County of San Mateo Planning and Building Department

INITIAL STUDY ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION CHECKLIST

(To Be Completed by Planning Department)

1. **Project Title:** Grading Remediation

2. County File Number: PLN 2017-00119

- 3. **Lead Agency Name and Address:** County of San Mateo, 455 County Center, 2ndFloor, Redwood City. CA 94063
- 4. **Contact Person and Phone Number:** Angela Chavez, 650/599-7217
- 5. **Project Location:** Langley Hill Road, Unincorporated La Honda
- 6. **Assessor's Parcel Number and Size of Parcel:** 078-190-180; 40 acres
- 7. Project Sponsor's Name and Address: Alison Mader, 621 High Street, Palo Alto, CA 94301
- 8. Name of Person Undertaking the Project or Receiving the Project Approval (if different from Project Sponsor): Bayfront Investments, LLC., P.O. Box 221471366 Sioux Falls, SD 57186
- 9. General Plan Designation: Open Space Rural
- 10. **Zoning:** RM (Resource Management)
- 11. **Description of the Project:** The project includes a resource management permit and grading permit to remediated grading and construction completed without the benefit of permits. The proposed project includes the removal of four footbridges, three tent platforms, and relocation of a driveway. The project also includes the legalization of a man-made pond. The proposed grading remediation includes 3,680 cubic yards of earthwork (1,840 cubic yards of cut and 1,840 cubic yards of fill).
- 12. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting: The subject parcel is located approximately two miles from the intersection of Rapley Ranch Road and Skyline Boulevard (California State Route 35). The upper portions of Russian Ridge Preserve are within two miles of the project site. The surrounding area is made up of large multi-acre parcels with a mix of undeveloped and low-density development. The area is rural in nature made up of wooded forest areas and rolling hills. Woodruff Creek, a tributary to La Honda Creek, runs along the parcel's northern boundary.
- 13. Other Public Agencies Whose Approval is Required: None
- 14. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the

determination of significance of impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.?: No, there have been no requests for consultation from any California Native American tribes which are traditionally and/or culturally affiliated with the project area.

(NOTE: Conducting consultation early in the California Environmental Quality Act process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process (see Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.2.). Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality).

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or "Significant Unless Mitigated" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

	Aesthetics	Energy	Public Services
	Agricultural and Forest Resources	Hazards and Hazardous Materials	Recreation
Χ	Air Quality	Hydrology/Water Quality	Transportation
Χ	Biological Resources	Land Use/Planning	Tribal Cultural Resources
	Climate Change	Mineral Resources	Utilities/Service Systems
	Cultural Resources	Noise	Wildfire
	Geology/Soils	Population/Housing	Mandatory Findings of Significance

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as onsite, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.

- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) is required.
- 4. "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in 5. below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration (Section 15063(c)(3)(D)). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. Supporting Information Sources. Sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.

1.

roads?

	project:				0
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
1.a.	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista, views from existing residential areas, public lands, water bodies, or				Х

AESTHETICS. Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, would the

Discussion: The subject project will return the project to a more natural state by remediating the unpermitted grading and removing construction projects. The man-made pond to be legalized is proposed to remain as draining it has the potential to result in significant impacts to resources. While the project area is scenic the project site is not visible from residential areas, public lands, water bodies, or roads. **Source:** Project Location, Project Plans. 1.b. Substantially damage or destroy scenic Χ resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? **Discussion:** The proposed project does not propose alterations to rock outcropping or include any alterations to historic buildings. The project site is not located within a state scenic highway. The project does propose to remove four (4) trees. However, given the amount of extensive tree cover present on the parcel, the removal of these trees will not result in significant visual change. **Source:** Project Location, Project Plans. In non-urbanized areas, substantially 1.c. Χ degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings, such as significant change in topography or ground surface relief features, and/or development on a ridgeline? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality? **Discussion:** While the proposed grading quantities are substantial this amount is necessary to return the project to a more natural state. Due to project location, significant tree cover, and topography of the site the project site is not visible from any public view point. Source: Project Location; Project Plans. Χ 1.d. Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area? Discussion: The project will return the project to a more natural state and does not include elements that would result in a new light source or glare to impact day or nighttime views. Source: Project Plans. 1.e. Be adjacent to a designated Scenic Χ Highway or within a State or County Scenic Corridor?

Discussion: The project parcel is not adjacent to a designated Scenic Highway or within a State or County Scenic Corridor.				
Source: Project Location.				
1.f. If within a Design Review District, conflict with applicable General Plan or Zoning Ordinance provisions?				Х
Discussion: The project parcel is not located within a Design Review District. The proposed remediation project does not conflict with applicable General Plan or Zoning Ordinance provisions.				
Source : Project Plans, Project Location, San Ma County General Plan.	teo County Zo	ning Regulatio	ons, and San N	Mateo
1.g. Visually intrude into an area having natural scenic qualities?				Χ
Discussion: While the project parcel is located in an area that has natural scenic qualities the project site is not located in an area that is visible from public viewpoints. Further, the proposed project will remediate unpermitted work and does not involve the construction of permanent structures or development which would impact the natural scenic qualities.				
Source: Project Location, Project Plans.				

2. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES. In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:

		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
2.a. For lands outside the convert Prime Farmland Farmland, or Farmland Importance (Farmland maps prepared pursu Mapping and Monitori California Resources agricultural use?	nd, Unique ad of Statewide d) as shown on the ant to the Farmland ing Program of the			X	

Discussion: The subject parcel is located outside of the Coastal Zone and is identified as having grazing lands on the San Mateo County Important Farmland map. These are lands on which vegetation is suited to the grazing of livestock. The proposed project will remove the unpermitted site alterations and construction returning the site to its previous condition. Source: Important Farmland Maps, California Department of Conservation Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (February 2018) 2.b. Conflict with existing zoning for Χ agricultural use, an existing Open Space Easement, or a Williamson Act contract? Discussion: The project site is a Williamson Act contracted parcel. The contract was non-renewed on September 23, 2011 and the contract expires on December 31, 2020. The project will remediate previously unpermitted work thereby returning the parcel to a more natural state. No permanent structures or buildings are included as part of the project scope which would conflict with the Williamson Act contract. Returning the project to its pre-project status is consistent with the existing zoning designation for the parcel (Resource Management). Source: Project Plans. Project Location, San Mateo County Zoning Regulations, Williamson Act Contract #AP 66-27. 2.c. Χ Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use or conversion of forestland to non-forest use? **Discussion:** The proposed project does not involve introduction of a new use to the site and includes only the remediation of unpermitted work. Source: Project Location. 2.d. For lands within the Coastal Zone, Χ convert or divide lands identified as Class I or Class II Agriculture Soils and Class III Soils rated good or very good for artichokes or Brussels sprouts? **Discussion:** The project site is not located within the Coastal Zone. **Source:** Project Location. 2.e. Result in damage to soil capability or Χ loss of agricultural land? **Discussion:** The project site is noted as being capable to support grazing. While grazing is not currently done on the site the proposed project does not impact the feasibility of this activity in the future. Source: Project Plans.

2.f.	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forestland (as defined in Public Resources Code Section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code Section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code Section 51104(g))?		X
	Note to reader: This question seeks to address the economic impact of converting forestland to a non-timber harvesting use.		

Discussion: The proposed project does not conflict with the existing zoning nor does it result in a rezoning of the parcel.

Source: Project Location, San Mateo County Zoning Regulations.

3. AIR QUALITY. Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
3.a.	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?		X		

Discussion: The project will not conflict with or obstruct the implementation of the Bay Area Air Quality Management District's (BAAQMD) 2017 Clean Air Plan (CAP), which is the regulating air quality plan for San Mateo County. During project implementation, air emissions would be generated from site grading, equipment, and work vehicles; however, any such grading related emissions would be temporary and localized. Furthermore, the project would not generate any long-term operational air quality emissions as the project proposes no new development or change in land use.

The BAAQMD provides preliminary screening criteria in their 2017 BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines to indicate whether a project would result in the generation of construction-related criteria airpollutants and/or precursors that exceed defined thresholds of significance. The proposed project, with the basic construction mitigation control measures below, meets the screening criteria indicating a less than significant impact for construction-related activities as the project does not propose any applicable land use or development exceed such criteria.

<u>Mitigation Measure 1</u>: The applicant shall submit a plan to the Planning and Building Department prior to the issuance of any grading "hard card" that, at a minimum, includes the "Basic Construction Mitigations Measures" as listed in Table 8-2 of the BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines (May 2017). These measures shall be implemented prior to beginning any ground disturbance and shall be maintained for the duration of the project activities:

- a. All exposed surfaces (e.g., parking areas, staging areas, soil piles, graded areas, and unpaved access road) shall be watered two times per day.
- b. All haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material off-site shall be covered.
- c. All visible mud or dirt track-out onto adjacent paved roads shall be removed using wet power vacuum street sweepers at least once per day. The use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.
- d. All vehicle speeds on unpaved roads shall be limited to 15 mph.
- e. Idling times shall be minimized either by shutting equipment or vehicles off when not in use or reducing the maximum idling time to 5 minutes (as required by the California Airborne Toxics Control Measure Title 13, Section 2485 of California Code of Regulations [CCR]). Clear signage shall be provided for construction workers at all access points.
- f. All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified mechanic and determined to be running in proper condition prior to operation.
- g. Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the County regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The Bay Area Air Quality Management District's phone number shall also be visible to ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

Source: BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines, May 2017; BAAQMD 2017 Clean Air Plan; Project Plans.

net increase o for which the p attainment und	mulatively considerable f any criteria pollutant project region is non- der an applicable Federal ent air quality standard?		X	

Discussion: The San Francisco Bay Area is in non-attainment for ozone and particulate matter (PM), including PM 10 (state status) and PM 2.5 (state status), including the 24-hour PM 2.5 national standard. Given the focused area of work, overall parcel size, and project scope the project would only generate minor temporary criteria pollutant emissions, which would be addressed with the implementation of Mitigation Measure 1. Therefore, construction related emissions would not result in a cumulatively considerable increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is in non-attainment under an applicable Federal or State ambient air quality standard.

Source: Project Plans; Project Location.

3.c. Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations, as defined by the Bay Area Air Quality Management District?	X
Management District?	

Discussion: There are no sensitive receptors located in close proximity to the project site nor is the project expected to result in the release of substantial pollutants.

Source: BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines, May 2017; Project Plans; Project Location.

Discussion: The project would result in short-term grading related emissions, such as fugitive dust and exhaust from construction vehicles. However, the project site is located in a remote, rural area where the closest residence is located over 1,000 feet away. Given the distance, topography of the site, and mature vegetation occurring between the two sites will be no significant impacts.

Source: Project Plans; Project Location.

4. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the project:

		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
4.a.	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		X		

Discussion: A biological assessment was completed for this project by MIG/TRA Environmental Sciences, Inc. dated March 2017. This assessment covered a project with a larger scope than what is proposed under this application. Given these potential impacts, resource protection implications, and potential zoning conflicts the larger project is no longer being pursued. However, the assessment identified nine potential impacts to biological resources.

The assessment includes the identification of seven special status animals and three special-status plants that could be supported by the project site. The identified animal species includes the California red-legged frog (*Rana draytonii*), foothill yellow-legged frog (*Rana boylii*), San Francisco garter snake (*Thamnophis sirtalis tetrataenia*), long-eared owl (*Asio otus*), and western pond turtle (*Actinemys marmorata*), steelhead salmon (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*), and coho salmon (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*). The special status plants were identified as Dudley's lousewort (Pedicularis dudleyi), white-flowered rein orchid (Piperia candida), and western leatherwood (Dirca occidentalis).

The California red-legged frog (CRLF) is a State of California Species of Special Concern and a Threatened Species at the Federal level. The pond present within the study area was identified by the biologist assessment as having the potential to support breeding habitat for California red-legged frog. The biologist also noted that CRLF may forage and disperse through the drainages on site,

and may breed in the vegetated ponds located in the vicinity. Mitigation Measures 2, 3, 10 have been added to address potential impacts.

The Foothill yellow-legged frog is a State of California Species of Special Concern. There is one record of the presence of foothill yellow-legged frog in project vicinity. However, the biologist determined that the presence of foothill yellow-legged frog is unlikely due to the lack of structural complexity and volume of water in the drainages. In addition, the biologist noted that the pond which is present within the project area does not provide suitable breeding habitat. However, compliance with Mitigation Measures 2, 3, and 10 would ensure that should the Foothill yellow-legged frog be encountered.

The San Francisco garter snake (SFGS) is a both State of California and Federal endangered species. It is known to occur in the project area and the biologist noted that there is suitable habitat present in the vegetated ponds located in close proximity to the study area. However, within the project area the biologist determined that SFGS is not expected breed or forage around the pond present on the project site due to a lack of cover around the pond. Nevertheless, the biologist did state that SFGS could disperse through the project area. Compliance with Mitigation Measures 2, 3, 6, 9, and 10 would reduce impacts to less than significant.

The long-eared owl is a California species of special concern which nests in evergreen trees and hunts over open country at night. The biologist noted that the lack of open habitat for foraging makes the project site less likely to support nesting or foraging for the long-eared owl. However, the presence of the long-eared owl is still a possibility. Compliance with Mitigation Measures 4, 5, and 9 would reduce impacts to less than significant.

The Western pond turtle is a California species of special concern. While the biologist did not observe turtles during site visits it was determined that both the pond and nearby Woodruff Creek both provide suitable habitat for the turtle. Compliance with Mitigation Measures 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 will reduce potential impacts to the Western pond turtle to less than significant.

Both Steelhead and Coho salmon are both listed as Federally threatened species. While these species would not be present on the project site these are known to occur in San Gregorio Creek. As Woodruff Creek which is present on the project site is a tributary to San Gregorio Creek. Impacts to the water quality caused by site activities could result in adverse impacts downstream to habitat which does support these species. Compliance with Mitigation Measure 9 and 10 will reduce this impact to less than significant.

In regard to the special status plants, none were observed during the biologist's site visits. However, the biologist noted that the lack of observation did not rule out the possibility of their presence on the site. Compliance with Mitigation Measures 2 and 3 will reduce this impact to less than significant.

<u>Mitigation Measure 2</u>: A CDFW approved qualified biologist shall conduct a preconstruction survey prior to any work in the spring, pond, or drainage areas, no longer than 48 hours in advance of the start of work. If work is delayed after the inspection, or if work moves to a new area, an additional pre-construction survey is required. Resumes of biologist and biological monitors shall be provided to CDFW for review and approval well in advance of project work.

<u>Mitigation Measure 3</u>: Prior to any project or construction activities, the biological monitor or qualified biologist shall conduct and education session on species that may be present at the project work site. The training shall include basic identification of the species, their basic habits, where they could be encountered in the work area, and procedures to follow if they are encountered. Any personnel joining the work crew later shall receive the same training before beginning work.

<u>Mitigation Measure 4</u>: In order to prevent noise impacts to nesting long-eared owls, heavy equipment use should be timed outside of the nesting season. If grading occurs during the nesting season of raptors and migratory birds, a focused survey for active nests must be completed by a CDFW approved/qualified biologist within 15 days prior to the beginning of the project-related

activities. Surveys will be conducted in all suitable habitat located at the project work site, in staging and storage areas, and within 1,000 feet of the project work site. If project work is halted for 15 days or more, a new survey is required. The nesting season is February 1 to September 15.

<u>Mitigation Measure 5</u>: If active nests are found, the qualified biologist shall confer with CDFW regarding the appropriate action to comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. The project may be delayed, or a buffer may be established around the nest. The results depend on the location of the nest relative to project activities, and what project activities are planned.

<u>Mitigation Measure 6</u>: Upland habitat for special status species shall be protected during construction activities. Staging areas should be established in areas already impacted by grading, and not in vegetated areas. The upper, seasonal pond near the worksite should be protected from disturbance or modification because it provides habitat for special-status species.

<u>Mitigation Measure 7</u>: Wildlife exclusion fencing should be installed around the perimeter of the pond construction area during grading activities and should be regularly inspected by a biological monitor. If any trenches or holes are dug, they should be covered at the end of each day, inspected for trapped wildlife each morning, and the length of time that they are open should be minimized. If trapped wildlife is discovered, the wildlife should be removed by the CDFW-approved biological monitor.

<u>Mitigation Measure 8</u>: Construction debris should immediately be placed in a truck or bin for removal off site, rather than piled on the ground. Piles may attract reptiles and amphibians that could then be disturbed or injured when the material is later collected. Following cabin removal, disturbed soil shall be stabilized as needed and native plants installed.

<u>Mitigation Measure 9</u>: It is recommended that the material on the slope failure be left in place and that no action be taken to remove it. Removal would cause more disturbance of the embankment and could result in adverse impacts to the creek caused by debris and soil falling into the creek channel and affecting creek flows. In addition, the debris may now provide habitat for roosting bats, reptiles, and birds. Removal of the debris may negatively impact wildlife.

<u>Mitigation Measure 10</u>: Standard Best Management Practices for erosion control and stormwater pollution prevention shall be employed during and after construction to protect water quality onsite and downstream. Stormwater management and water quality protection measures may include the use of straw wattles to catch sediment, covering stockpiles during rain events, covering exposed slopes with jute netting, and reseeding/planted graded areas. The erosion control, slope protection, or other water quality protection measures shall not include plastic/synthetic netting because it ensnares amphibians and reptiles and could impact special-status species.

Source: Project Location; Project Plans; MIG/TRA Environmental Sciences, Inc., March 2017

4.b. Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?	X		
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Discussion: Based on the biological evaluation submitted by the applicant there are springs, ponds (man-made and seasonal), drainages, and portions of Woodruff Creek present on the site. The evaluation notes that despite their presence the property does not support riparian vegetation. However, the drainages flow to Woodruff Creek, a tributary to La Honda Creek, which is a tributary to San Gregorio Creek. San Gregorio Creek is known habitat for Steelhead (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)

and coho salmon (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*) which are species listed as Federally Threatened and Federally Endangered (respectively). Demolition of the unpermitted work has the potential to impact the health of downstream waterways due to the diversion of water and potential release of sedimentation. The project will require review by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife to evaluate the stated impacts and to determine whether a streambed alteration agreement is required for the project. Further, the project will require review and permitting by the State Water Resources Control Board for consideration of a small diversion permit. In addition to these reviews the implementation of Mitigation Measure 8, 10, and the addition of Mitigation Measure 11 (below) will reduce impacts to less than significant.

<u>Mitigation Measure 11</u>: All new plantings/seeds should be comprised of native species known to occur in the surrounding natural habitat. No plants listed by the California Invasive Plant Council shall be included in the revegetation specifications. Revegetated areas should be monitored for revegetation success and kept free of non-native invasive weed species until the native vegetation has grown in and become dominant.

Source: Updated Biological Resources Evaluation, MIG/TRA Environmental Sciences (March 2017); Project Location.

2017); Project Location.					
4.c.	Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				Х
Discu	Discussion: The project site does not support wetlands.				
	Source: Project Plans; Project Location; Updated Biological Resources Evaluation, MIG/TRA Environmental Sciences (March 2017).				
4.d.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		Х		
Discu	ussion: See discussion of 4.a., above.				
	ce: Project Plans; Project Location; Updated onmental Sciences (March 2017).	l Biological Re	esources Evalu	uation, MIG/TF	RA
4.e.	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance (including the County Heritage and Significant Tree Ordinances)?		Х		

Discussion: While the project includes the removal of four significant trees their removal does not violate any local policies or ordinances. Given the overall tree canopy in the area the removal of this number of trees does not result in significant impacts. However, to ensure that the replacement trees do not inadvertently result in impacts Mitigation Measure 14 has been provided below.

Mitigation Measure 12: Any native trees removed for the project shall be replaced at a 6:1 ratio for oaks, a 3:1 ratio for other native trees, and a 1:1 ratio for non-native species. All replacement trees shall be native species found to occur in the adjacent forested areas. The bay laurel that is planned to be removed should be replaced by 3 native 15-gallon trees. The trees need to be watered the first year to ensure establishment, and monitored for survival for five years. Trees that die shall be replaced. **Source:** Updated Biological Resources Evaluation, MIG/TRA Environmental Sciences (March 2017). 4.f. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Χ Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? **Discussion:** There are no adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or any other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan which covers the subject property. Source: Project Location. Be located inside or within 200 feet of a 4.g. Χ marine or wildlife reserve? Discussion: The project parcel is not located inside or within 200 feet of a marine or wildlife reserve. **Source:** Project Location. 4.h. Result in loss of oak woodlands or other Χ non-timber woodlands?

Discussion: The subject property supports a mixed evergreen forest made up of primarily Douglas fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*), California bay (*Umbellularia californica*), coast live oak (*Quercus agrifolia*), and big leaf maple (*Acer macrophyllum*) trees. The proposed project will remediate previous development on the parcel by removing unpermitted construction and re-contouring the disturbed areas to return the area to more natural state. The project will not result in the introduction of new uses to the parcel or the construction of structures resulting in loss of oak woodlands or other woodlands.

Source: Updated Biological Resources Evaluation, MIG/TRA Environmental Sciences (March 2017); Project Plans.

5.	CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the pro-					
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
5.a.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?		Х			
Discussion: A project referral was sent to California Historical Resources Information System (File No: 18-1887). The CHRIS response noted that records show that no previous cultural resources studies had been conducted for the project area and that the site had the possibility of containing unrecorded archaeological sites. It was also recommended that the Native American Heritage Commission be contacted regarding traditional, cultural, and religious heritage values. In response a cultural resource evaluation of the property was conducted, and a report completed by Dr. Robert Cartier of Archaeological Resource Management (Cartier, 2019). The report concluded that no significant cultural materials, prehistoric or historic, were noted on the site during site reconnaissance. However, in the event resources are encountered the following mitigation measure						
A Nat negat conta	een included. tive American Heritage Commission Sacred I tive. The Commission also provided the cont act who could have knowledge of cultural reso ese tribes but to date has received no respons	tact informatio ources in the p	n for five Nativ	ve American tr	ibes to	
conce meter archa and s	ation Measure 13: In the event that prehistorentrations of shell/bone/rock/ash, etc.) are enter radius of the find should be stopped, the Conteologist retained to examine the find and masub-contractors shall be made aware of these including State Cultural Preservation laws.	countered, all ounty Planning ake appropriate	construction a Department recommend	activities withir notified, and a ations. All cor	n ntractors	
State Reso	ce: Project Location; California Historical Re of California Native American Heritage Comurce Evaluation of The Proposed Project at 7 ty of San Mateo.	mission; Carti	er, R. (2019, J	lune 3). Cultur	al	
5.b.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA Section 15064.5?				Х	
Discu	ussion: See discussion of 5.a., above.	1		1	1	
Sour	ce:					
5.c.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?		Х			

Discussion: There are no known human remains located on the site. However, in the event human remains were encountered the following mitigation measure is included.

<u>Mitigation Measure 14</u>: In the event that human skeletal remains are encountered, all work at the immediate location of the find must temporarily stop. Public Resource Code 5097 and local Health and Safety codes establish a procedure for notifying the County Coroner's Office and possibly the State Native American heritage Commission to seek recommendations from a Most Likely Descendant (Tribal Contact) before any further action at the location of the find can proceed. All contractors and sub-contractors shall be made aware of these requirements and shall adhere to all applicable laws including State Cultural Preservation laws.

Source: Project Location.

Source: Project Plans.

6.	ENERGY. Would the project:					
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
6.a.	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				Х	
Discussion: The project does not involve development which would consume or result in wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Source: Project Pans.						
6.b.	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency.				Х	
Discussion: The project does not involve elements which would conflict or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency.						

7.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS. Would the project:					
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
7.a.	Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving the following, or create a situation that results in:					

i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Note: Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42 and the County Geotechnical Hazards Synthesis Map.				X			
Discussion: The project site is not located within a required study area for earthquake fault zones. The parcel is located approximately 2.6 miles from the San Andreas fault which has experienced a rupture in the past. However, that rupture occurred further south of the project site in the vicinity of the City of Santa Cruz. Source: Project Location, State of California Department of Conservation: EZ Zapp, California							
Earthquake Hazards Zone Application.				ı			
ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?			X				
Discussion: The subject parcel is located in an area mapped for violent shaking severity. The project does not involve the construction of habitable structures and no additional or increased occupancy of the project is expected post project completion. Therefore, the project poses little risk to health and safety. Source: Project Location; Association of Bay Area Governments Resilience Program- San Mateo County Earthquake Hazard Map.							
iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction and differential settling?				Х			
Discussion: The project site is not located within failure including liquefaction and differential settlin		ified for seism	ic related grou	und			
Source: Project Location, State of California Dep Earthquake Hazards Zone Application.	artment of Co	nservation: EZ	Z Zapp, Califor	nia			
iv. Landslides?			Х				
Discussion: The project site is located in an area mapped as a landslide zone. The project does not include the construction of structures that would be susceptible to loss in the event of a landslide. Further, the proposed site alterations have been designed by a licensed civil engineer and have been reviewed and conditionally approved by the County's Geotechnical Section.							

Source: Project Location, State of California Department of Conservation: EZ Zapp, California Earthquake Hazards Zone Application.

	v. Coastal cliff/bluff instability or erosion?				Х		
	Note to reader: This question is looking at instability under current conditions. Future, potential instability is looked at in Section 7 (Climate Change).						
Discussion: The project site is not located in the vicinity of a coastal cliff or bluff. The subject property is located approximately 8.5 miles (as the crow flies) from the coast.							
Source	e: Project Location.						
7.b.	Result in substantial soil erosion or the		Х				

Discussion: The project includes approximately 3,680 cubic yards of earthwork (1,840 cubic yards of cut and 1,840 cubic yards of fill). Given the proposed earthwork and topography of the project site there is the potential for soil erosion. Therefore, the following mitigation measure has been added to reduce potential impacts to a less than significant level.

Mitigation Measure 15: Prior to commencement of the project, the applicant shall submit to the Planning Department for review and approval an erosion and drainage control plan that shows how the transport and discharge of soil and pollutants from and within the project site shall be minimized. The plan shall be designed to minimize potential sources of sediment, control the amount of runoff and its ability to carry sediment by diverting incoming flows and impeding internally generated flows, and retain sediment that is picked up on the project site through the use of sediment-capturing devices. The plan shall also limit application, generation, and migration of toxic substances, ensure the proper storage and disposal of toxic materials, and apply nutrients at rates necessary to establish and maintain vegetation without causing significant nutrient runoff to surface waters. Said plan shall adhere to the San Mateo County Wide Stormwater Pollution Prevention Program "General Construction and Site Supervision Guidelines," including:

- a. Sequence construction to install sediment-capturing devices first, followed by runoff control measures and runoff conveyances. No construction activities shall begin until after all proposed measures are in place.
- b. Minimize the area of bare soil exposed at one time (phased grading).
- c. Clear only areas essential for project activities.

loss of topsoil?

- d. Within five days of clearing or inactivity, stabilize bare soils through either non-vegetative BMPs, such as mulching, or vegetative erosion control methods such as seeding. Vegetative erosion control shall be established within two weeks of seeding/planting.
- e. Project site entrances shall be stabilized immediately after grading and frequently maintained to prevent erosion and control dust.
- f. Control wind-born dust through the installation of wind barriers such as hay bales and/or sprinkling.
- g. Soil and/or other construction-related material stockpiled on-site shall be placed a minimum of 200 feet from all wetlands and drain courses. Stockpiled soils shall be covered with tarps at all times of the year.

- h. Intercept runoff above disturbed slopes and convey it to a permanent channel or storm drains by using earth dikes, perimeter dikes or swales, or diversions. Use check dams where appropriate.
- i. Provide protection for runoff conveyance outlets by reducing flow velocity and dissipating flow energy.
- j. Install storm drain inlet protection that traps sediment before it enters any adjacent storm sewer systems. This barrier shall consist of filter fabric, straw bales, gravel, or sand bags.
- k. Install sediment traps/basins at outlets of diversions, channels, slope drains, or other runoff conveyances that discharge sediment-laden water. Sediment traps/ basins shall be cleaned out when 50% full (by volume).
- I. Use silt fence and/or vegetated filter strips to trap sediment contained in sheet flow. The maximum drainage area to the fence should be 0.5-acre or less per 100 feet of fence. Silt fences shall be inspected regularly and sediment removed when it reaches 1/3 the fence height. Vegetated filter strips should have relatively flat slopes and be vegetated with erosion-resistant species.
- m. Utilize coir fabric/netting on sloped graded areas to provide a reduction in water velocity, erosive areas, habitat protection, and topsoil stabilization.
- n. Throughout the construction period, the applicant shall conduct regular inspections of the condition and operational status of all structural BMPs required by the approved Erosion Control Plan.

Source: Project Location; Project Plans.

7.c. Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence,	X	
landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, severe erosion, liquefaction or collapse?		

Discussion: The project site is not identified as containing a geological unit that is presently unstable. However, the unpermitted site work was been compromised in certain locations. The completion of this project will address this. In addition, compliance with Mitigation Measure 15 will ensure that the completion of the project will not result in additional in soil instability.

Source: Project Location; Project Plans.

7.d.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of Uniform Building Code, creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?			x				
the pa	Discussion: The submitted soils report notes evidence that expansive soils may exist in the area of the parking pad. However, as the area in question is to be remediated, no construction of buildings is included in the project scope, and no new uses will be introduced there are no substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property.							
Sour	ce: Hartsog, C. (2013, October 13) Prelimina	ary Soils Repo	ort.					
7.e.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				Х			
other of sur	ussion: The project does not include element wastewater disposal systems. There is no in oporting a system in the future as there are ece: Project Plans, Project Location.	ndication that	the project site	e would be inc	apable			
7.f.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				Х			
Discussion: There are no known paleontological resources or sites present on the parcel. There are also no unique geological features present on the site. In the unlikely event resources are encountered adherence to Mitigation Measure 14 ensures that the project does not result in significant impacts.								
Sour	ce: Project Location; Project Plans.							

8.	CLIMATE CHANGE. Would the project:				
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
8.a.	Generate greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions (including methane), either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?		Х		

Discussion: A minor temporary increase in greenhouse gasses may occur during the construction phase. Vehicles and equipment associated with the construction phase of the project are subject to

California Air Resources Board emission standards. Although the project scope is not likely to significantly generate greenhouse gases, the following mitigation measure is recommended.

<u>Mitigation Measure 16</u>: The applicant shall implement the following basic construction measures at all times:

- a. Idling times shall be minimized either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the maximum idling time to 5 minutes (as required by the California Airborne Toxic Control Measure Title13, Section 2485 of California Code of Regulations [CCR]). Clear signage shall be provided for construction workers at all access points.
- b. All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified visible emissions evaluator.

C.	Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the lead agency regarding dust complaints. This person, or his/her designee, shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The Air District's phone number shall also be visible to ensure compliance with applicable regulations.						
Sour	Source: California Air Resources Board, San Mateo County Energy Efficiency Climate Action Plan.						
8.b.	Conflict with an applicable plan (including a local climate action plan), policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				Х		
Discussion: The project does not conflict with the San Mateo County Energy Efficiency Climate Action Plan provided that the mitigation measure outlined in Section 8.a, above is implemented. Source: San Mateo County Energy Efficiency Climate Action Plan.							
8.c.	Result in the loss of forestland or conversion of forestland to non-forest use, such that it would release significant amounts of GHG emissions, or significantly reduce GHG sequestering?				Х		
Discussion: The proposed project does meet the definition for forestland but as the project proposes only to remediate the site and does not involve the introduction of new uses or construction of buildings. While there is some minor tree removal associated with the project the canopy remains generally intact and therefore not result in a release of significant amount of GHG emission or significantly reduce GHG sequestering. Trees will be replaced in accordance with Mitigation Measure 12 to ensure the replanting does not result in impacts to the existing trees. Source: Project Plans.							
8.d.	Expose new or existing structures and/or infrastructure (e.g., leach fields) to accelerated coastal cliff/bluff erosion due to rising sea levels?				Х		

Discussion: The project area is not located in a coastal cliff/bluff area. The project site is approximately 8.5 miles (as the crow flies) from the nearest coastal cliff/bluff and not at risk due to sea level rise. Source: Project Location. Χ 8.e. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving sea level rise? **Discussion:** See discussion under 8.d, above. **Source:** Project Location Place structures within an anticipated 8.f. Χ 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map? Discussion: The project parcel is not located in such an area and does not include the construction of structures. The project site is located within a Flood Zone X (Areas with minimal risk outside the 1-percent and .2-percent-annual-chance floodplains. No base flood elevations or base flood depths are shown within these zones.); Community Panel No. 06081C0405E, effective October 16, 2012. **Source:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, Flood Map Service Center. 8.g. Place within an anticipated 100-year Χ flood hazard area structures that would impede or redirect flood flows? **Discussion:** See discussion under 8.f., above. **Source:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, Flood Map Service Center.

9. **HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.** Would the project: Potentially Less Than Significant Significant Unless Significant No **Impacts** Mitigated **Impact Impact** 9.a. Create a significant hazard to the public Χ or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials (e.g., pesticides, herbicides, other toxic substances, or radioactive material)?

Discussion: No transport of hazardous materials is associated with this project.

Source: Project plans.

or the e foresee tions in	a significant hazard to the public environment through reasonably able upset and accident condi- volving the release of hazardous Is into the environment?				Х		
Discussion: The project does not involve the use of hazardous materials which could create a significant hazard to the public or the environment. Source: Project Plans.							
hazardo materia one-qua	zardous emissions or handle ous or acutely hazardous ls, substances, or waste within arter mile of an existing or ed school?				Х		
Discussion: The project site is not within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school. The project does not involve elements which would emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances or waste. Source: Project Location.							
on a list compile Section it create	ted on a site which is included of hazardous materials sites of pursuant to Government Code 65962.5 and, as a result, would a significant hazard to the public environment?				X		
Discussion: T	he project site is not located on a l	ist of hazardo	us materials si	tes.			
Source: Proje	ct Location; California Department	of Toxic Subs	tances Contro	l.			
land use not bee public a in a safe	roject located within an airport e plan or, where such a plan has n adopted, within 2 miles of a irport or public use airport, result ety hazard or excessive noise for residing or working in the project				Х		
Discussion: The project site is not located within an airport land use plan area or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport.							
Source: Project Location.							

9.f.	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				Х			
Discussion: The proposed remediation measures are to take place completely on a privately-owned parcel and entirely within the parcel boundaries. The proposed project does not result in the construction of buildings or introduce a new use to the site. Given this there is no expected impact to any emergency response or evacuation plan.								
Sourc	e: Project Location; San Mateo County Off	ice of Emerge	ncy Services.					
9.g.	Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?			х				
wildlar which compl	Discussion: The subject parcel is located in a State Responsibility Area mapped as high risk for wildland fires. The proposed project does not introduce a new use or the construction of structures which would expose people or structures to loss, injury, or death. A review of the project was completed by Cal-Fire, the San Mateo County Fire Authority, and was conditionally approved.							
Sourc	e: Project Location; Cal-Fire, California Fire	e Hazard Seve	erity Zone Map).				
9.h.	Place housing within an existing 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				Х			
Discussion: The project does not involve the construction of housing and the project site is not located within a 100-year Flood Hazard Boundary. The project site is located within a Flood Zone X (Areas with minimal risk outside the 1-percent and .2-percent-annual-chance floodplains. No base flood elevations or base flood depths are shown within these zones.); Community Panel Nos. 06081C0384E and 06081C0405E, effective October 16, 2012.								
Sourc	e: Project Location; Federal Emergency Ma	anagement Ag	jency, Flood M	/lap Service C	enter.			
9.i.	Place within an existing 100-year flood hazard area structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				Х			
Discu	ssion: See 9.h., above.							
	Source: Project Location; Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Flood Map Service Center.							
9.j.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				Х			

Discussion: The project site is not located within a mapped flood area or within the vicinity of a levee or dam inundation area.					
Source: Project Location; FEMA, Flood Map Service Center.					
9.k. Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?			Х		
Discussion: The project parcel is not located in a mapped tsunami inundation area. Nor is the project parcel located in an area subject to seiches or mudflows.					
Source: Project Location.					

10. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would the project:

		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
10.a.	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality (consider water quality parameters such as temperature, dissolved oxygen, turbidity and other typical stormwater pollutants (e.g., heavy metals, pathogens, petroleum derivatives, synthetic organics, sediment, nutrients, oxygen-demanding substances, and trash))?			X	

Discussion: The project will return the previously graded slopes to contours which are consistent with the natural topography of the site. The project will also ensure that unstable areas are stabilized which will help to address the release of sedimentation from erosion of the graded slopes. The project does not involve elements which would result in the discharge of waste water.

Source: Project Plans.

10.b. Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?			Х
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Discussion: The project does not include a new use which would draw on groundwater supplies nor does it include development which could interfere with groundwater recharge or management.

Source: Project Plans.

10.c. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner that would:				
 Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site; 				X
Discussion: The project does not include the crepropose the alteration of the course of a stream of Source: Project Plans.		npervious surf	aces and does	s not
 Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site; 				Х
Discussion: The project will remove unpermitted natural landforms of the site. The project does not surfaces or structures which could increase the resource: Project Plans.	ot include the in	troduction of	new imperviou	
Source. Froject Flans.	T			
 iii. Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or 				X
Discussion: The project does not include the co surface areas. The completed project will utilize t area.				
Source: Project Plans.				
iv. Impede or redirect flood flows?				Х
Discussion: The parcel is not located in an area event of a flood, the project does not introduce de flows.		•		•
Source: Project Location; Project Plans.				
10.d. In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?				Х
Discussion: See discussion under 9.h9.j., abor	ve.			
Source: Project Location; FEMA, Flood Map Sei	vice Center.			

	Х	
	X	
asures included, no deg ed project.	radation of su	rface or
		Х
iveway located within th	e project area	but this
i i	asures included, no deged project. rious surface. It does inveway located within the project area have been	asures included, the project is not expity control plan or sustainable grounds X asures included, no degradation of sured project. rious surface. It does include the reloveway located within the project area project area have been designed to ut

11.	11. LAND USE AND PLANNING. Would the project:				
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
11.a.	Physically divide an established community?				Х
Discussion: The project does not include development which would physically divide an established community. The site remediation is limited to the project site.					
Sourc	e: Project Location.				
11.b.	Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				Х

Discussion: The proposed project will remediate work done without the benefit of permits. Once completed the site will not conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect.

Source: Project Plans; San Mateo County General Plan; San Mateo County Zoning Regulations.

11.c. Serve to encourage off-site development of presently undeveloped areas or increase development intensity of already developed areas (examples include the introduction of new or expanded public utilities, new industry, commercial facilities or recreation activities)?			X
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Discussion: The proposed project is to remediate unpermitted work and does not result in the development of structures or the introduction of new uses which could serve to encourage off site-development of presently undeveloped areas or increase development intensity of already developed areas.

Source: Project Location.

12. MINERAL RESOURCES. Would the project:

		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
12.a.	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State?				Х

Discussion: There are no known mineral resources identified on the project parcel.

Source: Project Location, San Mateo County General Plan.

12.b. Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?

Discussion: There are no locally important mineral resource recovery site(s) delineated on the County's General Plan, any specific plan, or any other land use plan for the project site.

Source: Project Location; San Mateo County General Plan; San Mateo County Zoning Regulations; San Mateo County Local Coastal Program.

		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
13.a.	Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				Х
gradin which projec	ission: During project construction, excessing and excavation activities. However, the plimits the days and hours of construction releases its is not expected to generate noise.	roject is subje ated activities	ct to the Coun	ty's Noise Ord	dinance
Sourc	ce: Project Plans, San Mateo County Noise (Ordinance.	T	T	T
13.b.	Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?				Х
groun	Ission: There are no aspects of the project d-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levene: Project Plans.		lude generatio	on of excessive	e
13.c.	For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport, exposure to people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				Х

Source: Project Location.

14.	POPULATION AND HOUSING. Would th	e project:			
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
14.a.	Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				Х
more i	ssion: The project involves only the remed natural state. This work is limited to within the elements which would induce population ge: Project Plans; Project Location.	he boundaries			
14.b.	Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				Х

15. PUBLIC SERVICES. Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered government facilities, the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

Source: Project Plans.

		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
15.a.	Fire protection?				Х
15.b.	Police protection?				Х
15.c.	Schools?				Х
15.d.	Parks?				Х
15.e.	Other public facilities or utilities (e.g., hospitals, or electrical/natural gas supply systems)?				Х

Discussion: There are no anticipated impacts to public services as the project does not result in the construction of any buildings and does not introduce new uses to the site.

Source: Project Plans; Project Location.

Increase the use of existing

neighborhood or regional parks or

RECREATION. Would the project:

16.

16.a.

. • •	reaction would allo project				
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

Χ

other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

Discussion: All of the proposed improvements are to occur completely on the subject privately owned parcel. Given that the project does not include the construction of buildings or other

owned parcel. Given that the project does not include the construction of buildings or other structures used for habitation, there is no expected significant increase in the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities that would result in physical deterioration of any such facility as a result of completion of the project.

Source: Project plans, Project Location.

16.b. Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?		X
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Discussion: The project does not include the recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities.

Source: Project Plans.

17. **TRANSPORTATION**. Would the project: Potentially Significant Less Than Significant Unless Significant No **Impacts** Mitigated **Impact Impact** 17.a. Conflict with a program plan, ordinance Χ or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and parking?

Discussion: As mentioned previously, the proposed project elements are limited to the subject parcel. Therefore, there is no conflicts with a program plan, ordinance, or policy which involves transit, roadways, parking, or bicycle and pedestrian facilities. Source: Project Plans; Project Location. Χ 17.b. Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, Subdivision (b) Criteria for Analyzing Transportation Impacts? Note to reader: Section 15064.3 refers to land use and transportation projects, qualitative analysis, and methodology. Discussion: California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines Section 15064.3 establishes a new method for analyzing certain transportation impacts created by a proposed project. Under the new requirements, circulation impacts must be analyzed based on vehicle miles traveled (VMT). For a land use project, if the estimated VMT exceeds an established threshold of significance, then it could be a significant impact. Each Lead Agency is responsible for establishing their own thresholds of significance and has until July 1, 2020 to do so. At this time, San Mateo County has not adopted VMT thresholds of significance, but the responsible County departments (Public Works and Planning) are working on this threshold with the aim of adopting a threshold by the required deadline. Until such time as the required threshold is established, the County's existing standard of analysis (Level of Service) is the applicable standard of review. Given the limited project scope and duration the project is not expected to result in significant levels of traffic. Source: Staff Analysis. Substantially increase hazards due to a Χ geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)? **Discussion:** There are no such features included in the project scope. Source: Project Plans. Χ 17.c. Result in inadequate emergency access? Discussion: The project including access to the site has been reviewed by and received conditional approval from Cal-Fire, the County's Fire Authority. Source: Project Plans.

18.	TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES. Wou	ıld the project:			
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
18.a.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code Section 21074 as either a site, feature, place or cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:				
	 Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k) 				Х
	ssion: See discussion under question 5.a., e: Project Location.	above.			
	ii. A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in Subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. (In applying the criteria set forth in Subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.)				X

19.	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. W	ould the proje	ct:		
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
19.a.	Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or stormwater drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?				Х
which suppo	ssion: The project does not include the cor requires or results in the relocation or const rt the parcel. e: Project Plans.				
19.b.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				Х
	ssion: See discussion of 19.a., above e: Project Plans.				
19.c.	Result in a determination by the waste- water treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				Х
the pro the pro water suppo	ssion: The project does not include element oject site is not located in an area which is subject site be developed in the future its developed treatment system. However, there is no induct a system as they are present on properties.	erved by a mulo lopment would ication that the	ınicipal provide d be depender	er. Therefore, nt on an onsite	should waste
Sourc	ee: Project Location; Project Plans.	Τ			
19.d.	Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				X
Discu	ssion: The project does not include a use v	which would g	enerate solid v	waste.	•

33

Source: Project Plans.

19.e.	Comply with Federal, State, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				Х
Discu	ssion: See discussion of 19.a19.e., above	e.			
Sourc	ce: Project Plans.				
20.	WILDFIRE. If located in or near state resp hazard severity zones, would the project:	oonsibility area	as or lands cla	ssified as very	/ high fire
		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
20.a.	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				Х
State's project	Discussion: The project site is located in an area designated as a "High Fire Hazard Risk" on the State's Fire Hazard Severity Zone Maps. The project site is accessed via existing roadways. The project scope is limited to the project parcel and does not require the closure of any public roads which could impact an emergency response or evacuation plan.				
Sourc	ce: Project Plans, Project Location.				T
20.b.	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?				Х
	ssion: The project aims to return the site to			•	anent
	ures or permanent occupants after project co	ompletion incl	uded with the	project scope.	
Sourc	ce: Project Plans; Project Location.	T	T	T	
20.c.	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				X
condit and w drivew	ission: The project was reviewed by CAL-Fional approval. Given that the proposed profill not have any permanent occupants CAL-layay access and does not require the installate: Project Location; Project Plans.	ject does not Fire was satisf	include the co	nstruction of burrent conditio	uildings

20.d. Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?		X	
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Discussion: The project will return the altered topography to a more natural configuration and remove the unpermitted structures constructed on the site. As proposed and mitigated, there is no expectation that downstream of downslope flooding or landslides would occur as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes.

Source: Project Plans; Project Location.

21. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE.

		Potentially Significant Impacts	Significant Unless Mitigated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
21.a.	Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?			X	

Discussion: While the project could result in significant impacts to special status species and potentially sensitive habitats, mitigation measures have been included to reduce those impacts to less than significant levels. Further, as the project will remove unpermitted work returning and is focused on only a small portion of the parcel the ability to result in substantial impacts is negligible.

Source: Project Plans; Project Location.

21.b.	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable.		Х
	projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects.)		

Discussion: The proposed project will remove unpermitted improvements from the project site and return it to a more natural state. This work is focused and the majority of the parcel will go

undisturbed. While mitigation measures have been included in the project these are to provide protections to ensure that the property's condition and resources are maintained. There is no						
expect	expectation that the project either contributes to or creates any cumulative impacts.					
Sourc	e: Project Plans; Project Location.					
21.c.	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		X			
Discussion: See discussion of 21.a. and 21.b.						
Source: Project Plans; Project Location.						

RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES. Check what agency has permit authority or other approval for the project.

AGENCY	YES	NO	TYPE OF APPROVAL
Bay Area Air Quality Management District		Х	
Caltrans		Х	
City		Х	
California Coastal Commission		Х	
County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC)		Х	
Other: San Gregorio Creek Watermaster	Х		Water Rights Allocation
Regional Water Quality Control Board		Х	
San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission (BCDC)		Х	
Sewer/Water District:		Х	
State Department of Fish and Wildlife	Х		Streambed Alteration Agreement
State Department of Public Health		Х	
State Water Resources Control Board	Х		Small Domestic Use Registration
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (CE)		Х	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)		Х	
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service		Х	

MITIGATION MEASURES		
	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
Mitigation measures have been proposed in project application.	X	
Other mitigation measures are needed.		Х

The following measures are included in the project plans or proposals pursuant to Section 15070(b)(1) of the State CEQA Guidelines:

<u>Mitigation Measure 1</u>: The applicant shall submit a plan to the Planning and Building Department prior to the issuance of any grading "hard card" that, at a minimum, includes the "Basic Construction Mitigations Measures" as listed in Table 8-2 of the BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines (May 2017). These measures shall be implemented prior to beginning any ground disturbance and shall be maintained for the duration of the project activities:

- a. All exposed surfaces (e.g., parking areas, staging areas, soil piles, graded areas, and unpaved access road) shall be watered two times per day.
- b. All haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material off-site shall be covered.
- c. All visible mud or dirt track-out onto adjacent paved roads shall be removed using wet power vacuum street sweepers at least once per day. The use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.
- d. All vehicle speeds on unpaved roads shall be limited to 15 mph.
- e. Idling times shall be minimized either by shutting equipment or vehicles off when not in use or reducing the maximum idling time to 5 minutes (as required by the California Airborne Toxics Control Measure Title 13, Section 2485 of California Code of Regulations [CCR]). Clear signage shall be provided for construction workers at all access points.
- f. All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified mechanic and determined to be running in proper condition prior to operation.
- g. Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the County regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The Bay Area Air Quality Management District's phone number shall also be visible to ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

<u>Mitigation Measure 2</u>: A California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) approved qualified biologist shall conduct a preconstruction survey prior to any work in the spring, pond, or drainage areas, no longer than 48 hours in advance of the start of work. If work is delayed after the inspection, or if work moves to a new area, an additional pre-construction survey is required. Resumes of biologist and biological monitors shall be provided to CDFW for review and approval well in advance of project work.

<u>Mitigation Measure 3</u>: Prior to any project or construction activities, the biological monitor or qualified biologist shall conduct and education session on species that may be present at the project work site. The training shall include basic identification of the species, their basic habits, where they could be encountered in the work area, and procedures to follow if they are

encountered. Any personnel joining the work crew later shall receive the same training before beginning work.

<u>Mitigation Measure 4</u>: In order to prevent noise impacts to nesting long-eared owls, heavy equipment used should be timed outside of the nesting season. If grading occurs during the nesting season of raptors and migratory birds, a focused survey for active nests must be completed by a CDFW approved/qualified biologist within 15 days prior to the beginning of the project-related activities. Surveys will be conducted in all suitable habitat located at the project work site, in staging and storage areas, and within 1,000 feet of the project work site. If project work is halted for 15 days or more, a new survey is required. The nesting season is February 1 to September 15.

<u>Mitigation Measure 5</u>: If active nests are found, the qualified biologist shall confer with CDFW regarding the appropriate action to comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. The project may be delayed, or a buffer may be established around the nest. The results depend on the location of the nest relative to project activities, and what project activities are planned.

<u>Mitigation Measure 6</u>: Upland habitat for special status species shall be protected during construction activities. Staging areas should be established in areas already impacted by grading, and not in vegetated areas. The upper, seasonal pond near the worksite should be protected from disturbance or modification because it provides habitat for special-status species.

<u>Mitigation Measure 7</u>: Wildlife exclusion fencing should be installed around the perimeter of the pond construction area during grading activities and should be regularly inspected by a biological monitor. If any trenches or holes are dug, they should be covered at the end of each day, inspected for trapped wildlife each morning, and the length of time that they are open should be minimized. If trapped wildlife is discovered, the wildlife should be removed by the CDFW-approved biological monitor.

<u>Mitigation Measure 8</u>: Construction debris should immediately be placed in a truck or bin for removal off site, rather than piled on the ground. Piles may attract reptiles and amphibians that could then be disturbed or injured when the material is later collected. Following cabin removal, disturbed soil shall be stabilized as needed and native plants installed.

<u>Mitigation Measure 9</u>: It is recommended that the material on the slope failure be left in place and that no action be taken to remove it. Removal would cause more disturbance of the embankment and could result in adverse impacts to the creek caused by debris and soil falling into the creek channel and affecting creek flows. In addition, the debris may now provide habitat for roosting bats, reptiles, and birds. Removal of the debris may negatively impact wildlife.

<u>Mitigation Measure 10</u>: Standard Best Management Practices for erosion control and stormwater pollution prevention shall be employed during and after construction to protect water quality onsite and downstream. Stormwater management and water quality protection measures may include the use of straw wattles to catch sediment, covering stockpiles during rain events, covering exposed slopes with jute netting, and reseeding/planted graded areas. The erosion control, slope protection, or other water quality protection measures shall not include plastic/synthetic netting because it ensnares amphibians and reptiles and could impact special-status species.

<u>Mitigation Measure 11</u>: All new plantings/seeds should be comprised of native species known to occur in the surrounding natural habitat. No plants listed by the California Invasive Plant Council shall be included in the revegetation specifications. Revegetated areas should be monitored for

revegetation success and kept free of non-native invasive weed species until the native vegetation has grown in and become dominant.

<u>Mitigation Measure 12</u>: Any native trees removed for the project shall be replaced at a 6:1 ratio for oaks, a 3:1 ratio for other native trees, and a 1:1 ratio for non-native species. All replacement trees shall be native species found to occur in the adjacent forested areas. The bay laurel that is planned to be removed should be replaced by 3 native 15-gallon trees. The trees need to be watered the first year to ensure establishment, and monitored for survival for five years. Trees that die shall be replaced.

<u>Mitigation Measure 13</u>: In the event that prehistoric traces (human remains, artifacts, concentrations of shell/bone/rock/ash, etc.) are encountered, all construction activities within a fifty-meter radius of the find should be stopped, the County Planning Department notified, and an archaeologist retained to examine the find and make appropriate recommendations. All contractors and sub-contractors shall be made aware of these requirements and shall adhere to all applicable laws including State Cultural Preservation laws.

<u>Mitigation Measure 14</u>: In the event that human skeletal remains are encountered, all work at the immediate location of the find must temporarily stop. Public Resource Code 5097 and local Health and Safety codes establish a procedure for notifying the County Coroner's Office and possibly the State Native American heritage Commission to seek recommendations from a Most Likely Descendant (Tribal Contact) before any further action at the location of the find can proceed. All contractors and sub-contractors shall be made aware of these requirements and shall adhere to all applicable laws including State Cultural Preservation laws.

Mitigation Measure 15: Prior to commencement of the project, the applicant shall submit to the Planning Department for review and approval an erosion and drainage control plan that shows how the transport and discharge of soil and pollutants from and within the project site shall be minimized. The plan shall be designed to minimize potential sources of sediment, control the amount of runoff and its ability to carry sediment by diverting incoming flows and impeding internally generated flows, and retain sediment that is picked up on the project site through the use of sediment-capturing devices. The plan shall also limit application, generation, and migration of toxic substances, ensure the proper storage and disposal of toxic materials, and apply nutrients at rates necessary to establish and maintain vegetation without causing significant nutrient runoff to surface waters. Said plan shall adhere to the San Mateo County Wide Stormwater Pollution Prevention Program "General Construction and Site Supervision Guidelines," including:

- a. Sequence construction to install sediment-capturing devices first, followed by runoff control measures and runoff conveyances. No construction activities shall begin until after all proposed measures are in place.
- b. Minimize the area of bare soil exposed at one time (phased grading).
- c. Clear only areas essential for project activities.
- d. Within five days of clearing or inactivity, stabilize bare soils through either non-vegetative BMPs, such as mulching, or vegetative erosion control methods such as seeding. Vegetative erosion control shall be established within two weeks of seeding/planting.
- e. Project site entrances shall be stabilized immediately after grading and frequently maintained to prevent erosion and control dust.

- f. Control wind-born dust through the installation of wind barriers such as hay bales and/or sprinkling.
- g. Soil and/or other construction-related material stockpiled on-site shall be placed a minimum of 200 feet from all wetlands and drain courses. Stockpiled soils shall be covered with tarps at all times of the year.
- h. Intercept runoff above disturbed slopes and convey it to a permanent channel or storm drains by using earth dikes, perimeter dikes or swales, or diversions. Use check dams where appropriate.
- i. Provide protection for runoff conveyance outlets by reducing flow velocity and dissipating flow energy.
- j. Install storm drain inlet protection that traps sediment before it enters any adjacent storm sewer systems. This barrier shall consist of filter fabric, straw bales, gravel, or sand bags.
- k. Install sediment traps/basins at outlets of diversions, channels, slope drains, or other runoff conveyances that discharge sediment-laden water. Sediment traps/ basins shall be cleaned out when 50% full (by volume).
- I. Use silt fence and/or vegetated filter strips to trap sediment contained in sheet flow. The maximum drainage area to the fence should be 0.5-acre or less per 100 feet of fence. Silt fences shall be inspected regularly and sediment removed when it reaches 1/3 the fence height. Vegetated filter strips should have relatively flat slopes and be vegetated with erosion-resistant species.
- m. Utilize coir fabric/netting on sloped graded areas to provide a reduction in water velocity, erosive areas, habitat protection, and topsoil stabilization.
- n. Throughout the construction period, the applicant shall conduct regular inspections of the condition and operational status of all structural BMPs required by the approved Erosion Control Plan.

<u>Mitigation Measure 16</u>: The applicant shall implement the following basic construction measures at all times:

- a. Idling times shall be minimized either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the maximum idling time to 5 minutes (as required by the California Airborne Toxic Control Measure Title13, Section 2485 of California Code of Regulations [CCR]). Clear signage shall be provided for construction workers at all access points.
- All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified visible emissions evaluator.
- c. Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the lead agency regarding dust complaints. This person, or his/her designee, shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The Air District's phone number shall also be visible to ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

DETER	VINATION (to be completed by the Le	ead Agency).			
On the basis of this initial evaluation:					
		NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and e prepared by the Planning Department.			
X	ment, there WILL NOT be a significa	ject could have a significant effect on the environant effect in this case because of the mitigation en included as part of the proposed project. Α ΓΙΟΝ will be prepared.			
	I find that the proposed project MAY ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPOR	have a significant effect on the environment, and an RT is required.			
		(Signature)			
Septe	ember 30,2020	Planner III			
Date		(Title)			
ATTACH	MENTS:				
Site Plan					
Project P	lans				
Biologica	l Resources Evaluation				
ACC:cmc	ACC:cmc - ACCEE0373_WCH.DOCX				