

OAK WOODLAND

OAK WOODLAND BINGO

Let's play BINGO!

There are all sorts of cool organisms in an oak woodland- luckily, many of our parks include this ecosystem! Keep your eyes peeled while exploring and try to find three in a rowacross, down, or diagonal!

DID YOU KNOW? The most common oak in our oak woodlands is the coast live oak, with thick, spiky leaves.







OAK WOODLAND

SENSE EXPLORATION

Part of being a Junior Ranger is exploring your parks- but there's more than one way to explore! For this activity, explore by your sense of touch, smell, sound, and sight.

emploid by your boiled of to deline, small, and eight.	
Touch	Smell
What does the air feel like? Is it warm or kind of cold? Is there wind? Is	Walk up carefully to a plant (make sure it isn't poison oak or stinging
the air humid?	nettle!). Take a deep sniff. What does it smell like?
Many animals rely heavily on their sense of touch- especially the ones	Some animals use smell to communicate, like when animals mark
underground! They use touch to move and feed.	territory by peeing. Gross, but the smell says stay out!
Sight	Sound
Look around you. What is the most common color you see? Can you	Close your eyes and cup your hands behind your ears, so that your
find anything with the same color as your clothes? What is it?	ears are facing forward. What do you hear?
Some animals blend in, or camouflage, to their surroundings to hide.	You've made your ears in the shape of a deer, or a cat, or, well, many
Uthare want to be easil for example, come incaste dicular vibrant	animals! The more cup-shaped your ear, the more sound gathers into
Others want to be seen! For example, some insects display vibrant	
colors to showcase they are poisonous- predators, beware!	the cup shape and into your ear, so the better you hear.

TRY IT: Be a deer! Find a spot where you camouflage and cup your hands around your ears. Be on alert for any predators!



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ID A TREE

Test your skills of deduction to identify leaves of a nearby tree in the park using the following key!

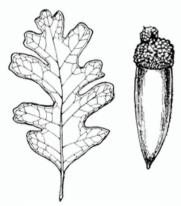
- 1. Does your leaf have **lobed** edges (like an earlobe)?
 - a. If no, go to #2.
 - b. If yes, it may be a VALLEY OAK
- 2. Are the leaves grouped in a **palmate** pattern
 - (like fingers on a hand)?
 - a. If no, go to #3.
 - b. If yes, it may be a CALIFORNIA BUCKEYE

- 3. Does your leaf have **serrated** edges (like a knife)?
 - a. If no, go to #4.
 - b. If yes, it may be a COAST LIVE OAK
- 4. Is the shape of your leaf lanceolate
 - (elongated and pointed at both ends)?
 - a. If no, it is a MADRONE
 - b. If yes, it may be a CALIFORNIA BAY

CALIFORNIA BAY



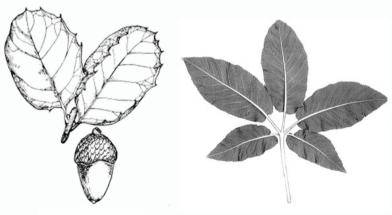
VALLEY OAK



MADRONE



COAST LIVE OAK CALIFORNIA BUCKEYE



If your tree is not one of these you can use plantID.net to try to identify your leaf!