnerabilities and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.



- Dam Failure
- Landslide
- Tsunami
- Wildfire

Note: Severe weather and flood are profiled as the two (2) hazards. However, to conduct a more thorough risk assessment, the sub-hazards (i.e., heavy rainfall, heat wave/extreme heat, fog, severe thunderstorms, tornadoes, strong winds, riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, and coastal flooding) were ranked individually. The hazard risk assessment methodology can be found in Chapter 4 of **Volume 1** of this Plan.

Table 15 outlines the *unique vulnerabilities and impacts* for the City of East Palo Alto and addresses only the hazards relevant to the jurisdiction. A complete risk assessment for each identified hazard of concern is in **Volume 1** of this Plan. Hazard mapping can be found in Appendix A of this Annex.

Table 15. Hazard Vulnerability and Impact Assessment

Hazard	Vulnerability and Impacts
Dam Failure	The Local Planning Team determined that the City does not have unique vulnerabilities or impacts from dam failure; rather, the City's vulnerabilities and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.
Drought	The City is often impacted by dry landscaping, which becomes more vulnerable to fires during droughts. It also affects tree roots, making them more likely to fall over during strong wind events.
Earthquake	The City is located between the San Andreas Fault, Hayward Fault, and San Gregorio Fault. Also, the City is situated in an area with liquefaction susceptibility ranging from moderate to very high, and during seismic events, this may result in considerable damage to buildings and structures. There are many older buildings in the City that do not meet current earthquake standards. Also, the City is bordered by the San Francisco Bay, making the coastal areas vulnerable to tsunamis if a large-scale earthquake were to occur.
Flood (<i>riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding</i>)	The City is highly vulnerable to flooding due to San Mateo County Levee 62, which is at risk of overtopping during heavy rainfall events. Historically, the City has sustained significant flood damage due to the levee overtopping and its proximity to the San Francisco Bay. According to the United States Army Corps of Engineers' National Levee Database, there are approximately 2,249 buildings, 12,615 people, approximately \$1 billion in property value, and five (5) critical facilities (one (1) electrical substation and four (4) schools) behind this levee.
Landslide	The Local Planning Team determined that the City does not have unique vulnerabilities and impacts to landslides; rather, the City's vulnerabilities and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.



Hazard	Vulnerability and Impacts
Sea Level Rise	The City is located near San Francisco Bay and has experienced some coastal flooding. If sea levels continue to rise, coastal flooding may become more frequent and/or severe in the City.
Severe Weather (<i>heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog</i>)	East Palo Alto has multiple neighborhoods that sit close to the San Francisco Bay and the San Francisquito Creek, both of which can cause severe flooding during heavy rainfall events. The City is highly vulnerable to flooding due to San Mateo County Levee 62, which is at risk of overtopping during heavy rainfall events. Historically, the City has sustained significant flood damage due to the levee overtopping and its proximity to the San Francisco Bay. According to the United States Army Corps of Engineers' National Levee Database, there are approximately 2,249 buildings, 12,615 people, approximately \$1 billion in property value, and five (5) critical facilities (one (1) electrical substation and four (4) schools) behind this levee.
Tsunami	The Local Planning Team determined that the City does not have unique vulnerabilities or impacts from tsunamis; rather, the City's vulnerabilities and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.
Wildfire	The Local Planning Team determined that the City does not have unique vulnerabilities or impacts from wildfires; rather, the City's vulnerabilities and impacts are consistent with those experienced throughout the County.

The City evaluated whether vulnerability in hazard-prone areas had increased, decreased, or remained the same for each natural hazard identified in this LHMP. Climate change, changes in population, infrastructure expansion, and economic shifts that can affect vulnerability were considered. For example, if planned development is in an identified hazard area or is not built to the updated building codes, it may increase the community's vulnerability to future hazards and disasters. On the other hand, if development occurred with mitigation practices in place, the vulnerability may have remained the same or decreased. Additionally, shifting demographics (e.g., underserved population) were taken into consideration.

Table 16 outlines whether climate change has increased or decreased the City's vulnerability (i.e., exposure) and impact to each natural hazard over the past five (5) years, and the effect of climate change on the future probability of occurrence and impacts from each natural hazard

Table 16. Climate Change: Current and Future Vulnerability and Impact

Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact
<i>Current Vulnerability and Impact</i>	
Dam Failure	Remained the Same
Drought	Remained the Same
Earthquake	Remained the Same
Flood (<i>riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding</i>)	Remained the Same
Landslide	Not Applicable
Sea Level Rise	Remained the Same



Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact
Severe Weather (<i>heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog</i>)	Remained the Same
Tsunami	Remained the Same
Wildfire	Remained the Same
<i>Future Vulnerability and Impact</i>	
Dam Failure	No Change Anticipated
Drought	No Change Anticipated
Earthquake	No Change Anticipated
Flood (<i>riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding</i>)	No Change Anticipated
Landslide	Not Applicable
Sea Level Rise	No Change Anticipated
Severe Weather (<i>heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog</i>)	No Change Anticipated
Tsunami	No Change Anticipated
Wildfire	No Change Anticipated

Table 17 outlines whether changes in population within the City over the past five (5) years have increased or decreased the vulnerability (i.e., exposure) and impact to these natural hazards, and the anticipated effects changes in population may have on the future probability of occurrence and impacts from these natural hazards.

Table 17. Changes in Population: Current and Future Vulnerability and Impact

Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact
<i>Current Vulnerability and Impact</i>	
Dam Failure	Remained the Same
Drought	Remained the Same
Earthquake	Remained the Same
Flood (<i>riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding</i>)	Remained the Same
Landslide	Not Applicable
Sea Level Rise	Remained the Same
Severe Weather (<i>heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog</i>)	Remained the Same
Tsunami	Remained the Same
Wildfire	Remained the Same
<i>Future Vulnerability and Impact</i>	
Dam Failure	No Change Anticipated
Drought	No Change Anticipated



Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact
Earthquake	No Change Anticipated
Flood (riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding)	No Change Anticipated
Landslide	Not Applicable
Sea Level Rise	No Change Anticipated
Severe Weather (heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog)	No Change Anticipated
Tsunami	No Change Anticipated
Wildfire	No Change Anticipated

Table 18 outlines whether development over the past five (5) years has increased or decreased the City’s vulnerability (i.e., exposure) and impact to these natural hazards, and the anticipated effects changes in development may have on the future probability of occurrence and impacts from these natural hazards.

Table 18. Changes in Development: Current and Future Vulnerability and Impact

Hazard	Vulnerability and Impact
Current Vulnerability and Impact	
Dam Failure	Remained the Same
Drought	Remained the Same
Earthquake	Remained the Same
Flood (riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding)	Remained the Same
Landslide	Not Applicable
Sea Level Rise	Remained the Same
Severe Weather (heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog)	Remained the Same
Tsunami	Remained the Same
Wildfire	Remained the Same
Future Vulnerability and Impact	
Dam Failure	No Change Anticipated
Drought	No Change Anticipated
Earthquake	No Change Anticipated
Flood (riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding)	No Change Anticipated
Landslide	Not Applicable
Sea Level Rise	No Change Anticipated
Severe Weather (heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog)	No Change Anticipated
Tsunami	No Change Anticipated
Wildfire	No Change Anticipated



8.1. Future Major Assets

Community assets should include anything that is important to a community's character and function. Assets include people (i.e., underserved population); structures (i.e., new and existing buildings); community lifelines and other critical facilities; natural, historic, and cultural resources; and the economy and other activities that have value to the community.

The City of East Palo Alto has construction projects underway, including a project referred to as The Civic Commons, that may be exposed or vulnerable to any of the natural hazards identified in this LHMP. The Civic Commons project will include the creation of public buildings and park assets. The remaining projects, once completed, will hold economic significance for the community comparable to the EPACENTER and Ravenswood Family Health Center.

Any new assets (e.g., new construction in hazard-prone areas) will be built to comply with the latest building codes and standards and will be mitigated to protect them from identified and anticipated hazards, especially those expected to increase due to climate change.

9. HAZARD RISK RANKING

Table 18 presents the local hazard ranking for the City of East Palo Alto of all hazards of concern listed in **Volume 1** of this Plan. This ranking summarizes how hazards vary for this jurisdiction. As thoroughly described in **Volume 1** of this Plan, 14 factors were evaluated to provide an informed and comprehensive analysis and ranking of the hazards included in this LHMP.

- **Probability** (likelihood of annual occurrence)
- **Extent** of the hazard, including catastrophic potential
- **Vulnerability** (i.e., exposure) of the population, property (including critical infrastructure), and changes in the development (over the past five (5) years)
- **Impacts** on population and life safety, underserved population, property (including critical infrastructure), the economy, the environment, continuity of operations/delivery of services, future development, and climate change

The scores for extent, vulnerability, and impact were weighted and combined to produce a consequence score. This consequence score was then multiplied by the probability score to calculate the total risk score for each hazard. At the fundamental level, the consequence is an assessment of the potential impact(s) if the hazards incident were to occur. In this assessment, the consequence score (i.e., the consequence of an event) will be independent of the extent, vulnerability, and impacts. The probability of the hazards is not included in assessing the consequence because, without an event, there is no consequence or impact. For further details on how the probability, extent, vulnerability, and impact factors in **Table 19** were calculated, please refer to Chapter 4 in **Volume 1** of this Plan. Details of the hazard ranking results are provided in Appendix C of this Annex.

It is important to note that the sub-hazards for severe weather (i.e., heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, and fog) and flood (i.e., riverine flooding, urban/flash



flooding, coastal flooding) were individually ranked in the hazard risk ranking; however, severe weather and flood are each considered as the main hazard throughout this Annex and **Volume 1**.

Table 19. City of East Palo Alto Hazard Risk Ranking

Hazard Event	Probability Factor	Sum of Weighted Extent Factors	Sum of Weighted Vulnerability Factors	Sum of Weighted Impact Factors	Consequence Score	Total Risk Score*
Urban/Flash Flooding (Flood)	3	18	14	31	63	88
Heavy Rainfall (Severe Weather)	3	12	13	22	47	65
Earthquake	2	18	14	34	66	61
Strong Winds (Severe Weather)	3	9	13	22	44	61
Sea Level Rise	3	6	11	25	42	58
Riverine Flooding (Flood)	2	12	13	29	54	50
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat (Severe Weather)	3	9	10	15	34	47
Coastal Flooding (Flood)	2	12	9	25	46	43
Severe Thunderstorm (Severe Weather)	2	12	13	20	45	42
Drought	2	6	11	21	38	35
Dam Failure	1	15	5	27	47	22
Wildfire	1	9	5	31	45	21
Tornado (Severe Weather)	1	6	13	13	32	15
Fog (Severe Weather)	1	6	9	11	26	12
Tsunami	1	6	5	12	23	11
Landslide	0	0	0	0	0	0

Extent: Sum of the weighted Extent factors.
Vulnerability: Sum of the weighted Vulnerability factors.
Impact: Sum of the weighted Impact factors.

Consequence Score: Extent + Vulnerability + Impact (Sum of all weighted factors).
Total Risk Score = Probability x Consequence
 * Normalized to 100

Total Risk Score Legend

Classification	Probability	Extent	Vulnerability	Impact	Consequence Score	Total Risk Score
Low (L)	1	0 – 6	0 – 4	0 – 12	0 – 24	0 – 32
Medium (M)	2	7 – 12	5 – 10	13 – 26	25 – 48	33 – 66
High (H)	3	13 – 18	11 – 15	27 – 39	49 – 72	67 – 100

The **Legend**—specifically the assignment of low, medium, and high—provides an additional means to qualitatively assess the probability factor, sum of weighted factors, and the total risk scores for each hazard. The **Consequence Score** represents the sum of the Extent, Vulnerability, and Impact Factors. The **Total Risk Score** is a measure of Probability and Consequence.



10. MITIGATION ACTIONS

This section includes the mitigation actions developed to address the risks and vulnerabilities to the hazards identified in this Plan. This Plan serves only to recommend mitigation measures based on the potential for risk reduction and available funding. Implementation of mitigation actions is dependent on risk reduction priorities, feasibility, and available funding. It is also dependent on the cooperation and support of the jurisdiction and/or department responsible for each action item. Additionally, all mitigation actions identified in the 2021 update or before were updated accordingly. Any new mitigation actions are listed as *New* (under Project Status).

The City of East Palo Alto agreed to 22 mitigation actions that apply to the jurisdiction’s properties for which it has jurisdictional responsibility and authority. A summary of the City’s mitigation actions status is listed in **Table 20**.

Note: The mitigation actions outlined in this Plan are designed only to address those natural hazards that received a risk ranking of *medium* or *high* during the hazard risk assessment (**Table 19**). Hazards that ranked *low* (dam failure, landslide, tsunami, and wildfire) may not have specific mitigation actions detailed in this document.

Table 20. City of East Palo Alto Mitigation Actions Summary

Status		Mitigation Action Total	
Continuing		6	
In Progress		9	
Not Yet Started		3	
New		4	
TOTAL		22	
Completed		0	
No Longer Needed		0	
Mitigation Actions per Hazard			
Dam Failure	7	Sea Level Rise	17
Drought	6	Severe Weather <i>(heavy rainfall, severe thunderstorms, strong winds, tornadoes, heat wave/extreme heat, fog)</i>	19
Earthquake	10	Tsunami	11
Flood <i>(riverine flooding, urban/flash flooding, coastal flooding)</i>	19	Wildfire	6
Landslide	6		

A detailed explanation of the Mitigation Strategy can be found in Chapter 5 of **Volume 1**.



Mitigation Action	Where appropriate, support retrofitting, purchasing, or relocating structures located in high-hazard areas, prioritizing those that have experienced repetitive losses and/or are in high- or medium-risk hazard areas.				
Action Number	EPA-1	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Prioritization Score	36/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Earthquake, Flood, Landslide, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami, Wildfire				
Project Status	Not Yet Started	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Building Division				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	HMGP, FMA		
Additional Details (optional)					

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Mitigation Action	Integrate the San Mateo County Hazard Mitigation Plan into other City plans, ordinances, and programs that govern land use decisions in the community, including, but not limited to, the Municipal Code, the General Plan (and its elements, as appropriate), and the Capital Improvement Program (CIP).				
Action Number	EPA-2	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Prioritization Score	26/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	Ongoing	Implementation Priority	Medium
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Dam Failure, Drought, Earthquake, Flood, Landslide, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami, Wildfire				
Project Status	Continuing	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Planning Division				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source		General Fund (Staff Time)	
Additional Details (optional)	The LHMP information is being incorporated into the General Plan Safety Element, which is scheduled for update by the third quarter of 2026.				

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Mitigation Action	Actively participate in the Hazard Mitigation Plan maintenance protocols outlined in Volume 1 of the San Mateo County Local Hazard Mitigation Plan.				
Action Number	EPA-3	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Prioritization Score	33/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Dam Failure, Drought, Earthquake, Flood, Landslide, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami, Wildfire				
Project Status	Continuing	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Planning Division				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time)		
Additional Details (optional)					

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Mitigation Action	Continue to keep good standing and compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) by implementing floodplain management programs that, at a minimum, meet NFIP requirements. These include, but are not limited to, enforcing the City's flood damage prevention ordinance, participating in floodplain identification and mapping updates, and providing public assistance/information on floodplain requirements and impacts.				
Action Number	EPA-4	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	36/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Dam Failure, Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami				
Project Status	Continuing	<i>If No Longer Needed, provide reason.</i>	n/a		
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department (Engineering Division)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time)		
Additional Details (optional)	The City collects FEMA Elevation Certificates during the building permit process, with Building and Planning offering support. The City also collaborates with the Community Rating System (CRS) every year for recertification. The City remains in good standing with the CRS and continues to exceed minimum NFIP requirements, including the 18-inch minimum freeboard.				



Mitigation Action	Identify and institutionalize climate adaptation strategies by codifying resilience standards into existing City plans and procedures to reduce vulnerability and impacts of specific climate-driven hazards.				
Action Number	EPA-5	Goal(s) Addressed	3, 5	Prioritization Score	26/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Drought, Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Planning Division				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source		General Fund (Staff Time)	
Additional Details (optional)	The City is actively pursuing strategies to increase its adaptive capacity to climate change, including sea level rise, floods, severe weather, and drought. Efforts are being coordinated through the General Plan Safety Element update (scheduled for completion by the third quarter of 2026).				



Mitigation Action	Develop and institutionalize Soft Story Retrofit and Concrete Tilt-Up Building Seismic Retrofit ordinances, as well as develop a database for unreinforced masonry structures.				
Action Number	EPA-6	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 5	Prioritization Score	29/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	Medium
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Earthquake, Landslide				
Project Status	Not Yet Started	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Building Division				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department (Environmental Services)				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source		General Fund (Staff Time)	
Additional Details (optional)					

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Mitigation Action	Achieve and maintain formal standing in the Firewise USA and the National Weather Service StormReady programs. This will institutionalize national standards for wildfire preparedness and weather-related emergency communications, enhancing community-wide resilience and safety.				
Action Number	EPA-7	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 2, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	32/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Dam Failure, Flood, Severe Weather, Wildfire				
Project Status	Continuing	<i>If No Longer Needed, provide reason.</i>	n/a		
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	Menlo Park Fire District, City of San Mateo County Public Works Department				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Low	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time)		
Additional Details (optional)	Fire services in the City of East Palo Alto are provided by the Menlo Park Fire District.				

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Mitigation Action	Conduct water main upgrades and storm drain improvements throughout the City.				
Action Number	EPA-8	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3	Prioritization Score	29/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	Medium
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Dam Failure, Flood, Severe Weather, Tsunami				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	Water Capital Improvement Surcharge, HMGP, FMA		
Additional Details (optional)	Water main upgrades were completed; however, the storm drain improvements are in progress. Installation of the 12-inch mains on University Avenue, Cooley Avenue, and Pulgas Avenue have been completed. The City is actively seeking state and local funding to support storm drain improvements through the Capital Improvement Program. No funding has been secured at this time.				



Mitigation Action	Establish new water storage tanks to improve water supply resilience for the City of East Palo Alto.				
Action Number	EPA-9	Goal(s) Addressed	1	Prioritization Score	32/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Drought, Wildfire				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Building Division				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	High	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time), Capital Improvement Fund		
Additional Details (optional)	Two (2) new water storage tanks are being established in the City. California State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) and its Division of Drinking Water (DDW) establish strict standards for water quality, well construction, and waste discharge.				

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Mitigation Action	Execute the construction of new emergency well projects to ensure access to potable water and system redundancy. This will allow for a reliable secondary water supply and maintain critical service during primary system failure.				
Action Number	EPA-10	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3	Prioritization Score	32/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Drought, Earthquake				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	City of East Palo Alto Planning Division				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	High	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time), Capital Improvement Program		
Additional Details (optional)	Pad D Well is complete. Gloria Way Well is designated for emergency use only. Piping upgrades at Gloria Way Well are planned, and repair work is scheduled to ensure emergency operational readiness.				



Mitigation Action	Support the development and implementation of a Perishable Data Capture Program to systematically collect high water marks, preliminary damage estimates, field photographs, and event mapping within five (5) days of a regional flood, storm, or coastal event causing reportable damage in San Mateo County. Data will be stored in an accessible platform and made available to member jurisdictions, FEMA, and Cal OES for future risk assessments and plan updates, including the San Mateo County Local Hazard Mitigation Plan.				
Action Number	EPA-11	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 2, 3, 4	Prioritization Score	25/40
Year Added to the Plan	2016	Timeline (estimated)	2 to 3 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Dam Failure, Drought, Earthquake, Flood, Landslide, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami, Wildfire				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	OneShoreline (Director of Project Management), City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time)		
Additional Details (optional)					

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Mitigation Action	Formalize a request for a new Flood Insurance Study (FIS) from FEMA for the Gardens area upon completion of San Francisquito Creek levee upgrades. This study is meant to re-evaluate and modernize flood hazard data to accurately reflect the increased protection levels required by flood insurance for the community behind the levee.				
Action Number	EPA-12	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	26/40
Year Added to the Plan	2021	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	Medium
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami				
Project Status	Not Yet Started	<i>If No Longer Needed, provide reason.</i>	n/a		
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department, San Francisquito Creek Joint Powers Authority				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	City of East Palo Alto Planning Division				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	HMGP, FMA		
Additional Details (optional)	The City is waiting for the SAFER Bay Levee upgrade project on San Francisquito Creek to be completed before submitting a Flood Insurance Study (FIS) request.				



Mitigation Action	Incorporate consideration of the FEMA 100-year tide and sea level rise, and extreme storms, into land use planning and shoreline development (including new policies, General Plan, climate-related plans, and development applications).				
Action Number	EPA-13	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	30/40
Year Added to the Plan	2021	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Planning Division, OneShoreline (Director of Project Management)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time), Private Developers, City Capital Improvement Program		
Additional Details (optional)	The City is incorporating sea level rise and climate change policies into the General Plan Safety Element update (scheduled for 2026) and continues to coordinate with OneShoreline on development applications affecting shoreline areas.				

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Mitigation Action	Support the upsizing of stormwater drainage to alleviate repeated localized flooding, especially storm drain systems connected to the San Mateo County Flood and Sea Level Rise Resiliency District Flood Zone channels and infrastructure.				
Action Number	EPA-14	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 4, 5	Prioritization Score	34/40
Year Added to the Plan	2021	Timeline (estimated)	Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather				
Project Status	Continuing	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department, OneShoreline (Director of Project Management)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	Tax-Funded Flood Zones, Property/Vehicle Fees, Stormwater Fees, City Capital Improvement Program, Caltrans grants, California Department of Water Resources grants, United States Environmental Protection Agency grants		
Additional Details (optional)					

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Mitigation Action	Advance long-term resilience to sea level rise and extreme storms for the communities and critical assets adjacent to San Francisquito Creek and the shoreline areas of the cities of Menlo Park and East Palo Alto, and provide environmental, recreational, and community connectivity enhancements where possible.				
Action Number	EPA-15	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	28/40
Year Added to the Plan	2021	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	Medium
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Planning Division, City of East Palo Alto Community Development				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	OneShoreline				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	California Department of Water Resources grants, HMGP, City Capital Improvement Program		
Additional Details (optional)					



Mitigation Action	Collaborate and align with the County-led initiative to enhance the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Community Rating System (CRS) classification. The City will support by assisting in the upgrade and expansion of the countywide flood early warning system and participating in coordinated community flood preparedness and recovery outreach.				
Action Number	EPA-16	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 5	Prioritization Score	36/40
Year Added to the Plan	2021	Timeline (estimated)	Ongoing	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather				
Project Status	Continuing	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	High				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department, OneShoreline (Director of Project Management)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Low	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time)		
Additional Details (optional)					

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Mitigation Action	Assess and prioritize the modernization of utility systems, equipment, and critical facilities, including pump stations, generators, tide gates, stream gages, open channel, and culvert/pipeline infrastructure.				
Action Number	EPA-17	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	34/40
Year Added to the Plan	2021	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department, OneShoreline (Director of Project Management)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	Tax-Funded Flood Zones, HMGP, FMA		
Additional Details (optional)					



Mitigation Action	Prioritize and support green infrastructure projects to enhance resilience to natural disasters. This initiative will integrate green design elements into hazard mitigation projects when feasible.				
Action Number	EPA-18	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3	Prioritization Score	34/40
Year Added to the Plan	2021	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Drought, Flood, Landslide, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather				
Project Status	In Progress	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Planning Division				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	San Mateo Resource Conservation District, City/County Association of Governments of San Mateo County				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	Tax-Funded Flood Zones, Property/Vehicle Fees, Stormwater Fees, Municipal Capital Project Funding, Caltrans grants, California Department of Water Resources grants, United States Environmental Protection Agency grants		
Additional Details (optional)					

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Mitigation Action	Design and construct the replacement of 1,665 feet of sewer main on Bay Road to modernize aging, vulnerable infrastructure and ensure post-disaster operational continuity and prevent pipeline failure (e.g., sanitary sewer overflows during an earthquake or flood events). The enhancements will include replacing the sewer main with a 12-inch HDPE DR 17 pipe.				
Action Number	EPA-19	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	38/40
Year Added to the Plan	2026	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Earthquake, Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami				
Project Status	New	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department (Utilities Division)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	Medium	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time), District Reserve Fund, Private Developers		
Additional Details (optional)	Private developers can fund essential sewer improvements to support their developments.				

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Mitigation Action	Design and construct the replacement of 1,684 feet of sewer main on the major trunk line in Creek and Beech Street, modernize aging, vulnerable infrastructure, and ensure post-disaster operational continuity and prevent pipeline failures (e.g., sanitary sewer overflows during earthquakes or flood events).				
Action Number	EPA-20	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	38/40
Year Added to the Plan	2026	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Earthquake, Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami				
Project Status	New	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department (Utilities Division)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	High	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time), District Reserve Fund, Private Developers		
Additional Details (optional)	Private developers can fund essential sewer improvements to support their developments.				

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Mitigation Action	Design and construct the replacement of the sewer main on Poplar Avenue and Eliot Drive to modernize aging, vulnerable infrastructure, ensure post-disaster operational continuity, and prevent pipeline failure (e.g., sanitary sewer overflows during earthquakes or flood events). The enhancements will include replacing the sewer main with an 8-inch HDPE DR 17 pipe.				
Action Number	EPA-21	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	38/40
Year Added to the Plan	2026	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Earthquake, Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami				
Project Status	New	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department (Utilities Division)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	High	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time), District Reserve Fund, Private Developers		
Additional Details (optional)	Private developers can fund essential sewer improvements to support their developments.				

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Mitigation Action	Design and construct the replacement of 4,833 feet of sewer main on Menalto Avenue, Poplar Avenue, and Bay Road to modernize aging, vulnerable infrastructure and ensure post-disaster operational continuity and prevent pipeline failure (e.g., sanitary sewer overflows during an earthquake or flood events).				
Action Number	EPA-22	Goal(s) Addressed	1, 3, 5	Prioritization Score	38/40
Year Added to the Plan	2026	Timeline (estimated)	4 to 5 Years	Implementation Priority	High
Hazard(s) Mitigated	Earthquake, Flood, Sea Level Rise, Severe Weather, Tsunami				
Project Status	New	If No Longer Needed, provide reason.		n/a	
Benefits (Loss Avoided)	Medium				
Lead Agency / Organization	City of East Palo Alto Public Works Department (Utilities Division)				
Supporting Agency / Organization (If applicable)	n/a				
Additional Participating Jurisdictions (If Applicable)	n/a				
Estimated Cost	High	Potential Funding Source	General Fund (Staff Time), District Reserve Fund, Private Developers		
Additional Details (optional)	Private developers can fund essential sewer improvements to support their developments.				



APPENDIX A. HAZARD MAPS

[Maps are under development...]



APPENDIX B. STAKEHOLDER AND PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT

[Information and supporting documentation will be added after the Public Comment Period concludes.]



APPENDIX C. HAZARD RISK RANKING DETAILS

This appendix provides the details of the hazard ranking results presented in Section 9 of this Annex. For a comprehensive explanation of the risk assessment methodology used for the 2026 LHMP rankings, refer to Chapter 4 in **Volume 1** of this Plan.

C.1. Probability of Occurrence

Hazard Event	Probability of Occurrence		Probability Factor	Weighted Factor
Dam Failure	Low	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 100 years.	1	N/A
Drought	Medium	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 25 years.	2	N/A
Earthquake	Medium	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 25 years.	2	N/A
Riverine Flooding (<i>Flood</i>)	Medium	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 25 years.	2	N/A
Urban/Flash Flooding (<i>Flood</i>)	High	A significant hazard event is likely to occur annually.	3	N/A
Coastal Flooding (<i>Flood</i>)	Medium	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 25 years.	2	N/A
Landslide	Unlikely	A There is little to no probability of a significant occurrence, or the recurrence interval is greater than every 100 years. hazard event is likely to occur within 25 years.	0	N/A
Sea Level Rise	High	A significant hazard event is likely to occur annually.	3	N/A
Heavy Rainfall (<i>Severe Weather</i>)	High	A significant hazard event is likely to occur annually.	3	N/A
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat (<i>Severe Weather</i>)	High	A significant hazard event is likely to occur annually.	3	N/A
Fog (<i>Severe Weather</i>)	Low	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 100 years.	1	N/A
Severe Thunderstorm (<i>Severe Weather</i>)	Medium	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 25 years.	2	N/A
Tornado (<i>Severe Weather</i>)	Low	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 100 years.	1	N/A
Strong Winds (<i>Severe Weather</i>)	High	A significant hazard event is likely to occur annually.	3	N/A
Tsunami	Low	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 100 years.	1	N/A



Hazard Event	Probability of Occurrence		Probability Factor	Weighted Factor
Wildfire	Low	A significant hazard event is likely to occur within 100 years.	1	N/A

C.2. Extent Factors

Hazard Event	Extent Factor	Extent		Extent Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Dam Failure	<i>Extent/Severity</i>	Medium	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a medium-intensity incident.	2	3	6
	<i>Catastrophic</i>	High	High potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	3	3	9
Drought	<i>Extent/Severity</i>	Low	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a low-intensity incident.	1	3	3
	<i>Catastrophic</i>	Low	Low potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	1	3	3
Earthquake	<i>Extent/Severity</i>	High	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a high-intensity incident.	3	3	9
	<i>Catastrophic</i>	High	High potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	3	3	9
Riverine Flooding (Flood)	<i>Extent/Severity</i>	Medium	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a medium-intensity incident.	2	3	6
	<i>Catastrophic</i>	Medium	Medium potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	2	3	6
Urban/Flash Flooding (Flood)	<i>Extent/Severity</i>	High	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a high-intensity incident.	3	3	9
	<i>Catastrophic</i>	High	High potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	3	3	9
Coastal Flooding (Flood)	<i>Extent/Severity</i>	Medium	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a medium-intensity incident.	2	3	6
	<i>Catastrophic</i>	Medium	Medium potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	2	3	6

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Hazard Event	Extent Factor	Extent		Extent Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Landslide	Extent/Severity	Unlikely	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of little to no intensity.	0	3	0
	Catastrophic	Unlikely	Virtually no potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	0	3	0
Sea Level Rise	Extent/Severity	Low	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a low-intensity incident.	1	3	3
	Catastrophic	Low	Low potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	1	3	3
Heavy Rainfall (Severe Weather)	Extent/Severity	Medium	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a medium-intensity incident.	2	3	6
	Catastrophic	Medium	Medium potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	2	3	6
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat (Severe Weather)	Extent/Severity	Medium	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a medium-intensity incident.	2	3	6
	Catastrophic	Low	Low potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	1	3	3
Fog (Severe Weather)	Extent/Severity	Low	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a low-intensity incident.	1	3	3
	Catastrophic	Low	Low potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	1	3	3
Severe Thunderstorm (Severe Weather)	Extent/Severity	Medium	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a medium-intensity incident.	2	3	6
	Catastrophic	Medium	Medium potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	2	3	6
Tornado (Severe Weather)	Extent/Severity	Low	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a low-intensity incident.	1	3	3
	Catastrophic	Low	Low potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	1	3	3



Hazard Event	Extent Factor	Extent		Extent Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Strong Winds (Severe Weather)	Extent/Severity	Medium	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a medium-intensity incident.	2	3	6
	Catastrophic	Low	Low potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	1	3	3
Tsunami	Extent/Severity	Low	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a low-intensity incident.	1	3	3
	Catastrophic	Low	Low potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	1	3	3
Wildfire	Extent/Severity	Low	Historical and/or probabilistic models/studies for this hazard indicate the possibility of a low-intensity incident.	1	3	3
	Catastrophic	Medium	Medium potential that this hazard could be catastrophic.	2	3	6

C.3. Vulnerability Factors

Hazard Event	Vulnerability Factor	Vulnerability		Vulnerability Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Dam Failure	Population Exposure	Low	14% or less of the population is exposed to the hazard.	1	3	3
	Property Exposure	Medium	10% to 24% of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	2	1	2
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1
Drought	Population Exposure	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	Property Exposure	Low	9% or less of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	1	1	1
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1



Hazard Event	Vulnerability Factor	Vulnerability		Vulnerability Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Earthquake	<i>Population Exposure</i>	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	<i>Property Exposure</i>	Low	9% or less of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	1	1	1
	<i>Changes in Development</i>	Medium	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard between 5% and 9%.	2	1	2
Riverine Flooding (Flood)	<i>Population Exposure</i>	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	<i>Property Exposure</i>	High	25% or more of the total assessed property value is exposed to the hazard.	3	1	3
	<i>Changes in Development</i>	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1
Urban/Flash Flooding (Flood)	<i>Population Exposure</i>	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	<i>Property Exposure</i>	High	25% or more of the total assessed property value is exposed to the hazard.	3	1	3
	<i>Changes in Development</i>	Medium	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard between 5% and 9%.	2	1	2
Coastal Flooding (Flood)	<i>Population Exposure</i>	Medium	15% to 29% of the population is exposed to the hazard.	2	3	6
	<i>Property Exposure</i>	Medium	10% to 24% of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	2	1	2
	<i>Changes in Development</i>	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1
Landslide	<i>Population Exposure</i>	No Vulnerability	None of the population is exposed to the hazard.	0	3	0
	<i>Property Exposure</i>	No Vulnerability	None of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	0	1	0
	<i>Changes in Development</i>	No Vulnerability	Changes in development have had no effect and/or have decreased the community's exposure to the hazard.	0	1	0



Hazard Event	Vulnerability Factor	Vulnerability		Vulnerability Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Sea Level Rise	Population Exposure	Medium	15% to 29% of the population is exposed to the hazard.	2	3	6
	Property Exposure	High	25% or more of the total assessed property value is exposed to the hazard.	3	1	3
	Changes in Development	Medium	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard between 5% and 9%.	2	1	2
Heavy Rainfall (Severe Weather)	Population Exposure	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	Property Exposure	High	25% or more of the total assessed property value is exposed to the hazard.	3	1	3
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat (Severe Weather)	Population Exposure	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	Property Exposure	No Vulnerability	None of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	0	1	0
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1
Fog (Severe Weather)	Population Exposure	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	Property Exposure	No Vulnerability	None of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	0	1	0
	Changes in Development	No Vulnerability	Changes in development have had no effect and/or have decreased the community's exposure to the hazard.	0	1	0
Severe Thunderstorm (Severe Weather)	Population Exposure	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	Property Exposure	High	25% or more of the total assessed property value is exposed to the hazard.	3	1	3
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1



Hazard Event	Vulnerability Factor	Vulnerability		Vulnerability Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Tornado (Severe Weather)	Population Exposure	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	Property Exposure	High	25% or more of the total assessed property value is exposed to the hazard.	3	1	3
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1
Strong Winds (Severe Weather)	Population Exposure	High	30% or more of the population is exposed to the hazard.	3	3	9
	Property Exposure	High	25% or more of the total assessed property value is exposed to the hazard.	3	1	3
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1
Tsunami	Population Exposure	Low	14% or less of the population is exposed to the hazard.	1	3	3
	Property Exposure	Low	9% or less of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	1	1	1
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1
Wildfire	Population Exposure	Low	14% or less of the population is exposed to the hazard.	1	3	3
	Property Exposure	Low	9% or less of the total assessed property value is exposed to a hazard.	1	1	1
	Changes in Development	Low	Changes in development have increased the community's exposure to the hazard by 4% or less.	1	1	1



C.4. Impact Factors

Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Dam Failure	Population and Life Safety	Medium	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience some adverse impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Underserved Population	High	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience significant adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as fatalities and severe injuries.	3	3	9
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Medium	More than \$500,000 but less than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to more than 5% but less than 15% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	2	2	4
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	High	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be substantial, requiring extensive outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, and/or preservation work.	3	1	3
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Medium	Impact lasting between 24 and 72 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	2	1	2
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	No Impact	Climate change trends will not increase the impacts of this hazard.	0	1	0



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Drought	Population and Life Safety	Low	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Underserved Population	Medium	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience some adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Low	Less than \$500,000 in property, facilities, and infrastructure damages is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to less than 5% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	1	2	2
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Medium	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be localized, requiring some outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	2	1	2
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Medium	Impact lasting between 24 and 72 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	2	1	2
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	High	Climate Change trends will significantly increase the impacts of this hazard.	3	1	3



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Earthquake	Population and Life Safety	High	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience significant adverse impacts, such as fatalities and severe injuries.	3	3	9
	Underserved Population	High	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience significant adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as fatalities and severe injuries.	3	3	9
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	High	More than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to 15% or more of the property value within the jurisdiction.	3	2	6
	Economic	High	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$10 million.	3	1	3
	Environmental	High	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be substantial, requiring extensive outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, and/or preservation work.	3	1	3
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	High	Impact lasting more than 72 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	3	1	3
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	No Impact	Climate change trends will not increase the impacts of this hazard.	0	1	0



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Riverine Flooding (Flood)	Population and Life Safety	Medium	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience some adverse impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Underserved Population	High	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience significant adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as fatalities and severe injuries.	3	3	9
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Medium	More than \$500,000 but less than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to more than 5% but less than 15% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	2	2	4
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Medium	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be localized, requiring some outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	2	1	2
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Medium	Impact lasting between 24 and 72 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	2	1	2
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	High	Climate Change trends will significantly increase the impacts of this hazard.	3	1	3



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Urban/Flash Flooding (Flood)	Population and Life Safety	Medium	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience some adverse impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Underserved Population	High	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience significant adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as fatalities and severe injuries.	3	3	9
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	High	More than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to 15% or more of the property value within the jurisdiction.	3	2	6
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Medium	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be localized, requiring some outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	2	1	2
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Medium	Impact lasting between 24 and 72 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	2	1	2
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	High	Climate Change trends will significantly increase the impacts of this hazard.	3	1	3



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Coastal Flooding (Flood)	Population and Life Safety	Low	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Underserved Population	Medium	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience some adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	High	More than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to 15% or more of the property value within the jurisdiction.	3	2	6
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Medium	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be localized, requiring some outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	2	1	2
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Medium	Impact lasting between 24 and 72 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	2	1	2
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	High	Climate Change trends will significantly increase the impacts of this hazard.	3	1	3



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Landslide	Population and Life Safety	No Impact	Populations exposed to this hazard are not likely to experience significant adverse impacts.	0	3	0
	Underserved Population	No Impact	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are not likely to experience significant adverse/disproportionate impacts.	0	3	0
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	No Impact	Little to no property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event.	0	2	0
	Economic	No Impact	Virtually no significant economic impact.	0	1	0
	Environmental	No Impact	No environmental impacts from a significant event are likely.	0	1	0
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	No Impact	No impact on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	0	1	0
	Future Development	No Impact	Future development trends will not increase the impacts of this hazard, and/or may even decrease it.	0	1	0
	Climate Change	No Impact	Climate change trends will not increase the impacts of this hazard.	0	1	0



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Sea Level Rise	Population and Life Safety	Medium	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience some adverse impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Underserved Population	Medium	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience some adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	High	More than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to 15% or more of the property value within the jurisdiction.	3	2	6
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Low	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be minimal, requiring little to no outside resources and support; and/or minimal repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	1	1	1
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	No Impact	No impact on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	0	1	0
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	High	Climate Change trends will significantly increase the impacts of this hazard.	3	1	3



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Heavy Rainfall (Severe Weather)	Population and Life Safety	Low	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Underserved Population	Medium	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience some adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Medium	More than \$500,000 but less than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to more than 5% but less than 15% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	2	2	4
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Medium	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be localized, requiring some outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	2	1	2
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Medium	Impact lasting between 24 and 72 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	2	1	2
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	Medium	Climate Change trends will increase the impacts of this hazard, but not significantly.	2	1	2



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Heat Wave/Extreme Heat (Severe Weather)	Population and Life Safety	Low	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Underserved Population	Medium	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience some adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	No Impact	Little to no property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event.	0	2	0
	Economic	Low	Total economic impact is not likely to be greater than \$100,000.	1	1	1
	Environmental	Low	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be minimal, requiring little to no outside resources and support; and/or minimal repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	1	1	1
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	No Impact	No impact on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	0	1	0
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	High	Climate Change trends will significantly increase the impacts of this hazard.	3	1	3



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Fog (Severe Weather)	Population and Life Safety	Low	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Underserved Population	Low	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Low	Less than \$500,000 in property, facilities, and infrastructure damages is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to less than 5% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	1	2	2
	Economic	Low	Total economic impact is not likely to be greater than \$100,000.	1	1	1
	Environmental	Low	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be minimal, requiring little to no outside resources and support; and/or minimal repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	1	1	1
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Low	Impact lasting less than 24 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	1	1	1
	Future Development	No Impact	Future development trends will not increase the impacts of this hazard, and/or may even decrease it.	0	1	0
	Climate Change	No Impact	Climate change trends will not increase the impacts of this hazard.	0	1	0



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Severe Thunderstorm (Severe Weather)	Population and Life Safety	Low	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Underserved Population	Medium	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience some adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Medium	More than \$500,000 but less than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to more than 5% but less than 15% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	2	2	4
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Medium	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be localized, requiring some outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	2	1	2
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Low	Impact lasting less than 24 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	1	1	1
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	Low	Climate Change trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Tornado (Severe Weather)	Population and Life Safety	Low	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Underserved Population	Low	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Low	Less than \$500,000 in property, facilities, and infrastructure damages is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to less than 5% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	1	2	2
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Low	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be minimal, requiring little to no outside resources and support; and/or minimal repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	1	1	1
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Low	Impact lasting less than 24 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	1	1	1
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	Low	Climate Change trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Strong Winds (Severe Weather)	Population and Life Safety	Medium	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience some adverse impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Underserved Population	Medium	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience some adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Medium	More than \$500,000 but less than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to more than 5% but less than 15% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	2	2	4
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	Low	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be minimal, requiring little to no outside resources and support; and/or minimal repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	1	1	1
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Low	Impact lasting less than 24 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	1	1	1
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	Low	Climate Change trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Tsunami	Population and Life Safety	Low	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Underserved Population	Low	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience minimal adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as ambulatory injuries.	1	3	3
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Low	Less than \$500,000 in property, facilities, and infrastructure damages is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to less than 5% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	1	2	2
	Economic	Low	Total economic impact is not likely to be greater than \$100,000.	1	1	1
	Environmental	Low	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be minimal, requiring little to no outside resources and support; and/or minimal repair, cleanup, restoration, or preservation work.	1	1	1
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	Low	Impact lasting less than 24 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	1	1	1
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	No Impact	Climate change trends will not increase the impacts of this hazard.	0	1	0



Hazard Event	Impact Factor	Impact		Impact Factor	Weighted Factor	Score
Wildfire	Population and Life Safety	Medium	Populations exposed to this hazard are likely to experience some adverse impacts, such as injuries requiring acute medical care.	2	3	6
	Underserved Population	High	Underserved populations exposed to the hazard are likely to experience significant adverse/disproportionate impacts, such as fatalities and severe injuries.	3	3	9
	Property, Facilities, and Critical Infrastructure	Medium	More than \$500,000 but less than \$5 million in property, facilities, and infrastructure damage is expected from a single significant event, or damages are expected to occur to more than 5% but less than 15% of the property value within the jurisdiction.	2	2	4
	Economic	Medium	Total economic impact is likely to be greater than \$100,000, but less than or equal to \$10 million.	2	1	2
	Environmental	High	Environmental impact from a single significant event is likely to be substantial, requiring extensive outside resources and support; and/or repair, cleanup, restoration, and/or preservation work.	3	1	3
	Continuity of Operations/Delivery of Services	High	Impact lasting more than 72 hours on the ability of the jurisdiction to meet the essential day-to-day operational demands and needs of the community from a single significant event.	3	1	3
	Future Development	Low	Future development trends will minimally increase the impacts of this hazard.	1	1	1
	Climate Change	High	Climate Change trends will significantly increase the impacts of this hazard.	3	1	3



APPENDIX D. PLAN ADOPTION

[Placeholder for adoption documentation after State and FEMA approval]